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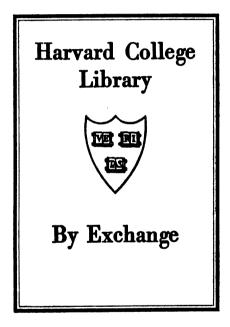
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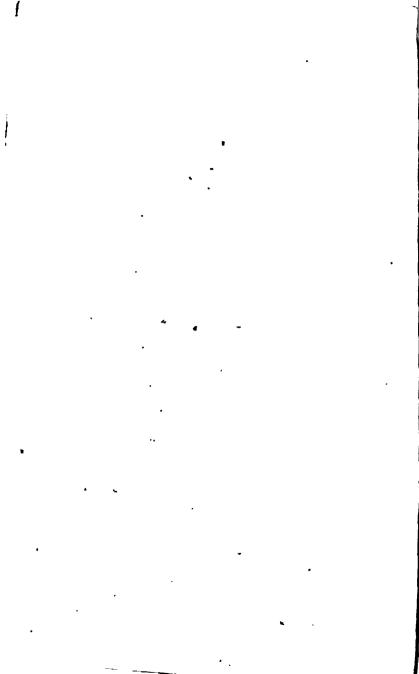
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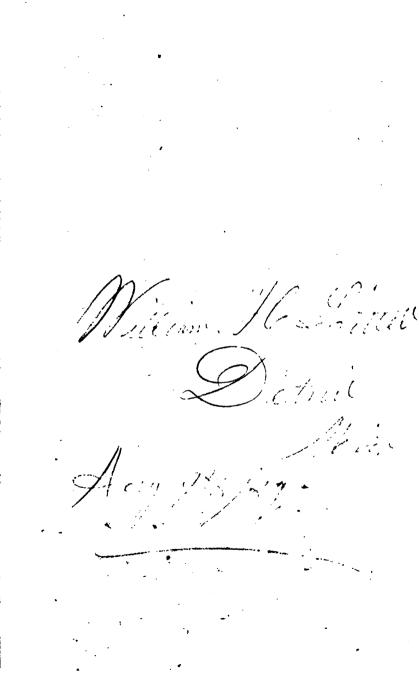
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# A PRACTICAL

# SYSTEM OF BOOK-KEEPING

BY

# SINGLE AND DOUBLE ENTRY:

CONTAINING

FORMS OF BOOKS AND PRACTICAL EXERCISES,

ADAPTED TO THE USE OF

THE FARMER, MECHANIC, MERCHANT, AND PROFESSIONAL MAN.

#### TO WHICH IS ADDED

A VARIETY OF USEFUL FORMS FOR PRACTICAL USE, VIZ.: NOTES, BILLS, DRAFTS, RECEIPTS, RTC., ETC.: ALSO, A COMPENDIUM OF RULES OF EVIDENCE APPLICABLE TO BOOKS OF ACCOUNT, AND OF LAW IN REFERENCE TO THE COLLECTION OF PROMISSORY NOTES, ETC.

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LEVI 8. FULTON AND GEO. W. EASTMAN, authors of a complete system of permanship.

SEVENTH EDITION, REVISED.

### NEW YORK:

PUBLISHED BY A. S. BARNES & CO., 51 & 53 JOHN STREET.

SOLD BY BOOKSELLERS, GENERALLY, THROUGHOUT THE UNITED STATES.

1858.

BOOK-KEEPING BLANKS, *MATLY BULED ON FINE PAPER, AND FUT UP IN THE MOST CONVENIENT FOR USE : ADAPTED TO FULTON AND EASTMAN'S BOOK-KREPTNS. 1. ACCOUNT BOOK FOR THE FARMER. One book, price 124 of 1. DAY-BOOK AND LEDGER FOR THE MECHANIC. Two books. for the Set, 25 cts. 11. DAY-BOOK, JOUENAL, AND LEDGER FOR THE MERCHANT. books. Price for the Set, 374 cts. The use of the above Blank Books will be found very import sounds, according to FULTON and EASTMAN'S System of Book-keeping counts, according to FULTON and EASTMAN'S System of Book-keeping Persons sending for these Blanks will please specify in their the number they want of each kind Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year Eighteen Hundred and Ff BY A. S. BARNES & COMPANY, The Clerk's Office of the District Court of the United States for the Sc District of New York.	The second se	
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## INTRODUCTION.

BOOK-KEEPING is a mercantile term, used to denote the method of keeping accounts of all kinds, in such a manner that a person may at any time know the true state of his affairs.

Every person, engaged in business for himself, should keep a book of some kind in which to record all his business transactions. The day-laborer, the farmer, and the mechanic, should keep an account with every person with whom they deal. No one should trust transactions of a pecuniary nature to his memory alone.

The merchant, who is incompetent to keep a full and accurate record of his business transactions, or neglects to do it, must abandon all claims to the confidence which he might desire others to repose in him; all hope of success in the accumulation of property; and forego all peace of mind, which he might otherwise enjoy in the prosecution of his business.

How would economy and real enterprise be promoted—how much disaffection and contention among neighbors, and how many vexatious lawsuits would be avoided, if every one would keep a true account with every person with whom he transacts business!

Book-keeping should be more extensively taught in our schools. Among the many books already published on this subject, none are well adapted to, and very few, if any, are intended for, the use of common schools. Hence, this important study is almost entirely neglected by those who attend such schools only, and pursued by but few who attend those of a higher grade.

Many, indeed, think that the study of Book-keeping is useless, unless pursued in the counting-room, or in connection with the actual business of buying and selling. This is a great mistake. Book-keeping is one of the most important branches of study that can be pursued by those of suitable age and attainments in our schools of every grade. It is a highly important branch of female education, and should be ranked next in the course of study, and next in importance, to reading, writing, and arithmetic. As well might a person postpone the study of arithmetic, until he has occasion to cast the interest on a note, or to use a knowledge of figures for any other purpose, as to defer the study of Book-keeping till he has the cares of actual business on his mind. In fact, while the pupil is pursuing this study, he is applying the principles of arithmetic in a most practical manner. He is gaining discipline of mind—as much, at least, as by any other study. He is learning to spell the names of a great many articles in commerce, which would not otherwise come under his notice. He is, or may be, improving his style of penmanship, especially when, as in this work, all the items, which he is required to copy, are printed in a beautiful script type. By taking such a view of the subject, we are led unhesitatingly to assert, that the schoolroom is the place to study Book-keeping; and with a suitable teacher and text-book, a thorough knowledge of it can be obtained there.

Such a text-book the Authors confidently believe they now submit to the public.

The work is divided into three parts. Part First embraces three forms, or methods, of keeping accounts, adapted to the use of particular classes of individuals, and suited to the different capacities of students.

After each form is a practical exercise, designed to test the learner's knowledge of the form he has just passed through, and which cannot fail to give as thorough and practical a knowledge of Book-keeping as could possibly be obtained in a counting-room.

The following are some of the advantages of the "Merchants' Form" over that generally used by them, where the Journal is a mere copy of the Day-Book or Blotter, and where each entry, or all those on the same page of the Journal, are separately posted :

It saves more than one-third of the writing in journalizing. It saves at least three-fourths the labor in posting. It requires but twelve lines in the Ledger to post a year's business, while in the ordinary way as many pages may be necessary. In settling with a person at the end of a year, you have only to refer back to twelve places in the Journal to show him all the items of his account, whereas in the ordinary manner of keeping books you might have to refer to five hundred.

Other advantages might be named, but these are deemed sufficient to mention here.

Part Second contains a clear and comprehensive exposition of the principles of Double Entry, exemplified in two sets of books, the second of which is peculiarly adapted to a retail business; and as double entry is the only method that can be relied on for accuracy, it is confidently believed that this form of books, when known, will be generally adopted by that class of merchants for whom it is designed.

The Third Part was prepared by a member of the bar, and the authorities consulted, and from which the

rules here laid down were collected (in addition to the reports of our Supreme Courts), are Story's, Chitty's, and Byle's elaborate and scientific treatises upon bills and notes.

This part consists of rules of evidence and general rules of law, in relation to bills of exchange, promissory and chattel notes, checks, books of account, &c., together with a large number of forms useful to all classes of business men; such as bonds, deeds, mortgages, bills of sale, powers of attorney, bills of exchange, notes, receipts, &c., &c.

The necessity of a work of this kind to persons having any thing to do with notes or bills, is manifest.

Thousands of dollars have been lost and squandered in litigation, simply from an ignorance of the meaning and effect of a single word contained in a promissory note; and thousands, too, have been wasted through ignorance, on the part of business men, of some of the plainest rights and duties of the parties to such a note.

A knowledge of a tenth part of the law in reference to notes and bills would have saved many a man from bankruptcy and poverty.

The obligations of the different parties to a note or a bill are here clearly explained, so that a person with this book can easily ascertain his rights and duties, as drawer, accepter, indorser, indorsee, payee, &c., of a bill of exchange or a promissory note.

The rules in reference to chattel notes and books of account will also be very useful to the business man, especially the farmer and mechanic.

With these explanatory remarks the authors cast this work into that mighty stream issuing from the press, believing that it is not so trashy as to float with its froth, nor so incomprehensibly profound as to sink in its mire.

ROCHESTER, January, 1851.

# TO THE PUPIL.

As you begin this study, let it be your fixed determination to excel. A good knowledge of the principles of Book-keeping, and skill to apply them in real business, will be the most effectual means which you can employ to gain a ready passport to respectable and lucrative situations. Such acquirements, with diligence, perseverance, fidelity, and an uncompromising integrity, will be your most valuable capital.

1. Be careful to spell all your words correctly; mistakes here will awaken suspicions that you are careless in other respects.

2. Cultivate a legible and elegant style of penmanship. This work is prepared with special reference to this, as every thing which you are required to copy furnishes a specimen for your imitation in the art of penmanship.

3. Make yourself familiar with the most concise, perspicuous, and business-like forms of expression in recording all your transactions.

4. Do every thing with the same attention to accuracy, neatness, and order, as would be important in actual business. It is only in this way, that you will be sure to orm correct business habits.

5. When you enter upon business, see that your books are kept up promptly with all the transactions of the establishment, and that they contain, in sufficient detail, a plain and truthful record of all your pecuniary affairs.

### COMMERCIAL ABBREVIATIONS.

The following is a list of the abbreviations used in this work, and those commonly used in Book-keeping :

AcctAccount.	HhdHogshead.
AgtAgent.	I. BInvoice Book.
AmtAmount	InstInstant.
@At.	IntInterest.
BalBalance.	LabLabor.
BblBarrel.	LbsPounds.
B. BBill Book.	LedLedger.
Bk. BBank Book.	Ŭ.
BlkBlack.	ManufgManufacturing.
BotBought.	MdseMerchandise.
B. PBill of Parcels.	Mos
BroBroad.	NoNumber.
BrotBrought.	0
BushBushel.	OzOunce.
C. BCash Book.	PaytPayment.
CoCompany.	PdPaid.
ComCommission.	PerBy.
CrCreditor.	PrPair.
C. S. BCommission Sales Book.	PsPieces.
CtsCents.	
CwtHundred Weight.	QrsQuarters.
DftDraft.	RecdReceived.
DisctDiscount.	Recyble,Receivable.
Do. or Ditto The same.	RendRendered.
Doz Dozen.	
DrDebtor.	S. BSales Book.
DsDays.	ShiptShipment.
E. E Errors Excepted.	SksSkeins.
ExchExchange.	SpsSpools.
, v	ThdThread.
GallGallon.	
GroGross.	UltUltimo.
HdkfHandkerchief.	YdsYards.
	l

# PART FIRST.

# FORM FOR FARMERS.

THIS Form requires but one book, in which two pages opposite each other are appropriated for each individual account. The name of the person should be written in a bold hand at the top of the page, and the letters Dr. at the right of the name on the left-hand page, and Cr. at the right of the name on the right-hand page. Each page should be divided by perpendicular lines into five spaces, the first for the month, the second for the day of the month, the third for the items, the fourth and fifth for dollars and cents. Whenever you trust the person with any thing, the date, name, and value of the thing should be placed on the left-hand or debit page; and whenever he pays or trusts you with any thing, the date, name, and value in dollars and cents should be placed on the right-hand or credit page of his account.

For example, if, on the first day of January, 1848, you sell I. H. Jameson five bushels of wheat at one dollar and twentyfive cents a bushel, and on the fifteenth day of February following he pays you four dollars; on the fourth day of March you sell him twelve pounds of butter at fifteen cents per pound, eighteen pounds of cheese at eight cents per pound, and ten bushels of oats at thirty-one cents per bushel; and on the first day of May he pays you cash five dollars,—the entries would be as follows:

Isaac H. Jameson Dr 1818 Ian. 1 To 5 Bush. Wheat 1.25 25 11 12 lbs. Butter 80 Mar. Å 15 11 18 11 Cheese 11 h h 11 10 Bush. Oats 11 10

All the accounts should be kept in the above manner, and on the first day of January, or of some other month, in each year, should be settled, and the book balanced.

In settling with a person, if he pays you in cash, or gives you his note to balance his account, give him credit accordingly. If you pay him cash, or give him your note to balance, charge him accordingly. If the account is not balanced by cash paid, or note given, it should be done by giving the person credit, or charging him with enough to balance it. For instance, if you find that he is owing you, give him credit for the amount "By Balance," and charge the same to him in the new account. If, on the other hand, you find that you are owing him, make him debit for the amount "To Balance," and credit him with the same in the new account.

The first account on the following pages is with a merchant, and is explained on the same pages.

The second is an account with a dealer in boots and shoes, and kept in the same manner as the one with the merchant. You find, on settlement, that he owes you four dollars and twelve cents. You then give him credit "By Balance" for that amount; and after adding up the columns, and drawing the lines as before directed, you make him debtor "To Balance" in a new account opened on the same page.

The third is an account with a day-laborer. On settlement, you find that you owe him thirteen dollars and fifty-two cents, which you pay in cash, and balance the account accordingly.

The fourth is an account with a harness-maker. On settlement, you find that you owe him seventeen dollars and ten

Isaac H. Jameson 15 By Cash 00 00

cents, for which you give him your note payable in six months, and balance the account accordingly.

The fifth is an account with a hired man. On settlement, you find that you owe him forty dollars and sixty-nine cents, of which you pay in cash fifteen dollars and sixty-nine cents, and give your note for twenty-five dollars, due in three months, and balance the account accordingly.

The sixth is an account with a blacksmith. On settlement, you find that you owe him five dollars fifty-four cents, which you pay in cash, and balance the account accordingly.

The seventh is an account with a merchant tailor. On settlement, you find that you owe him four dollars and seventyeight cents, which you pay in cash, and balance the account accordingly.

The eighth is an account with a corn-field, containing five acres. It is made debtor for every expense incurred, such as manuring, plowing, harrowing, cultivating, planting, seed, hoeing, harvesting, threshing, marketing, and interest on the value of the land, and is credited for what the crop produces. The difference between the Dr. and Cr. sides of the account shows, of course, the gain or loss on the crop. The balance of this account shows a profit of, forty-seven dollars fifty cents on five acres of corn.

The ninth is an account with Pork, and is made Dr. for every expense incurred, from the purchase of the hogs to the marketing, and is credited for what the pork produces. The balance of this account shows a profit of thirteen dollars thirty-four cents in fattening five hogs. The tenth is an account with a wheatfield, containing ten acres. It is made Dr. for every expense incurred, from breaking up the ground to marketing, and Cr. for what it produced. The balance of this account shows a profit of seventy dollars twenty-two cents on ten acres of wheat.

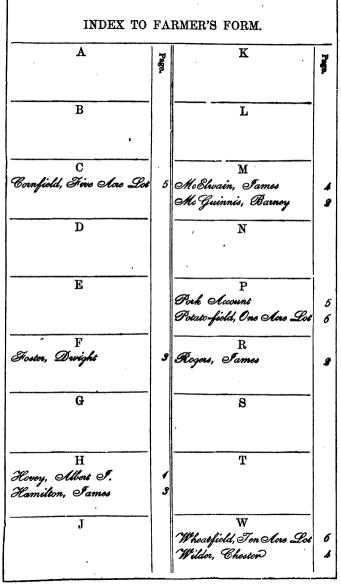
The eleventh is an account with a potato-field, containing one acre. It is made Dr. for every expense incurred, from preparing the ground to marketing, and Cr. for what the crop produced. The balance of this account shows a profit of eighty-eight dollars fifty cents on one acre of potatoes.

The Farmer may keep an account with Cash on the same plan as the accounts on the preceding pages, by heading the account Cash, and making it Dr. To the person of whom, or thing for which it was received; and Cr. By the person to whom, or thing for which it was paid. If he has the curiosity to know exactly what he is making or losing by raising any particular crop, he may open an account with the field in which it is to be raised, making the field Dr. for the labor of plowing, dragging, sowing, harvesting, threshing, marketing, &c., and Cr. for what it produces; the difference will show his gain or loss.

In like manner, he may open an account with his farm, making it Dr. for all he puts on, such as horses, cattle, sheep, hogs, fowls, farming utensils, seed, labor, &c., and Cr. for all it produces, or that is taken off; the difference will show the gain or loss in carrying on his farm.

As soon as an account is opened in this form, the name and page on which it may be found should be entered in the index, so that it may more readily be referred to.

After becoming familiar with the foregoing instructions, the learner may next proceed to copy the accounts on the following pages into his blank book, leaving the balancing entries until he has added the debtor and credit columns, and subtracted the least from the greatest. Then, if he is right, he may make the balancing entries, and close the accounts. Always use a ruler in drawing the balancing lines, and exercise some taste in doing it neatly.



ŀ

Albert I. Hovey Dı. 1848 3 To & Conds Wood San. 2.00 16 00 2 Jons Har 11 11 7.50 00 15 Hal. 11 10 Bush. Apples .25 50 Mar. 18 11 Clover Seed 00 Apr. 9 Dox. Eggs " .10 90 5 Us. Butter 11 30 11 .15 75 8 Wooks Pasturing Cow 28 Tuns 11 .25 00 11 6 do. Horsel 11 do. .38 28 30 11 14 Dox. Eggs 11 .08 12 8 Us. Butter Oct. 16 11 .13 0\$ Cash to Balance Dec. 31 11 24 83 78

The foregoing account is with a merchant. On the lefthand page he is debited with every thing you have let him have, and on the right-hand page he is credited for every thing you have purchased of him. On the 31st day of December, 1848, you wish to settle this account, which is done in the following manner.

In the first place you add the sums in the money columns of the debit side of the account, and find they amount to forty-six dollars and fifty-nine cents, which is the sum total of all that you have let him have. You next add the sums in the money columns of the credit side, and find they amount to seventy-eight dollars and eighty-three cents, which is the

Albert I. Hovey 1848 5 By 2 Yds. Broadcloth San. 5.00 00 10 " Trimmings for Coat 11 11 2 19 11 11 2 Brooms .18 36 11 20 lbs. Sugar Feb. .10 00 '' '' 1 '' Young Hyson Tea 18 '' 1 '' Salvatus ,, RR Mar. 06 11 11 1 11 Ginger 11 12 11 11 1 Cloves 13 .50 1 11 17 Yds. Sheeting .13 21 2 " Linen 11 11 11 .75 50 29 11 20 lbs. Candles .12 40 4 11 2% Yds. Cafsimor 8.00 50 " " Bill of Goods for Sames 81 3 11 24 Us. Sugar .09 16 2 11 Tea Sept. 14 11 .75 50 Oct. 16 11 10 11 Coffee .12 20 4 " Bill of Crockery 88 Dec. 83 78

value of all the articles you have purchased of him. You then subtract the forty-six dollars and fifty-nine cents, the amount you have let him have, from the seventy-eight dollars and eighty-three cents, the amount purchased of him, and find the difference to be thirty-two dollars and twenty-four cents, which is the amount you owe him. You then pay him this amount, and enter it on the debit side of his account, "To Cash to Balance." The debit and credit sides will now foot alike. You next draw single lines opposite each other under these columns, and after adding and placing the amount under them, you draw double lines to signify that the two sides are balanced and closed.

2 Iames Rogers Di. 1848 15 To 5 Bush. Wheat Ian. 1.12 5 60 29 11 1 Jon Hary 8 11 00 4 11 36 lbs. Ham Mar. .07 52 2 Apr. 14 11 8 Bush. Oats .38 3 0.4 27 11 1 Cord Wood 11 50 May 11 8 lbs. Butter 1 .15 20 June 30 " 5 Bush. Polators .38 90 Aug. 16 11 6 Dox. Eggs .10 60 28 11 32 Us. Cheese Oct. .07 24 Dec. 20 1 1 Hids 78 lbs. .05 3 90 30 50 Dec. 30 To Balance 1 12 Barney Mc Guinnis Dı. 1848 Feb. 8 To 2 Bush. Wheat 24 1.12 20% Us. Pork 11 .08 64 11 11 Apr. 11 1 Bush. Corn 63 1 × 11 Beans 11 11 1.00 50 11 May 8 11 1 Pig 75 11 11 Plowing Gardon 75 11 7 11 3 Yds. Gray Cloth .75 June 2 25 11 11 Cash 11 3 00 9 " & Weeks Pasturing Cow Sept. .25 00 16 11 2 Bush. Wheat Oct. 1.00 00 Nov. 13 " 4 lbs. Button .13 52 30 11 Cash to Balance Dec. 52 13 80 28

Cr. Iames Rogers 1848 4 By 1 Pr. Fins Served Boots Tan. 1 Oby 1 Tr. Some Summer States Fiel. 12 11 1 11 Stoga Boots for Sames 1.75 San. 6 00 50 2 11 11 2 11 Boots for Boys 3 50 27 " Mending Boots for Sames Mar, 75 31 11 1 Pr. Woman's Boots for Julia 11 50 Fune 19 11 1 11 Morocco Shoes 25 July 8 11 Monding 24 11 1 Pr. Gaiter Boots 9 11 1 11 Fine Boots for Sames 1.3 11 2 00 Oct. 4 00 Nov. 13 11 1 1 Fine Brogans 2 00 25 11 1 11 Pumps for James Dec. 75 30 11 Balance 11 4 12 30 50 Barney Mc Guinnis Cı. 1848 Feb. 8 By Cutting & Cords Wood .38 3 04 3 Day's Lab. Sawing Wood Mar. 1 11 .75 2 25 Apr. 8 11 4 do. do. Drawing Manure . 75 3 00 11 24 11 6 do. do. Building Wall May 29 11 2 do. do. Hooing Com .75 4 50 1 50 .75 
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3 Dwight Foster Dı. 1848 Mar. 4 To 3 Uds. Gray Cloth 25 .75 2 2 Days Work with Team 1.50 Apr. 28 11 3 00 Aug. 5 Us. Fine Wool .38 5 11 90 11 11 Cash 11 00 25 14 " & Bush. Apples Oct. .25 2 00 " 26 11 1 Jon Hary 6 00 Nov. 4 Bush. Corn in the Ear 11 11 .25 00 " " 1 Load Straw 11 00 1 Dec. 2 Cords Wood 8 11 2.00 00 4 30 11 my Note at 6 months to Balance 11 17 10 63 25 James Hamilton Dı. 1848 Rogers Feb. 12 To 1 Pr. Stoga Boots 2 50 Monding Boots Mar. 27 11 75 Apr. 15 Cash 11 00 5 Mary " Bill of Goods from Hover's 4 81 31 " Making Suit Clothes by Wildow 15 11 8 00 July 3 11 Cash 10 00 " Horse & Carriage 1 day 11 11 50 1 Rogers 1 Pr. Fine Boots Oct. 11 9 4 00 Wildor 11 11 1 Overcoat 11 14 00 1 Leather Trunk Foster Nov. 30 11 8 00 1 Pr. Pumps Dec. Rogers 25 11 75 1 11 30 11 Cash 15 69 11 my Note at 3 months to Balance 11 11 25 00 128 00

Dwight Foster Cr. 1848 San. 22 By 1 Brafs Placed Single Harnes 30 00 Apr. 28 11 1 Pr. Breast Straps 00 2 Hame Straps 11 11 11 .25 50 June 8 11 Repairing Harness 2 00 19 " Saddle, Bridle & Martingals Aug. 16 00 16 11 1 Pr. Collars Oct. 00 4 1 " Halions 11 11 11 75 30 11 1 Leather Trunk for Samos Nov. 8 00 63 25 2 Iames Hamilton/ Cı. 1848 1 By 4 Month's Labor May 9.00 36 00 do. July 31 do. 10.00 11 2 20 00 do. do. Dec. 30 11 6 12.00 78 00 128 00

4 James McElwan Dı. 1848 Aug. 14 To 1 Jon Hay 00 8 11 5 Cords Wood Oct. 20 2.00 10 00 Nov. 15 11 & Bush. Wheat 1.12 48 4 11 11 16 11 Oats .38 08 11 6 3 11 Com 86 11 .62 11 11 21 11 1 Day's Work with Team Dec. 50 30 " Cash to Balance ,, 54 5 37 **£**6 Chester Wilder Dı. 1848 Mar. 15 To 1 Cord Wood 00 2 Apr. 8 11 6 lbs. Button .15 90 June 22 11 1 Bbl. Flour 00 6 11 11 Cash 11 50 23 11 % Ton Hay Non. 8.00 00 11 11 1 Hog 249 lbs. Doc. .04 96 30 " Cash to Balance 78 11 38 11

Cr. James McElwain/ 1848 8 By 1 Lumber Sleigh San. 28 00 " Shoeing Horse 11 00 9 11 Setting 1 Shoe Feb. 13 11 1 Large Clovis Apr. 15 00 Mary 4 11 2 Hoes 00 .50 June 3 11 Sharpening Coller 13 " Shooing Horses 11 11 75 5 " Setting Wagon Tire elug. 00 " Mending Chain 11 13 11 Sept. 9 " Froning Whippletrees 50 Nov. 18 " 14 Us. Gate Hinges 82 13 97 **Å**6 Chester Wilder Cı. 1848 1 By Making Coat Feb. 00 Mar. 16 11 Cutting 2 Pr. Pants for Boys . 19 38 11 11 1 Satin Vest 11 00 May 15 " Making Suit of Clothes for Sas. È 00 9 11 1 Overcoat for Tames Oct. 14 00 18 " Cutting 2 Coats for Boys .38 76 11 Dec. 25 11 1 Pr. Cafsimor Pantaloons 6 00 38 11

5 Comfield, Five Acre Lot' Dr. 1848 May 1 Manuring 5 Acres 10 00 2.00 To 3 Do. Lab. Plowing 6 00 11 3 2.00 do. Harrowing 11 2.00 2 00 4 11 11 do. Furnowing 11 1.50 2 25 5 11 1% 11 1 Bush. Seed Corn 75 11 6 11 1.00 4 Ds. Lab. Planting 3 00 " 11 11 .75 Cultivating June do. 61 6 11 1.50 00 \$ 11 75 11 do. Hooing first time 11 11 5 .75 3 11 July 8 do. Plowing 3 A 50 11 1.50 11 3 75 do. Hoving second time . 75 " 11 11 5 11 Sept. do. Cutting up Corn 3 00 5 11 4 11 .75 do. Husking Nov. .75 12 00 1 11 16 " do. Drawing in 2.00 4 00 11 11 11 2 " do. Threshing, Sc. Dei. 14 2 25 3 11 11 .75 Marketing 4 00 do. 11 11 2.00 11 8 11 Int. on Land, 5 acres @ \$50=250 .7 50 11 15 11 17 " Profit on the Crop 50 11 11 47 132 25 Park Account Dı. 1848 Oct. 35 15 To 5 Hogs, weight 1,187 lbs. .9 61 " 75 Bush. Corn .50 37 50 11 11 Nov. 13 " Cash Pd. for grinding 30 Bush. .5 50 " Butchering and Marketing Dee. 00 17 5 " Profit on fattoning Pork 11 11 12 34 95 91

 $\mathscr{C}^{5}_{\iota}$ . Cornfield, Five Acre Lot 1818 4 By 56 Bush. Ears Soft Corn . 12% Oct. 00 11 163 do. do. for home use 11 .25 40 75 11 Nov. 11 Cornstalks 10 1 00 " Cash for 2 Loads Pumpkins .75 " 11 50 1 " 1 6 Loads Pumpkins for home use .50 ,, 3 00 14 " Cash for 140 Bush. Corn/ Dec .50 00 70 132 25 Pork Account Cr. 1848 16 By 672 lbs, Pork for Family use Dec. .5 33 60 58 " Cash for 1,167 lbs. Pork 35 .5 11 17 91 95 25 B

Wheatfield, Ten Acre Lot Dr. 1848 16 To 7 Do. Lab. Plowing 2.00 14 00 June 11 do. Harrowing 2.00 00 19 11 2 11 4 Sept. 6 11 6 do. Cultivating 12 00 // 2.00 21 88 " " 17% Bush. Seed Wheat " 1.25 " 11 1 Ds. Lab. Sorving 00 11 1 " " Lab. Furrowing and Ditching 11 k 00 1849 Aug. 9 11 Harvesting 10 Acres 00 1.50 15 " Labor Drawing into Barn 00 11 15 6 Sept. " Threshing 200 Bush. Wheat 28 .7 14 00 .3 Oct. 15 11 Marketing 200 do. 6 00 do. " Wear of Implements 11 11 00 2 11 " Int. on 10 acres @ \$50 per acre=500 .7 11 35 00 " Profit on 10 Acres Wheat " 11 70 22 205 10 Potato-field, One Acre Lot Dı. 1848 May 1 To 1 Do. Lab. Plowing & Harrowing 2 00 2 11 12 Bush. Potatoes for Seed 11 50 .37% " 2 Do. Lab. Planting 11 11 1.00 00 June do. Plowing 20 11 // 50 11 11 11 2 do. Hosing 00 // 1.00 July Plowing 7 11 1 11 do. 50 Sept. 15 " Digging and Covering 00 5 1849 Mar. 17 11 3 Do. Lab. Marketing 00 2.00 6 11 " Profit on one Acres of Potatoes 88 50 113 00

26

Cr. Wheatfield, Ten Acre Lot 1849 Oct. 5 By 15 Bush. Wheat for Family use 1.00 00 15 " Cash for 85 Bush. Wheat 90 10 11 11 1.06 11 do. for 100 15 do. " " 1.00 100 00 205 10 Potato=field, One Acre Lot Cı. 1348 15 By Cash for 12 Bush. Polatoes Sept. .25 3 00 " 25 Bush. Small Potatoes .20 11 5 00 1810 Cash for 300 Bush. Potatoes .35 Mar. 17 11 105 00 113 00 27

## PRACTICAL EXERCISES.

### FARMER'S FORM.

On the following pages will be found a Memorandum of the business transactions for the year 1850, which the learner may arrange in his blank book in the same manner as the accounts on the preceding pages. The names are not given, but the occupation, as merchant, blacksmith, shoemaker, tailor, &c. The learner may substitute for these the names of persons with whom he is acquainted, following these occupations. The price per yard, ounce, pound, ton, day, month, pair, piece, &c., is given, leaving the amount to be extended by the learner. He may also substitute the abbreviations, wherever they can be, in place of the whole word.

The accounts to be opened in this set are with a merchant, shoemaker, blacksmith, tailor, harness-maker, hired man, neighbor, cornfield, and wheatfield; and if the transactions are properly disposed of, the balances will show that I am indebted as follows:—To the shoemaker, \$8.20; the hired man, \$82.31; the harness-maker, \$19.00; the blacksmith, \$9.00; the merchant, \$5.25. The tailor owes me \$11.09; my neighbor owes me \$1.25. Profit on 10 acres of corn, \$79.83; do. on 15 acres of wheat, \$185.08.

In addition to the above, the learner may open accounts with different fields of grain and other crops; and if he is a farmer, let him get the facts of actual experiments as near as possible, and see what branch of husbandry is the most profitable.

### MEMORANDUM FOR 1850.

### JANUARY

5th. Sold the tailor 2 cords of wood, at \$2.12\frac{1}{2}. Bought of the shoemaker 2 pair of stoga boots, at \$2.50. 14th. Bought of the tailor 1 pair of pantaloons for my hired man, at \$6.00. 15th. Sold the shoemaker 3 cords of maple wood, at \$2.00, and bought of him 1 pair of woman's boots, at \$1.50. 19th. The tailor has

cut a pair of pantaloons for me, at 25c., and a coat at 50c. 28th. Sold the harness-maker 1 ton of hay at \$8.00, and bought of him 1 single harness at \$20.00.

### FEBRUARY

9th. Drew wood for my neighbor to-day with my team, at \$1.50. 16th. Bought of the shoemaker 2 pair of children's shoes, at 75c., and had a pair mended, at 25c. 20th. Paid my hired man, cash, \$5.00. 23d. Sold the shoemaker half a ton of hay, at \$7.00, and half a bushel of beans, at \$1.00. 25th. My hired man has lost 2 days time, at 50c. 28th. The tailor has made a vest for me, at \$1.50.

### MARCH

9th. Worked for the blacksmith  $1\frac{1}{4}$  days with my team, at \$1.50. 16th. The blacksmith mended my hay-knife, at 25c. Bought of the merchant 30 yards of Brown Factory, at 10c., and half a dozen spools of white thread, at 62c. 23d. Bought 1 lb. Young Hyson tea at 75c., and sold him  $1\frac{1}{2}$  tons of hay, at \$8.00. 25th. Sold the harness-maker 25 bundles of rye straw, at 4c., and he has repaired my harness, at \$4.00.

### APRIL

6th. Sold the blacksmith 9 pounds of butter, at 14c. 15th. My neighbor has plowed for me 1 day with his team, at \$1.50. The blacksmith has ironed my whippletrees, at \$1.25, and sharpened my colter, at 12c. 18th. Sold the blacksmith 5 bushels of potatoes, at 50c. 23d. The shoemaker has tapped my boots, at 50c.

### MAY

1st. Bought of the blacksmith 1 large clevice, at \$1.13, and plowed the shoemaker's garden, at \$1.00. 4th. Finished plowing cornfield to-day, 7 days, with team, at \$2.00. 5th. Planted corn 1 day for my neighbor, at 75c. 7th. Sold the tailor 4 bushels of potatoes, at 31c., and 5 lbs. of butter, at  $12\frac{1}{2}c$ . Labored 2 days harrowing cornfield, at \$2.00, and 2 days furrowing cornfield, at \$1.50. 8th. Planted in cornfield 2 bushels of seed corn, at \$1, and finished planting cornfield, eight days, at

\$1.00. 14th. My neighbor let me have 25 bushels of potatoes, at 30c. 15th. Bought of the merchant three yards of black cassimere, at \$1.50, 25 pounds of sugar, at 9c., one pound of Young Hyson tea, at 75c.; and sold him 15 pounds of butter, at  $12\frac{1}{2}c.$ , and nine dozen of eggs, at 10c. 31st. Bought of the harness-maker one saddle, at \$14.00, and paid\_him cash \$10.00.

### JUNE

1st. Bought of the shoemaker 2 pair of Morocco buskins, at \$1.25. 6th. My neighbor has hoed corn for me, 3 days, at 75c. 8th. Cultivated cornfield eight days, with horse, at \$1.50, and finished hoeing cornfield, twelve days, at \$1.00. 9th. Blacksmith has repaired my wagon, at \$3.25, and shod two horses, at \$1.00. 15th. Bought of the shoemaker 1 pair of gaiter boots, at \$2.25. 21st. Sold the blacksmith 12 pounds of butter, at  $12\frac{1}{2}c$ . 22d. Finished plowing wheatfield, fifteen acres, ten days, at \$2.00. 25th. Sold the merchant 15 bushels of oats, at 30c., and gave my hired man an order on him for goods, \$18.50. 26th. Finished harrowing wheatfield, three days, at \$2.00.

### JULY

1st. Sold the merchant 8 pounds of butter, at  $12\frac{1}{2}c.$ , and bought of him 1 pound of Young Hyson tea, at 75c., 2 gallons of molasses, at 44c., and ten yards of calico, at  $12\frac{1}{2}c.$  2d. Bought of the shoemaker one pair of fine boots, for my hired man, at \$4.50. 4th. Paid my hired man cash, on account, \$10.00. 5th. Finished plowing cornfield, five days, at \$1.50. 15th. Bought of the blacksmith one hay-rake, at \$8, and he has mended my pitchfork, at 13c. 24th. Drew hay, with team for my neighbor, one day, at \$1.50. 31st. Sold the blacksmith one ton of hay, at \$6.00.

### AUGUST

3d. The blacksmith has set my wagon tire, at \$1.25, and made a linchpin, at 13c. Sold the merchant two tons of hay, at \$6.00. 24th. Paid the shoemaker cash, on account, \$5.00, and sold him a calf-skin weighing 10<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> pounds, at 10c.

### SEPTEMBER

2d. Bought of the blacksmith one pair of small clevice, at \$1.25, ard he has set one shoe, at 12c. 4th. Bought of the merchant 15 pounds of nails, at 6c., and sold him four bushels of apples, at 25c., and five pounds of butter, at 14c. 5th. Sold my neighbor eight bushels of seed wheat, at \$1.25. 14th. Finished cutting up corn in cornfield, nine days, at \$1.00. Labored with team on wheatfield, cultivating, ten days, at \$2.00. Sowed 26 bushels of seed wheat, at \$1.25. Labor, furrowing, and ditching, \$5.00. Two days' labor, sowing, at \$1.00. 18th. Sold the blacksmith one cord of wood, at \$2.00.

## OCTOBER

5th. Sold the merchant 12 bushels of corn, at 50c., and bought of him a bill of goods amounting to \$15.94. The blacksmith has ironed a lumber wagon for me, at \$22.00, and made a neck yoke, at \$1.25. My neighbor has threshed for me two days, at 75c. Pastured the shoemaker's cow six weeks, at 25c., and bought of him two pair of boys' boots, at \$2.00. 12th. Sold my hired man  $2\frac{3}{4}$  yards of yray cloth, at 75c. 17th. Threshed for my neighbor two days, at 75c. 18th. Sold the tailor 36 pounds of pork, at 8c. 19th. The tailor has made a pair of pantaloons for my hired man, at \$1.00.

### NOVEMBER

2d. Measured out of the products of my cornfield, for home use, 74 bushels of ears of soft corn, at 13c.; 315 bushels of ears of sound corn, at 25c.; cornstalks, \$25.00; pumpkins, at \$5.00. 8th. Sold the blacksmith two bushels of turnips, at 25c. 9th. Labored in cornfield, husking, forty days, at \$1.00; five days with team, drawing in, at \$2.00. 13th. Bought of the merchant 1 umbrella, at \$1.50, 5 pounds of coffee, at 14c., and 10 pounds of cotton batting, at 10c.; and sold him 15 bushels of potatoes, at 25c., and 20 bushels ears of corn, from cornfield, at 25c. 15th. Bought of neighbor one barrel of salt, at \$1.25. 22d. The blacksmith has shod for me one pair of horses, at \$2.00. Sold the tailor half a ton of hay, at \$8.00. 25th. Sold the blacksmith 12 bushels of ears of corn, from cornfield, at 25c.

29th. Sold the tailor three bushels of wheat, at \$1.25. Paid my hired man, cash, \$8.00. Bought of the shoemaker one pair of fine boots, at \$4.50.

## DECEMBER

2d. Sold the blacksmith five barrels of cider, at \$1.25. 5th. Bought of blacksmith 28 pounds of gate hinges, at 12c. 7th. Sold the shoemaker one cord of wood, at \$2.25. 11th. Sold the tailor 6 yards of gray cloth, at 56c., and 14 pounds of lard, at 7c. 14th. Labored threshing corn, from cornfield, seven days, at \$1.00. 16th. Received cash for one hundred bushels of corn, at 50c. 18th. Bought of the merchant 24 yards of cassimere, for my hired man, at \$1.25, and 8 pounds of crushed sugar for myself, at 13c. Sold him two cords of body maple wood. at \$2.50. The blacksmith has sharpened and set 6 shoes on my horses, at  $12\frac{1}{2}c$ . The tailor has cut for me 2 pair of pantaloons, at 25c., and one vest, at 25c. Bought of the shoemaker one pair of stoga boots, for my hired man, at \$2.50. Sold the blacksmith 4 cords of wood, at \$2.25, and 8 bushels of oats. at 31c. 25th. Bought of the merchant 2 gallons of molasses, at 44c., 5 pounds of raisins, at 13c., and 5 pounds of rice, at 6c. 30th. Received cash for 80 bushels of corn, at 56c. 31st. Received cash for 52 bushels of corn, at 56c. Marketing 232 bushels of corn. at 3c. My hired man has worked for me 8 months at \$13.00, and 4 months at \$10.00. Int. on cornfield land, 10 acres, at \$50.00 per acre, at 7 per cent.

To close the account with wheatfield, it will be necessary to trespass a little on the year 1851.

August 13th. Harvesting 15 acres, at \$1.25. 24th. Drawing it into the barn, \$10.00. October 19th. Threshing 346 bushels of wheat, at 7c. Reserved 46 bushels for home use, at \$1.00. 26th. Sold, for cash, 85 bushels of wheat, at \$1.25. November 15th. Sold, for cash, 100 bushels of wheat, at \$1.13. 18th. Sold, for cash, 80 bushels of wheat, at \$1.06. 22d. Sold, for cash, 35 bushels of wheat, at \$1.00. Marketing 300 bushels of wheat, at 3c. Interest on 15 acres of land, at \$50.00 per acre, at 7 per cent.

## FORM FOR MECHANICS.

THE books, necessary in this form are the Day-book and Ledger. A Cash-book may be kept or not, at the option of the Book-keeper.

The DAY-BOOK is a book in which all business transactions should be recorded at the time and in the order in which they occur. It is divided by perpendicular lines into seven spaces. The month occupies the first space; the day of the month, the second; the name of the person and the transaction, the third; the value of the items, in dollars and cents, the fourth and fifth; and their sum total, the sixth and seventh.

If, for example, on the first day of January, 1848, you sell Benjamin Hamilton the following articles :--One brass plated single harness for thirty dollars, one pair of halters for one dollar and seventy-five cents, and one riding bridle for one dollar and fifty cents--your Day-book entry would be as follows:

Lyons, January 1st, 1848.

San.	1 Benjamin Hamilton / Dr. To 1 Brafs P. S. Harnefs '' 1 Pr. Halters '' 1 Riding Briddet	1	00 75		25
	" I Riding Bridle	1	50	33	25

If you had purchased the same articles of Hamilton, all the difference in the entries would have been this: after the name on the first line, in the place of Dr. you should have written Cr.; and on the next line, in the place of To you should have written By.

Whenever it is necessary to repeat the date, or the word To or By, it may be done by placing two dots (thus, ") under the date or word to be repeated. One line should be left between every two entries.

The LEDGER is a book to which each person's account is transferred from the Day-book, and arranged on a page by itself. The name of such person should be written in a bold hand at the top of the page, with Dr. on the left and Cr. on the right.

Each page of the Ledger should be divided, by a double perpendicular line, into two equal parts; the one for the debtor, and the other for the creditor side of the account. Each of these parts should also be divided by perpendicular lines into six spaces; the first space for the month, the second for the day of the month, the third for the items, the fourth for the page of the Day-book on which the original entries were made, and the fifth and sixth for dollars and cents.

The first account to be opened in the Ledger is that of the person whose name stands first in the Day-book. As soon as it is opened it should be entered in the Alphabet.

The ALPHABET, or INDEX, is a small book in which are arranged, in alphabetical order, the names of all persons having accounts in the Ledger, together with the pages on which such accounts are entered.

POSTING BOOKS in this form, is collecting and transferring each person's account from the Day-book to its appropriate page in the Ledger. The entries recorded in the Day-book should be posted in the order in which they occur; that is, the first entry should be the first posted, and the second entry **next**, and so on until they are all posted.

Whenever there is more than one article charged or credited to an individual on the same page of the Day-book, the several sums should be added, and the amount entered in the Ledger, *To*, or *By Sundries*; but when there is but one article so charged, or credited, it may be specified in the Ledger.

On the first page of the Day-book you will find the name of Isaac H. Jameson, the first recorded. He is there, on the first day of January, 1848, made debtor for one set of double harness at twenty-six dollars, and one pair of halters at one dollar and seventy-five cents, the sum total is twenty-seven dollars seventy-five cents-on the second page, 13th day of January, for one halter strap at thirty-one cents, and mending tug thirteen cents, sum total forty-four cents-on the fourth page, 31st day of January, for repairing harness one dollar, one pair of tugs three dollars, one pair of tugs two dollars. sum total six dollars—on the sixth page, 28th day of January, for footing fine boots three dollars fifty cents, one pair of gaiters for wife two dollars, sum total five dollars fifty cents -on the eighth page, 10th day of March, for seventeen pounds of gate hinges, at thirteen cents per pound, two dollars twenty-one cents, shoeing horse one dollar, sum total three dollars twenty-one cents-on the ninth page, 27th day of March, for repairing threshing-machine four dollars seventy-five cents; and on the tenth page, 31st day of March, he is made credit for the amount of his account, thirteen dollars seventy-five cents, and his note to balance the account, thirty-three dollars and ninety cents; and should be posted as on the following page.

On that page, also, the same account is posted by figures, the small figures indicating the Day-Book page, and the large ones the amount of the entry transferred. When the line is filled, these sums are added, and the sum total extended into the money columns. This method of posting is adopted by some, because it occupies so much less space in the Ledger than the former. The learner, if he chooses, may practice both.

33 90 13 75 47 65 13 75 47 65 33 90 (b) ) Ø 10 : 27 75 Char. 31 By Mmt. of his Account 34 19 Mar. 31 By Mmt. of his cloount 11 11 Moto to Balance 11 11 1. Note to Balance Isaac H. Sameson Isaac H. Sameson (THE SAME POSTED BY FIGURES.) 1848 1848 : 44 47 65 13 46 00 00 5 50 321 75 47 65 0 00 Jan. 11,27.75. 2.44. 4,6.00 0 0 Sel. 286, 5.50. 8, 3:21. 9, 4.75 4 Repairing Machine Jan. 1 To Sundries g. S. do. Ъ, 27 11 Q. Q, 13 11 Fel. 28 11 Mar. 10 11 11 31 11 1848 1848 : :

# DAY-BOOK.

## MECHANICS' FORM.

-	Lyons, Saturday, Ian. 1 s	t, 1	84	8.	
San.	1 Isaac H. Iameson/Dr. To 1 Ist Double Harnofs 11 1 Pr. Halters	<b>3</b> 6 1	00 75	27	75
"	3 Honry B. Holbrook Dr. To 1 S. P. Sing. Harnofs			35	00
"	1 Daniel W. Potter Dr. To 1 Pr. Breast Straps 11 2 11 Harno do25	1	00 50	1	50
"	6 Charles D. Campbell Dr. To 1 Pr. Collars		-	3	50
"	<ul> <li>Iranklin S. Clark Dr.</li> <li>To &amp; Bridlos 1.25</li> <li>I Pr. Martingals</li> <li>I Haltor</li> </ul>	5	00 75 88	6	63
	7 Pylvestor N. Nurse/ Dr. To 1 Sot S. Tug Harnefs '' 1 Breast Collar	16 1	00 75	17	75
- 11	11 Bola Dunbar Dr. To 1 Saddle			15	00
"	8 Charles Harford D <del>r.</del> To 1 B. P. Single Harnefs			30	00
,	10 Sames I. Harvkins Dr. To 1 Set I. Tug Harnofs '' 2 Pr. Collars 3.50 '' 1 '' Haltors '' 1 '' Tugs	7	00 00 75 <b>2</b> 5	<b>2</b> 8	00

L	буо	ns, Wednesday, Ian. 12	th,	18.	48.	8
	1 1	Clark N. Fulion/ Dr. To 1 Sci B. Pl. Harnefs '' 1 Pr. Breast Collars '' 1 '' Martingals	<b>3</b> 8	00	44	
11	13	Aaron B. Patterson/Dr. To 1 Single Harnefs			22	09
"	"	Isaac H. Iamoson/Dr. To 1 Halter Itrap '' Mending Tug		31 13		44
"	15	Cornelius O. Rumsey Dr. To 1 Pr. Collars '' 1 '' Breast Straps	3 1	00 00	4	00
"	17	Horatio N. Short Dr. . To 1 Valise '' 1 Bridle	3 1	00 13	4	13
"	19	Henry Woodward Dr. To 1 Pr. Blind Bridlos '' 3 Hams Straps .13 '' 1 Throat Latch.	Å	00 39 12	•	51
"	11	John Lynd Ør. To 1 Single Harnefs			18	09
"	81	Hiram Harvley Dr. To Repairing Harnefs			3	75
"	"	Androw C. Myndorse Dr. To 1 Trunk			4	50

3	Ly	yons, Tuesday, Ian. 25 t	h, 1	84	28.	
San.	25	Honry B. Hollrook Dr. To Cleaning Harnofs '' Repairing do. '' 1 Haller	2	50 88 87	5	\$5
	"	Timothy N. Foster Dr. To 1 Set Silv. P. Harnefs '' 1 Saddle, Bridle, Ge. '' 1 Pr. Halters	23	00 00 50		50
"	26	Sylvester N. Nurse' Dr. To Repaining Harnefs '' Covering Buggy Dash	<b>4</b> 3	38 50	5	88
"	"	Franklin I. Clark Cr. Bry 1 Wash Tub '' 3 Patent Pails .31		13 93	З	06
"	"	Temothy G. Baldwin/ Dr. To 1 Set L. Tug Harnofs			26	00
"	"	Aaron B. Pattenson/ Cr. By Cash			10	00
"	2.	Daniel W. Potter Cr. By 19 lbs. Veal .04				76
"	31	Charlos D. Campboll Dr. To 1 Brafs P. S. Karnefs			30	00
"	"	William Gridley Dr. To 1 Pr. Martingals '' 3 Hamo Iraps .13 '' 1 Aum Itrap		75 39 <b>30</b>		4.4

	Ly	cons, Monday, <sup>J</sup> an. 31 s	t, 1	84	8.	4
Ian.	31	Isaao H. Iamoson/Dr. To Repairing Harnofs '' 1 Pr. Tugs '' 1 '' do.		00 00 00	6	00
"	"	Samos I. Hawkins Dr. To 1 B. T. Gig Harnofs '' Repairing Harnofs	20 2	00 75	82	75
,,	"	Tamos H. Gilloi Dr. To 1 Laddlo' '' 1 Bridle' '' 1 Pr. Maringals '' 1 Halton	1	00 50 00 00	31	50
Feb.	1	Honry Woodward Dr. To 1 Pr. F. Boois for Solf			4	00
	"	Bola Dunbar Dr. To 1 Pr. Boots for H. Man '' 1 '' Buskins for Wife	8 1	50 25	3	75
"	11	Naron B. Patterson/Dr. To 1 Pr. Hip Boots for Geo. '' Mending Borj's Boots	3	35 13	3	38
"	3	Hiram Hawley Dr. To 1 Pr. Shoes '' 1 '' Children's Shoes '' 1 '' do. do.	1	50 75 50	g	75
"	4	Timothy N. Foster Dr. To Footing Fine Roots			3	00

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5	Lyons, Friday, Feb. 4th, 18.	48.
Feb.	" Monding Shoes	50 13 50 <b>2</b> 13
• "	5 Charlos Harford Dr. To 2 Pr. Small Shoos	1 00
"	11 Androw C. Mynderse Dr. To Monding Boots	38
"	7 Timothy G. Baldwin/Cr. By 12 lbs. Butter .13	1 56
11	10 Clark N. Fulton Dr. To 1 Pr. Gaiter Boots	<b>3</b> 00
"	11 Honry B. Holbrook Dr. To 1 Pr. Fine Boots 5. 1 1. Boys' do. 1	50 7.3 <b>7 25</b>
"	14 Horacs O. Bigelow Dr. To 1 Pr. Buskins for Wife	. 1 25
"	15 William Gridloy Dr. To 1 Pr. Fioga Boots 2 11 1 11 Wo. Shoos 1	50 00 <b>8 50</b>
"	17 Cornelius O. Rumsey Dr. To 2 Pr. Stoga Boots	5 00
"	18 Horatic N. Short Er. By 1 Bbl. Flour	7 00

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	Ly	ions, Friday, Feb. 1811	h, 1	84	8.	6
Feb.	18	Franklin I. Clark Dr. To 1 Pr. Pumps			1	75
11	21	John Lynd Dr. To 3 Pr. Buskins 1.25			3	75
11	22	Sames I. Hawkins Dr. To 6 Pr. Stoga Boots 2.50			15	00
"		Daniel W. Potter Dr. To 1'Pr. F. Boots for Eddy			5	50
"	"	Contra Cr. By 27 lbs. Pork .09			2	43
"	<b>3</b> 6	Charles Harford Cr. By Cash			<b>2</b> 5	00
"	<i>28</i>	Isaas H. Samoson/Dr. To Footing Fine Boots 11 1 Pr. Gaiters for Wife		50 00	פ	50
"	<b>8</b> 9	Honry Woodward Dr. To Monding Shoes 11 1 Pr. Prunoll Shoos 11 1 11 Small Shoes	1	<b>38</b> 50 75	8	63
Mar.	1	Daniel W. Potter Dr. To Shooing Horses			9	00
"	2	William Gridley Dr. To 13 lbs. Gats Hinges .13 '' 4 '' Bolis, Jo14	1	69 56	g	<b>3</b> 5

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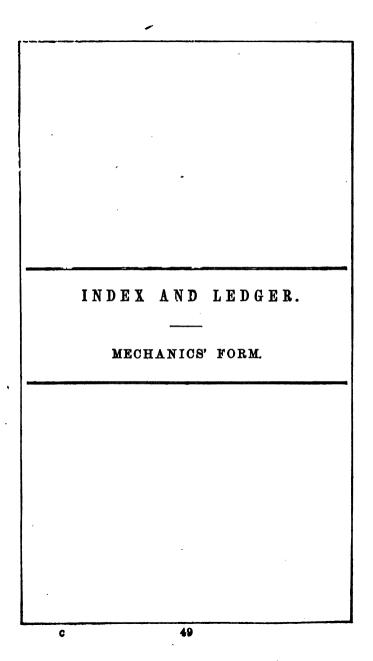
Lyons, Thursday, Mar. 2d, 1848. Mar. 2 Sylvester N. Muss Dr. To Setting Wagon Tie 50 Repairing Wagon 50 3 Linch Pins 36 " .12 Froming Neck Yoke 00 8 36 11 3 Honry B. Hollrock Øı To Sharpening 2 Shoes 31 " Mending Chain 13 44 11 Horatio N. Short Dr ,, To Sharponing Coltor 13 Ø. Sames S. Hawkins 11 " To 1 Large Clevis 13 1 Pr. Small do. 25 Froning Whippletrees 00 5 38 11 4 Andrew C. Mynderse Dr To Shooing House 00 6 Charles Harford Ør. " To Mending Shovel 19 1 Linch Pin 19 1 Hook & Staple 1.9 Tooing & Setting 2 Shoes .81 69 " 8 Honry Woodward Dı. To Repairing Wagon 00 9 Bola Dunbar Dr. " To Shoeing Horse Monding Log Chain 10

-	Lz	ions, Friday, Mar. 10th	, 1	84	8.	8
Mar.	10	Isaac H. Iameson/Dr. To 17 lbs. Gate Hinges .13 '' Shooing Horse		<b>21</b> 00	g	81
"	13	Ichn Lynd Dr. To Repairing Sulkey			З	50
"	"	Honry Woodward Cr. By 19 lbs. Pork .07 '' 21 '' do06 '' 3 Bush. Wheat 1.50	1	<b>33</b> 26 50	7	09
"	14	Hiram Harvley Dr To Sharpening Drag Tooth '' 1 Largo Clovis	1	93 35	Ą	18
"	"	Timothy N. Foster Dr. To Shoeing Horses			2	00
	15	Franklin I. Clark Dr. To Toeing & Sotting 2 Shoes '' Setting 2 Now Shoes		<b>31</b> 50		81
"	17	Clark N. Fulton/Dr. To 3 Bolts .13 '' 2 Linch Pins .12		39 24		63
-	18	Timothry G. Baldwin Dr. To Mond. Shein on Wagon '' Setting 1 Tire	•	38 50		88
"	"	Daniel W. Potter Dr. To 1 Hook to Trace Chain/				13

9 L	вус	ms, Moonday, Mar.	20t1	l, i	182	48.	
Mar.	20	Charles D. Campbell To 1 Hing Boli	Dr.				75
"	81	Hiram Hawley By 10 owt. of Hay	Cr.			4	00
"	22	Horaus O. Bigelow To Shoving Horses '' 2 Bands for Drag '' Mending Chain/	Dr.	9	00 38 12	2	50
"	23	Honry B. Holbrook By Cash	Cr.			15	00
"	"	Honry Woodward To 1 Hook & Staple	Dr.				13
"	"	Sames H. Gillet To Shoeing Horses	Dr.			ġ	co
"	84	Cornelius O. Rumsey To 1 Iron Wedge '' Shoeing Horse '' 1 Linch Pin/	Dr.	1	88 00 12	g	00
"	"	Timothy G. Baldwin/ To Repairing Drag	Dr.				75
"	37	Daniel W. Potter By 8 Doz. Eggs	Br. .10				80
"	"	Isaac H. Samoson/ To Repairing Th. Mach	Dr. hine			4	75

Ŀ	yo	ns, Wednesday, Mar. 29	th,	18.	48.	10
Har.	29	Lylvester N. Norse/ Dr. To Repairing Wagon/ '' Ironing Neck Yoke/	2	50 88	9	38
"	30	William Guidloy Dr. To Repairing Cart 11 8 U.s. Spikos	1	88 00	8	88
,,	31	Cornolius O. Rumsoy Cr. By 12 lbs. Buttor .13 '' & '' do10 '' 22 '' Pork .07 '' 23 '' do06 '' Cash	1	56 80 54 38 00	10	28
"	"	Isaac H. Iameson/Cr. By Amt. of his Acet. '' Note to Balance/	13 33	75 90	47	65
		Honry B. Hollrock Cr. By Cash to Balance Acct.			3 <i>3</i>	94
"		Daniel W. Potter . Cr. By Cash to Balance Acct.			5	14
"	"	Charles D. Campbell Cr. By Cash to Balance Acut.			34	<b>2</b> 5
"	"	Franklin I. Clark Cr. By Note at 6 mo.teBal. Aut.			7	13
"	"	Sylvesion N. Nurse' Cr. By Nois at 8 mo. to Bal. Acci.			31	50

Lyons, Friday, Mar. 31st, 1848. Mar. 31 William Gridley Cr. By Cash to Balance Acct. 10 07 " Bola Dunbar " Cr. By Cash to Balance Acct. 9.4 19 " Charles Harford 11 Cr. By Note at 30 d. to Bal. Act. 69 6 Honry Woodward 11 Cor " By Cash to Balance Acct. 18 7 Timothy G. Baldwin/ " 11 Cr. By Cash to Balance Acct. 26 07 Sames S. Hawkins 11 " Cr By Note to Balance' Acct. 13 71 " John Lynd Cr. By Ami. of his Acci. 18 75



•		G 'jridley, William/ Gillei, Samos H.	5 19
B Baldwin, Timothy G. Bigolow, Horaco O.		H Holbrook, Honry Co. Harford, Charlos Harvkins, Samos S. Harvley, H <b>i</b> am	9 6 6 10
C Campboll, Chas. D. Clark, Franklin S.	9 9	J Tameson, Isaas H.	•
D Øunbar, Øols	5	<b></b> K	
E		L Lynd, Ichn/	10
F Fulton, Clark N. Foitz, Timothy N.	7 11	M Myndous, Androw C.	

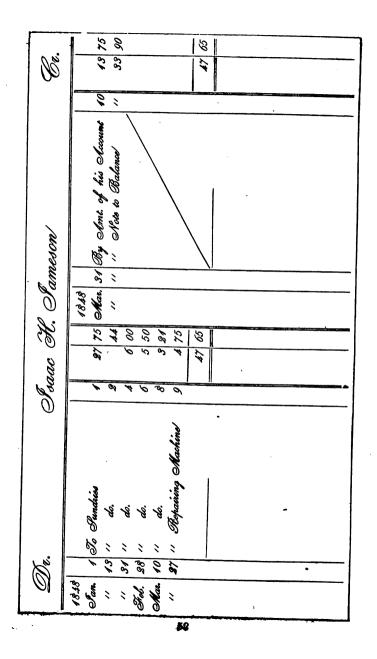
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P Potter, Daniel W. Patterson, Aaron B.	 8 7	W Woodward, Horry	9
Q		X	
R Rumsoy, Cornolius O.	8	¥	
Short Horatic N.	8	Z	

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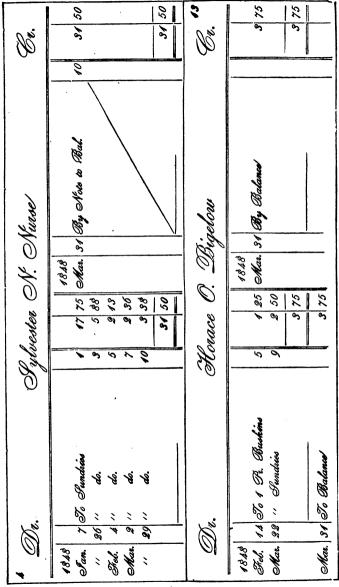


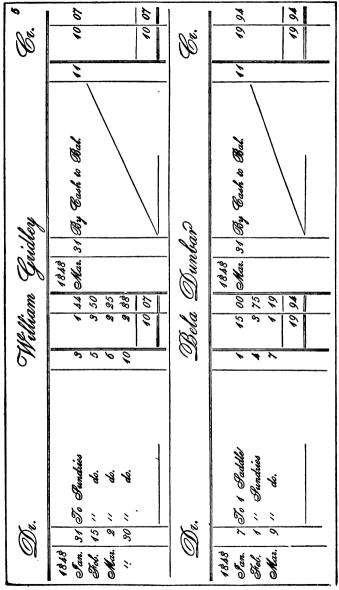
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2 06 7 13 •7 34 25 34 25 Ĉ 0 (bi) (f) 3 10 10 \$ 50 Mar. 31 By Cash to Balance 1 75 Mar. 31 '1 Note to Bal. 6 63 Jan. 26 By Sundries Charles D. Campbell Franklin 9. Clark 1848 1848 30 00 \$ 75 34 25 0 0 9 ŝ 0 11 31 11 18. 0. 18. 0. 9. Hamofs Okar. 20 11 1 Hing Polt Sam 6 To 1 R. Collars Can. 6 To Sundries Fiel. 18 1. 1 Pr. Pumps Mar. 15 11 Pundries Qe. Q. 1848 1848

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6 00 71 13 Ċ 25 00 71 13 Ø. 31 Ø. 11 11 0 28 00 Mar. 31 By Note to Bal. 30 00 For 26 By Cash 1 00 Mar. 31 1. Nos to Bal James 9. Hawkins Charles Harford 1848 1848 22 75 15 00 8 8 38 71 13 5 31 0 ア 0 イ San. 8 To 1 B. F. S. Hannels Fol. 5 1 2 R. Small Phone Mar. 6 1 Sundies 11 | 31 | 11 do. Fol. 22 11 6 R. Paga Boots Jan. 10 To Sundies Mar. S 11 Pundries Qe. Qe. 1848 1848 6

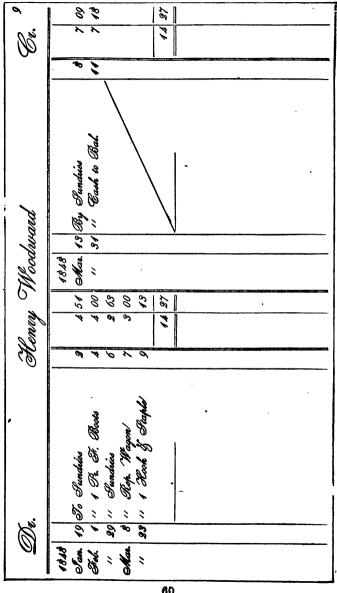
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46 88 10 00 15 38 46 88 30 Ŋů. 25 Jø. 3 44 25 Char. 31 By Balance 22 00 San. 26 By Cash 3 38 Mar. 31 11 Balanes Charon D. Patterson Clark N. Fulton 1848 1848 2 00 63 46 88 46 88 25 38 38 15 80 5 90 64 4 I am. 12 To I undries Feb. 10 11 1 Dr. Gain Aboors Mar. 17 11 I undries San. | 13 | To 1 Single Harney Feb. | 1 '1 Sundries Mar. 81 To Balance Mar. 31 To Balance Q e. Q. 1848 1848

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7 00 10 28 28 12 11 00 8 (li) Ø. 20 9 4 13 Feb. 18 By 1 BUL Flow 4 00 Mar. 31 By Jundries 11 11 Malance Mar. 31 Bry Balance Cornelius O. Dumsey Horatio N. Short 1848 1848 : 5 00 13 78 8 74 00 2 00 00 1 0 2 N 90 9 Gel. 17 11 2 R. Peoga Boots Okar 21 1 Sundivo Mar. 8 11 Pharponing Color Jan. 15 To Pundries San 17 30 Sundies Mar. 31 Jo Balance 31 11 Ralance Q i Qe. 1848 1848 : •



**4** 4 00 08 18 75 6 50 8 25 25 Jø. ŝ Ø, 0 11 18 00 Mar 31 By Ame. of his close. 3 75 11 11 11 Balance 8 75 Mar. 21 By 10 out. Hay 2 75 11 31 11 Balance Hiam Hawley John Lynd 1848 1848 6 50 2 18 50 Ś 8 25 25 3 80 9 6 8 W 80 89 San. 19 To 1 P. Hands Fol. 21 1 3 P. Buckins Mar. 13 1 Rep. Sutting Ian. 21 To Rep. Harney Feb. 3 '' Sundries Mar. 31 To Balance Mar. 31 Jr. Bulance Mar. 14 11 do. Q i 10 Dr. 1848 1848

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<u>...</u> 71 50 71 50 5 33 5 88 ) O 4 50 Otar. 31 By Balance 66 50 Mar. 31 By Balance Andrew . C. Mynderse Timothy N. Foster 1848 1848 \$ 00 38 5 83 71 50 89 50 00 00 64 21 5 メ 3 3 Fiel. 4 " Footing F. Clooks Can. 31 To 1 Trumk Gel. 5 '' Mending Boots Mar. 4 '' Nosing House Mar. 14 11 Phooing Horses Jan. 25 To Pundries Mar. 31 To Balance Mar. 31 Jo Calance Q, Q. 1848 1848

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4 56 20 23 50 03 50 200 ) Ø 24 Ø, 30 5 1 26 00 Fed. 7 By 12 Ud. Button 88 Mar. 31 " Cash to Bak 21 50 Mar. 31 By Balance Timothy G. Daldwin Sames H. Gillet 1848 75 63 2 00 50 50 000 3 24 0 60 ŝ 0 4 San. 26 To 1 Set Hamels Jan. 31 To Gundries Mar. 23 11 Chooing House Mar. 18 1. Sundries 11 24 11 Rep. Drag Mar. 31 To Chalance Q. Q, 1848 1848 3

## PRACTICAL EXERCISES.

The form on the preceding pages, although it is designated as the "Mechanic's Form," is, nevertheless, well adapted to the use of professional men and merchants; and from the fact that a majority of merchants, in the small villages throughout the country, keep their books after this form, we have thought best to give a Memorandum of the business transactions of a merchant for three months, requiring the pupil to record them in the Day-Book, post to the Ledger, and balance the accounts as in the preceding. The price per ounce, pound, gallon, yard, or piece, is given, leaving the amount to be extended by the learner; and if the above-described operation is correctly performed, it will be found, on balancing the books, that the following persons are indebted to you for the sums opposite each name - Hiram Mann, \$39.42; Milton Seely, \$42.71; Albert J. Hovey, \$7.17; Charles R. Hecox, \$4.49; William F. Ashley, \$9.15; Ephraim B. Price, \$6.43; Peter Brant, \$17.63; William Walling, \$7.52; Merrit Thornton, \$23.03; John Messenger, \$1.71; Alpheus Clark, \$8.81; Samuel Weaver, \$28.66; John Hancock, \$12.63; Samuel Moore, \$17.21; Nathan Brittan, \$5.36; and you are indebted to Myron Holmes \$2.32.

For manner of keeping Cash-Book, see page 146-148.

## MEMORANDUM.

## JANUARY

1st. Sold Hiram Mann 2½ yds. broadcloth, at \$3.00, 1¼ yd. silk serge, at \$1.50, 1 doz. large buttons, at 75c., and ½ doz. small do., at 25c. 2d. Sold Myron Holmes 10 yds. silk, at \$1.50, and 5 skeins silk, at 4c.; Milton Seely, 1 cap for boy, at \$1.25, and 1 pair small coarse boots, at \$1.50; Albert J. Hovey, 10 lbs. sugar, at 10c., and 1 lb. tea, at \$1.00. 3d. Sold Charles R. Hecox 5 yds. calico, at 10c., 5 lbs. coffee, at 14c., and 1 lb. tea, at \$1.00; William F. Ashley, 15 lbs. sugar, at 10c., 1 oz. nutmegs, at 12c., and 1 oz. cloves, at 13c. 4th.

Sold Ephraim B. Price 1 bbl. salt, at \$1.25, 1 bbl. water lime, at \$2.25, 50 lbs, coarse salt, at 13c., and 20 lbs, mackerel, at 8c.; Peter Brant, 10 yds. muslin de laine, at 50c., 15 yds. factory, at 10c., and 5 spools thread, at 5c. ; William Walling, 20 lbs. sugar. at 10c., 10 lbs. coffee, at 10c., and 1 lb. tea, at 7th. Sold Merrit Thornton 3 yds. gray cloth, at \$1.00, \$1.00. 3 yds. factory, at 8c., and buttons, 6c. ; Hiram Mann, 8 lbs. sugar, at 9c., and 5 lbs. coffee, at 14c. 9th. Sold John Messenger cloth and trimmings for overcoat, at \$9.00, 6 yds. cassimer, at \$2.00; and he has paid me cash, on account, \$20.00. 10th. Sold Albert J. Hovey 10 yds. calico, at  $12\frac{1}{2}c$ , and 1 spool thread, at 5c.; Alpheus Clark, 1 yd. silk, at \$1.25. 1 cord and tassel, at \$1.00, and 3 skeins silk, at 4c. 11th. Sold Milton Seely 1 ps. factory, 30 yds., at 10c. 12th. Sold John Messenger 50 lbs. sugar, at 10c., and 1 ps. factory, 40 yds., at 8c.; and bought of him 1 firkin butter, at \$10.00. 14th. Sold Merrit Thornton cloth and trimmings for pants, at \$6.00. 15th. Sold William Walling 3 yds. S. G. cloth, at 56c. 16th. Sold Peter Brant 1 lb. tea, at \$1.00, and 10 lbs. sugar, at 10c. 17th. Sold William F. Ashley 9 yds. bed ticking, at 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>c., and 3 spools, at 5c. 18th. Sold Charles R. Hecox 9 yds. factory, at 9c., 9 yds. ticking, at 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>c., and 2 spools, at 5c. 19th. Sold Samuel Weaver 4 yds. light green broadcloth, at \$2.50, 31 yds. worsted goods, at 75c., and buttons, 50c.; and bought of him 20 lbs. butter, at 15c., and 10 doz. eggs, at 10c. Sold Ephraim B. Price, per wife, 9 yds. muslin de laine. at 25c. 21st. Sold Albert J. Hovey, 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00; Myron Holmes, 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00. 22d. John Messenger has paid me cash, on account, \$5.00. 23d. Sold Hiram Mann 8 yds. calico, at 12kc., and 1 spool, at 5c. Peter Brant has paid me cash, on account, \$10.00. Sold John Hancock 1 lb. tea, at \$1.00, 5 lbs. coffee, at  $12\frac{1}{2}c$ , and 10 lbs. sugar, at 10c. 25th. Sold Milton Seely 3 yds. cassimer, at \$2.00, 3 yds. factory. at 8c., and buttons, 6c. 26th. Sold Samuel Moore, per Emogene, 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00, and 1 pair cotton, at 19c.: William Walling, 10 yds. calico, at 14c., 15 yds. factory, at 10c.: and bought of him 10 cords maple wood, at \$2.00. 29th.

Sold Peter Brant 15 lbs. sugar, at 10c., and 5 lbs. coffee, at 14c. 30th. Sold Samuel Moore cloth and trimmings for coat, at \$9.80, 1 pair suspenders, at 50c., and 1 pair gloves, at 31c.; and he has paid me cash, on account, \$25.00. Sold Myron Holmes 1 pair buckskin gloves, at \$1.00, 1 pair black kid do., at \$1.00, cloth and trimmings for dress coat, \$15.00, 50 lbs. sugar, at 10c., 20 lbs. coffee, at 15c., 5 lbs. tea, at 50c. ; and he has paid me cash, on account, \$25.00. Bought of him 10 super plows, at \$5.00. \$1st. Sold Nathan Brittan 1 pair cotton hose, at 25c., 1 pair worsted gloves, at 50c., and 1 doz. skeins worsted, at 13c.

## FEBRUARY

1st. Sold William F. Ashley 1 silk pocket handkerchief, at 50c., and 1 cravat, at \$1.50. 4th. Sold Ephraim B. Price 14 vds. shirting, at 12c., 2 yds. linen, at 75c., 4 yds. calico, at 6c., and 1 doz. spools thread, 63c. 5th. Sold Samuel Moore 2 rolls white paper, at 31c., and 3 brooms, at 18c. 6th. Sold Milton Seely 1 satin vest pattern, \$3.25, 1 yd. cambric, 10c., 1 white do., 13c., and 1 doz. buttons, at 12c.; Samuel Weaver, 13 yds. shirting, at 13c., 21 yds. Irish linen, at 88c., and 3 spools thread, at 5c. 7th. Sold Alpheus Clark 10 yds. sheeting, at 10c.; William Walling, 12 yds. calico, at 8c., and 5 lbs. batting, at 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>c. 8th. Sold Ephraim B. Price vest and trimmings, at \$2.25, 1 yd. linen, 75c. ; and bought of him bill of groceries, \$15.42. 9th. Sold William F. Ashley 20 yds. calico, at 124c. 11th. Sold Merrit Thornton 1 doz. tumblers, \$1.00, and 8 lbs. refined sugar, at 124c. ; Nathan Brittan, 12 yds. barred mull, at 31c., and 2 pair cotton hose, at 38c. 13*th* Sold John Hancock 1 pair rubbers, at \$1.00, 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00, and 1 pair buskins, at \$1.50. 14th. Sold Hiram Mann 1 graduated robe, \$3.50, 1 yd. drilling, at 13c., and thread, 6c. 15th. Sold Samuel Moore 32 yds. sheeting, at 10c., and 4 yds. Irish linen, at \$1.00. 16th. Sold Albert J. Hovey 1 set fine blue ware, at \$3.50; Peter Brant, 1 lb. tea, at \$1.00, and 5 lbs. rice, at 5c. ; John Messenger, 10 yds. muslin de laine, at 25c., and 1 yd. drilling, at 13c. 18th. Sold Myron

Holmes, per son, 1 vest pattern and trimmings, at \$8.00. 19th. Sold Charles R. Hecox 17 yds. sheeting, at 5c., and 20 yds. calico, at 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>c. 20th. Sold Samuel Moore 1 fur hat, at \$4.00 : Milton Seely, per wife, super. shawl, at \$30.00 ; John Hancock. 1 gal. lamp oil, at \$1.50, and 2 gals. molasses, at 37 fc. 21st. Sold Samuel Weaver 2 yds. mull edge, at 31c., and 1 pair 22d. Sold Merrit Thornton 3 yds. cassimer, gloves, at 75c. at \$2.00, 1 yd. canvas, at 19c., and 1 pair black silk gloves, at \$1.00. 25th. Sold Alpheus Clark 10 lbs. mackerel. at 8c., 20 lbs. sugar, at 10c., and 10 doz. eggs, at 14c. 27th. Sold Hiram Mann 1 ps. sheeting, 30 yds., at 10c., and 20 yds. calico, at 10c. 28th. Sold Samuel Moore 6 yds. alpaca, at 60c., and 1 yd. cambric, at 10c.; Myron Holmes, 9 yds. muslin de laine, at 37<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>c., 2 spools thread, at 5c., and 5 skeins silk, at 4c.; William F. Ashley, 1 vest and trimmings, \$5.00.

#### MARCH

1st. Sold Albert J. Hovey 4 lbs. cotton batting, at 121c., and 8 vds. calico, at 12kc. 2d. Sold Milton Seely 3 vds. edging. at 8c.; E. B. Price, 4 lbs. coffee, at 14c., and 1 lb. cinnamon, at 31c. 4th. Sold Merrit Thornton 21, yds. linen, at \$1.00, 9 yds. gingham, at 38c., and 1 doz. spools, 63c. 6th. Sold John Messenger 1 cap, at \$1.50; Samuel Weaver, 1 pair rubbers, at \$1.75. 7th. Sold Alpheus Clark 1 gal. lamp oil, at \$1.00, and 3 lbs. nails. at 8c. 8th. Sold John Hancock 3 bbls. salt. at \$1.00, 100 lbs. sugar, at 7<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>c.; and he has paid me cash, on account, \$10.00. Sold Peter Brant 2 brooms, at 13c., and 34 yds. flannel, at 75c. 9th. Sold William Walling 6 yds. alpaca, at 50c., and 1 yd. cambric, at 10c.; and bought of him 10 lbs. butter, at 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>c. 11th. Sold Charles R. Hecox 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00, 1 pair rubbers, at \$1.50, 1 pair buskins, at \$1.25; and bought of him 1 firkin butter, 80 lbs., at 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>c. 12th. Sold Hiram Mann 3 bbls. salt, at \$1.00 ; Merrit Thornton, 9 yds. calico, at 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>c.; and bought of him 1000 ft. hemlock fence boards, at  $7\frac{1}{2}c$ . Sold Peter Brant 12 lbs. sugar, at 13th. Sold Milton Seely, per wife, 12 yds. silk, at \$1.25; 10c. and he has paid me cash, on account, \$20.00. 14th. Sold

William F. Ashley, 12 yds. calico, \$1.00; Myron Holmes. per wife, 1 pair kid buskins, at \$1.50. 15th. Sold Samuel Moore, 1 set blue ware, at \$3.00; Samuel Weaver, 1 set fine blue tea ware, at \$3.50; William Walling, 2 bed cords, at 25c. 16th. Sold Merrit Thornton & bbl. mackerel, at \$9.00. 18th. Sold Ephraim B. Price 2 yds. satinet. at 75c. 20th. Sold Peter Brant 4 yds. satinet, at \$1.12, and 2 yds. cassimer, at \$1.50 : John Hancock, 3 linen handkerchiefs, at 44c., and 1 yd. linen, at 75c.; Samuel Weaver, per wife, 1 yd. Italian silk, at \$1.50, 1 cord and tassel, at \$1.25, and 3 skeins silk, at 4c. 21st. Sold Milton Seely 1 vest pattern, at \$1.50, and trimmings, 22d. Sold Albert J. Hovey 9 yds. muslin de laine, ar at 38c. 31c., and 2 skeins silk, at 4c. 23d. Sold Ephraim B. Price 8 yds. gingham, at 50c., 1 yd. cambric, at 10c., and 2 spools thread, at 5c. 25th. Sold Charles R. Hecox 10 yds. gingham, at 31c., and 1 spool thread, at 5c.; John Hancock, 3 linen handkerchiefs. at 31c., and 1 yd. linen, at 75c.; Peter Brant, 14 yds. sheeting. at 11c., 30 yds. do., at 9c., 2 yds. Irish linen, at 75c. ; and bought of him 15 lbs. butter, at 12<sup>1</sup>/<sub>3</sub>c. 26th. Sold William Walling 150 lbs. sugar, at 10c. 27th. Sold Samuel Weaver 3 yds. black cassimer, at \$2.00; Hiram Mann, cloth and trimmings for dress coat, \$15.00; William F. Ashley, 2 pair small shoes, at 31c.; and he has paid me cash, on account, \$5.00. 28th. Sold John Messenger 1 set buttons, at 75c., 1 hank thread, at 13c., and 1 pair shoes, at \$1.00. 29th. Sold Myron Holmes 1 shawl, at \$10.00, 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00, 2 yds. mull edging, at 40c., 1 bag clasp, at 50c., and 1 yd. silk velvet, at \$3.50; Samuel Moore, 9 yds. silk warp alpaca, at 75c., 1 yd. cambric, at 10c., 1 pair kid buskins, at \$1.00, 2 linen handkerchiefs, at 50c., 1 vd. silk, at \$1.75, 1 cord and tassel, at 75c. 30th. Sold John Messenger 1 gal. lamp oil, at \$1.50. Albert J. Hovey has paid me cash, on account, \$5.00.

### FORM FOR MERCHANTS.

THE principal Books of this Form are the Day-book or Blotter, the Journal, the Ledger, and Cash-book.

The DAY-BOOK and the manner of keeping it are the same as described in the second Form, with these exceptions: the manner and place of dating are different, and it is ruled with single money-columns instead of double.

A PETTY ALPHABET OF INDEX to the Day-book should also be kept, in which all the names entered in the Day-book during a month should be entered and alphabetically arranged.

This book should be commenced on the evening of the first business-day of each month, by writing in it all the names that were entered in the Day-book during the day, together with the pages on which such entries were made; and so every evening during the month, enter in the Alphabet all the new names that appear in the Day-book, with their pages; and if a name appears that has already been entered in the Alphabet, enter the number of the page on which it stands opposite such name. Whenever the name occurs more than once on the same page of the Day-book, it is indicated in the Alphabet by repeating the number of the page. A small cross (+) placed after the figure indicates that there is a credit-entry on that page in the Day-book.

The JOURNAL is a book into which all the items of each person's account are transferred from the Day-book, and so arranged that those for each month are collected together.

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At the close of every month the Day-book should be journalized, which is done in the following manner: Transfer the first entry of the month, in the Day-book, to the Journal; then find the name thus transferred in the Alphabet, and if that has been kept as above directed, you will see on what pages of the Day-book this name again occurs; then turn to these pages in order, and transfer to the Journal all the items entered to this name, placing them under the name already entered there, with the dates, &c., keeping the debits and credits by themselves. After thus transferring them, place two parallel lines (thus //) opposite each entry on the Day-book, to indicate that they have been carried to the Journal. Proceed in the same manner with the next name in the Day-book, and so on until all is journalized.

After journalizing the month's transactions, the books should be compared to see if the accounts are correctly journalized; and if found correct, write in the Day-book, after the last entry for the month, Examined.

The LEDGER in this Form is a book in which a whole, or a part of a page, is appropriated to every account in the Journal.

This book is ruled like the Ledger of the second Form, but the lines which there separate the space for the day of the month from the month may be omitted.

An ALPHABET or INDEX to the Ledger, like the one described in the second Form, is necessary.

At the close of the first month the Journal should be posted. But before this is done the Ledger (which we will suppose is new) should be paged, and the names of all the persons (including Stock, Cash, and Merchandise) with whom you have opened an account should be written at the top of the space appropriated to such account. These names, with Dr. on the left and Cr. on the right, should be written in a bold hand, and then should be alphabetically arranged in the Index, with the page of the Ledger on which they are recorded. The

Journal should next be page-marked, which is done as follows: open to the first account in it, and then find in the Alphabet what page of the Ledger is appropriated to this account, and place the number of this page on the margin of the Journal, opposite such account. Proceed in the same manner until each account in the Journal is page-marked.

You are now prepared to post the books. Commence with the first account in the Journal; the figure in the margin shows the page of the Ledger appropriated to this account. Enter on the Dr. side of that page the month in the first space; "To Merchandise" in the wide space, the page of the Journal in the next, and the sum total of the debits in the two next spaces. Then if there are any credits to this account in the Journal, their sum total should be entered in the Ledger on the Cr. side in the same manner, except in the wide space write "By Cash," "By Merchandise," or "By Sundries," as the case may be. Then place two parallel oblique lines, one above and the other below the figure in the margin, to indicate that the account has been posted. Proceed in the same manner until each account in the Journal for the month has been posted. At the close of the next and the subsequent months, the Journal should be posted in the same manner as above described.

Every month, immediately after the Journal has been posted, it should be compared with the Ledger, to see if any mistakes have been made in posting. In order to facilitate this, it should be done by two persons. One should take the Journal, and commencing with the first account in the month, give its title and the page of the Ledger upon which it is posted, as indicated by the figures in the margin of the Journal; the other should then turn to this page in the Ledger, and see if it is correctly posted, while the first reads from the Journal the entry, amount, page, &c.

In comparing the books, if an account is found to have been overlooked, it of course should be posted immediately.

If an entry has been made on the wrong side of an account in the Ledger, it should not be erased, but the same amount

should be entered on the opposite side of this account "To" or "By Error," and then the entry made as it should have been at first.

If an entry has been posted to the wrong account, the same amount should be entered on the opposite side of this account "To" or "By Error," and it should then be posted in its proper place.

When either the Day-Book, Journal, or Ledger is written full, its place is supplied by a new one, and the different books are usually designated by the first letters of the alphabet: the first day-book as Day-Book A; the second, Day-Book B: the first journal as Journal A; the second, Journal B: the first ledger as Ledger A; the second, Ledger B; the third, Ledger C, &c.

After writing the Day-Book for the months of January, February, and March, journalizing and posting it to the Ledger, the accounts may be balanced.

Balancing accounts is placing a sufficient sum on the least side of an account to make it equal with the greatest, and is done by adding the Dr. and Cr. columns, subtracting the least from the greatest, and making the account Dr. "To" or Cr. "By Balance" for the difference. The debit and credit sides will now foot Next draw single lines opposite each other under these alike. columns, and, after adding and placing the amount under them, draw double lines under the amount, to signify that the two sides are balanced and closed ; then bring down the balance by making the account Dr. "To" or Cr. "By Balance" of old account. But if the Ledger is full, and you wish to transfer the account to a new one, let the balancing entry be "To" or "By Balance to Ledger B;" and in the new Ledger, "To" or "By Balance from Ledger A."

In the following set of books, after writing the Day-Book, journalizing and posting the three months' transactions, the books may be balanced, and the accounts transferred to a new Ledger.

# DAY-BOOK, OR BLOTTER,

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## MERCHANTS' FORM.

Lyons, Monday, Jan. 3d, 1848. Poirce & Wilson Cr. By Merchandiss por Invoice 173 00 Magie, Sanderson & Co. Cr. By Merchandise per Invoice 480 00 Bonedict & Rockwell Cr. By Mouhandise per Invoice 227 00 – Tuesday, Ian. 4th. – Joseph M. Demmon Dr. To 230 Yds. Brown Sheeting .08 18 40 11 48 11 Red Flannel 21 .38 18 11 3 Dox. Coat's Sp. Thread .48 44. Moses Austin/ Dı. To 17 Yds. Sheeting \$5 .05 11 20 11 Calico .13 60 Wednesdary, Jan. 5th. George C. Dean/ Dr. To 10 Yds. M. D. Laine .31 10 " 1 " Drilling 13 11 2 Doz. Buttons .15 30 Thursday, Jan. 6th. Nathan Brittan/ Sames Dr. To & Galls. Lamp Oil 1.25 50 " 30 Us. Loaf Sugar .13 y0

Lyons, Thursday, Jan. 6th, 1848. Dr. Rev. Ira Ingraham To 5 Yds. Black Bro. Cloth 3.50 17 50 11 1 Satin Vest Pattern/ 5 50 " Trimmings 75 3 5 lbs. Coffee 11 .15 75 10 11 Sugar 11 .10 00 Mils Mary Emmonds Øi. To 3 Yds. Linen Edging 57 .19 -Saturday, San. 8th. Dr. Hugh Sameson/ To Merchandise per Bill Rend. 8 07 John Adams Ør. To 10 Uds. Drab Fringel .68 80 6 11 3 Ps. Ribbon/ 93 .31 Monday, Ian. 10th. Horatio N. Jaft Dr. 38 - To Paid your Order 2 John M. Holley Dr. To 3 Yds. Black Cafsimers **2.**25 6 75 Lovi S. Fulton/ Dr. To 20 Us. Sugar .08 60 1 11 Tea 88 11 Cash paid for personal Expenses 11 00 Abram L. Beaumont Ør. 50 To 25 Us. Sugar .10

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3 Lyons, Juesday, San. 11th, 1848. Moses Austin/ Ør. To 7 Yds. Alpaca 50 .50 3 11 10 11 Cambrio 00 .10 11 3 Sks. Silk 12 .04 " & Sheets Wadding .04 16 - Wednesday, San. 12th.-Samuel Moore Dr. To 9 Yds. M. D. Laind .44 8 96 11 1 " Cambrie 11 2 11 Drilling 10 .12 21 Aaron D. Polhamus Ør. To 1 Cravat 18 James C. Smith Ør. To 4 Yds. Green Baire .50 2 00 C. Sames Rogers By 1 Pr. Fine Boots 5 00 Lovi S. Fulton Ør. To 1 Pr. Fine Boots . 5 00 - Fridary, San. 14th. -George C. Youngs Dr. To 3 Yds. Black Cafsimore 1.75 5 25 " Trimmings 25 Saturday, Jan. 15th ... Moses Austin Dr. \* To 30 Yds. Sheeting .10 00

Lyons, Monday, San. 17th, 1848. Sames Rogers Ør. To 2 Hanks Linen Thread .13 26 11 4 Pieces Galoon .31 24 Wife Nathan Brittan/ Øı. To 1 Pr. Rid Gloves 00 11 1 11 63 do. Mils Mary Emmonds Ør. To 9 Yds. M. D. Laind .31 2 79 " Trimmings 25 CL Contra By Cash on Acct. 2 00 John M. Holley Daughter Dr. To 20 Sks. " Zephyr Worsted .01 20 Thomas Rock Dr To 4 Yds. Sheep's Grang Cloth .63 Ð 52 -Tuesday, San. 18th.-Moses Austin/ Dr. To 10 Us. Cotton Yarn .19 ś 90 Wife Øı. George C. Dean To 1 Yd. Mull Edging 31 11 1 11 Edging 04 Wednesday, Jan. 19th. -James McElwain Dr. To 9 Yds. M. D. Laine .28 52 Cambric 11

5 Lyons, Wednesday, San. 19th, 1848. George C. Youngs Ør. To x W. Jea .88 **\$** \$ " 1 Gall. Molasses 44 11 1 W. Pepper 13 11 1 11 Spice 13 Contra Cr. By 2 Bush. Dried Plums 2.50 5 00 Thursday, Fan. 20th. -Horatio N. Jaft Dr. To 1 Set F. Blue Tea Ward 3 50 Levi S. Fulton Dr. Jo 1 U. Jea 88 11 5 lbs. Rice .05 25 11 1 oz. Nutmegs 13 - Friday, Ian. 21 st. — Abram L. Beaumont Dr. To 1 Pr. Rubbers 00 Rov. Ira Ingraham/ Dr To 1 Pr. Hid Gloves 00 Moses Austin/ Cr. By 5 Us. Butter .13 65 Contra Øı. To 10 lbs. Sugar .10 00 11 5 11 Ricel .05 25 Nathan Brittan/ Ør. To 6 Yds. Merino 1.25 7 50

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Lyons, Saturday, Jan. 22d, 1848. Samuel Moore Dr. To 1 Yd. Figured Satin 3 00 1x 11 Twist .04 05 🗴 11 Black Cambrie 08 .10 1 11 White do. " 13 3 Sks. Silk 11 .04 12 1 Sheet Wadding 11 0\$ 11 🦌 Dox. Buttons .18 09 Monday, Jan. 24th. John Adams Ør. To 185 Us. Sugar 18 50 .10 Hugh Tameson/ Dr. To 6 Yds. Merino 1.12 6 78 11 5 Sheets Wadding .04 20 11 4 Sks. Silk .04 16 James McElwain/ Ør. To 1 lb. Tobacco 25 -Tuesday, Ian. 25th. Mils Mary Emmonds Ør. To 3 Yds. Frish Linen .52 56 11 4 Spools Thread 16 .04 -- Wednesday, San. 26th. Lucius S. Wood Ør. To 1 Cravat ÈÈ Horatio N. Taft Dı Jo 3 Yds. Blk. Cafsimor 2.00 00

7 Lyons, Thursday, San. 27th, 1848. Sames McElwain/ Ør To 9 Yds. Ticking .18 62 11 6 11 Jow Cloth 86 .31 16 11 Calico 11 .08 28 11 10 " Gingham .25 9 50 Friday, Jan. 28th .-George C. Dean Wife Ør. To 10 Yds. Calico .18 80 " 2 Linen Hakfs. .44 88 John Adams Ør. To 18 Yes. M. D. Laine .18 3 2 j Samuel Moore Ør. To 1 Pr. Rubbers 88 11 2 Papers Pins .10 20 <sup>°</sup>Saturday, San. 29th. Edward Mefsenger Ør. To 9 Yels. Ticking .18 62 6 " Tow Cloth 11 .31 86 11 11 Calico 11 .06 66 11 6 11 do. .05 30 " & Us. Batting .13 04 Levi S. Fulion Dr. To 10 Yds. Curtain Calico .13 1 30 1 13 11 Calico .06 78 " 4 Spools Thread 05 20 " 11 Yds. Alpaca .~5 ę 85 1 lb. Spice 11 13

8 Lyons, Monday, Ian. 31 st, 1848. Nathan Brittan/ Dr. To 3 Linen Hokks. .44 32 11 2 Yds. Frish Linen .75 50 Aaron D. Polhamus Dr. To 32 Yds. Shirting '' 4 '' Trish Linon/ .12 3 84 3 .75 00 11 1 Doz. Spools Thread 63 Soseph M. Demmon Ør. To 170 Us. Sugar .10 17 00 Abram L. Beaumont Ør. To 7 Yds. Flannel .44 08 3 11 1 11 do. .62 2 48

Lyons, Tuesday, Feb. 1st, 1848. Daniel Chapman Ør. To 4 Yds. Broad Cloth 6.00 84 00 11 × 11 Padding .38 15 11 x ii Canvals .25 15 11 × 11 Silk Sage 56 1.13 11 5 Sks. Silk .04 20 11 20 Buttons 64 James Mc Chvain Dr. To 1 Bar Soap 13 11 1 Cake Fancy do. 12 Fonas W. Goodrich Cr. By 20 Us. Machand .08 60 Lovi S. Fulton/ Dr. To 20 Us. Machael .08 60 11 8 11 Coffee 96 .12 -Wednesdary, Feb. 2d.-Abram L. Beaumont Wife Ør. To 1 Shawl 7 00 - Thursday, Fol. 3d. – Moses Austin Ør To 1 Comfortor 31 Cr. Contra By & Us. Button .14 18 " & Bush. Potatos .58 58 Hugh Samsson/ Ø. To 3% Yds. Flannel .62

2 Lyons, Friday, Feb. 4th, 1848. Enhraim B. Price De. To 4% Yds. Coating 00 2.00 0 Padding \* .38 11 11 19 " Canvals 11 \* .25 19 11 1 Set Buttons 75 11 1 Hank Thread 18 – Saturday, Feb. 5th. De. Mils Mary Emmonds To 1 Shool Thread 05 " 1 Thimble 38 Ør. George C. Dean/ To 1 Looking Glafs 00 " 1 Set F. Blue Joa Ward 50 - Monday, Feb. 7th. · Ør. Iohn Adams To 31 yds. Silk Warp Alpana .58 16 13 James Rocers Ør. To 2 Us. Coffee .13 26 11 10 11 Sugar .10 00 " 2 Galls. Molafses 88 .44 James Bashford Ør. To 6 Tumblers .18 72 " 20 lbs. Refined Sugar .14 80 2 Tuesdary, Fol. 8th. Aram L. Beaumont Ø. To 31 Yds. Brown Sheeting .10 3 10

3 Lyons, Juesday, Feb. 8th, 1848. Daniel Chapman De Jo 1 Pr. Rulbers 88 " 1 " Hid Gloves 00 - Wednosday, Feb. 9th.-Roubon H. Fostor Ør. To 1 Set Knives & Forks 2 00 " 1 Glafs Dish 25 Contra Cr. By 10 Bush. Potatoes .44 40 11 8 11 Oats .32 56 Thursday, Feb. 10th. **George** C. Youngs Dr. To & W. Cinnamon/ .38 09 1 11 Ginger 11 12 11 1 Bbl. Salt 18 Thomas Rock Ør. To 20 Yds. Calico .06 20 " 10 Us. Batting .11 10 " 5 " Cotton Yarn .19 95 11 8 Spools Thread 05 10 Samuel Moore Daughter Ør. To 2 Yds. Mull Edging 80 .40 - Friday, Feb. 11th. – Aaron D. Polhamus Dr. To 9 Yds. M. D. Laind .28 3 52 1x " Cambrie .10 15 I ean/ 11 × 11 .16 12

s Lyons, Friday, Feb. 11th, 1848. Edmund Hopkins Dr. Wife To 1 Graduated Robe 50 3 " 1 Yd. Drilling 13 " Thread 06 Contra C. By 1 Geography & Ailas 25 Saturday, Fol. 12th. Í. Daniel Watrous To 1 Dox. Tumblers 00 " & lbs. Refined Sugar .16 12 George C. Dean Fellors Ør. To % Ream Foolscap Paper 2.25 13 Philip G. Almy Cr. By Merchandiss per Invoice 42 00 -Monday, Feb. 14th.--Thomas Ninde Ør. To 🗴 Yd. Silk Sergel 1.00 25 11 1/4 11 do. 1.12 28 Ephraim B. Price Dr. To Vest & Trimmings 25 " 1 Yd. Linen 75 Tuesday, Feb. 15th. Sames Rogers Dr. To 31 Uds. Sheeting .10 10 2 Ps. Galoon/ .31 62 4 Spools Thread 11 .05 20

5 Lyons, Juesday, Feb. 15th, 1848. Thomas Rook Dr. To 5 Us. Coffee .14 70 11 10 11 Refined Sugar .14 40 Wednesday, Feb. 16th. George C. Youngs Ør. To 3 Yds. Flannel .50 50 11 9 11 Calico .13 17 11 4 Spools Thread .05 20 Nathan Brittan/ Ør. To 9 Yds. Silk Warp Alpaca .75 75 11 1 11 Drilling 18 Cr. Moses Austin/ By & Us. Butter 56 .14 Thursday, Feb. 17th. -Thomas Ninde Wife Dr. To & Yds. Calico .15 80 11 p 11 do. .10 **\$**0 Ør. James McElwain To 1 U. Tobacco 25 Thomas E. Dorsey Daughter Ør. To 1 Bag Clasp 50 11 2 Linen Hockfs. .44 88 Reuben H. Fostor Ør. To 30 Yds. Brown Sheeting .08 40 " 1 Dox. Spools Thread 63

Lyons, Thursday, Feb. 17th, 1848. Levi S. Fulton/ Dr. To Cash Personal Expenses 15 00 Friday, Feb. 18th. -**Ed**ward Mefsenger Ø. To 1 Vest Pattern/ 00 11 1 Yd. Celecia 19 11 3 11 Twilled Goods .16 08 Thomas Rock Ø. To & Us. Cotton Batting .11 88 11 3 Yels. Calico .10 30 1 11 Cambric 11 10 Satunday, Feb. 19th. Abram L. Beaumont Ør. To 3% Yds. Blk. Bro. Cloth 5.00 17 50 Padding " 11 % .38 19 Canvafs " \* // .25 19 11 Twist 14 11 .04 05 11 Silk Sorgel .1 X 1.18 28 11 5 Sks. Silk. .04 20 1 Set Buttons " 75 Moses Austin Ør, Jo 1 lb. Jea 33 11 8 11 Sugar 80 .10 Mondary, Feb. 21st. Lovi S. Fulton/ Dr To 10 Us. Sugar .10 00 " Coffee 11 Ŀ .14 56

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<sup>1</sup> Lyons, Monday, Feb. 21	st, 182	48.
Edmund Hopkins	Ør.	
To 10 Us. Sugar	.9	90
11 4 Gall. Molafies		5.4
Horatis N. Taft	De.	
To 30 Yds. Sheeting	.10	3 00
Tuesday, Fob. 22d		
Thomas E. Dorsey	·Dr.	
To 34 Yds. Broad Cloik	3.75	13 13
Shooting	.11	88
" 10 lbs. Sugar	.10	1 00
11 <b>1</b> 11 Toa		88
Wednesday, Feb. 23d		
James Bashford	Dr.	
To 33% Us. Refined Sugar	.14	4 69
Contra	Cr.	
By 2 Bush. Dried Plums	8.25	4 50
" 5 " Dried Apples	.75	<b>s</b> 75
Romson & Polhamus	Br.	
By Wird		31
Nathan Brittan/	Ør.	
To 14 Us. Batting	.11	1 54
11 16 Yds. Calico	.06	96
Hugh Famoson	Ør.	
To x lb. Tea	.88	4.4
11 1 Gall. Molafsos	ł	4.4
" 1 lb. Gingor		13

8 Lyons, Wednesday, Feb. 23d, 1848. James Mc Elwain Dr. To 4 Us. Raisins .15 60 11 5 11 Crushed Sugar .14 70 11 1 oz. Nutmegs 13 Thursday, Feb. 24th. George C. Dean/ Dr. To 10 Yds. Sheeting .08% 85 11 20% 11 do. 05 .10 2 Jamuel Moore Dı. To 17 Yds. Calico .16 72 2 " 10 " do. .12 20 John M. Hollor Dr. To 2 Galls. Lamp Oil 1.12 8 24 11 1 Ball Wicking 13 Dr. Sames Rogers Croub To Mass. per Order 3 50 – Friday, Feb. 25**th. –** Sonas W. Goodrich Ør. To 1 W. Tea 75 1 11 Pepper 11 12 1 " Ginger 11 12 11 2 11 Saleratus .06 12 -Saturday, Feb. 26th. Edward Mefsenger Ør. To 6 Us. Cotton Marn .19 14 11 3 Spools Thread .05 15

Lyons, Saturday, Feb. 26th, 1848. Reuben H. Foster Ør. To 7 Yds. Alpaca .50 3 50 11 10 11 Cambric .10 00 11 3 Sks. Silk .04 12 11 & Sheets Wadding .04 16 Mondary, Feb. 28ih.-George C. Dean/ Dr. To 16 Yds. Calico .06 96 11 8 Us. Batting 88 .11  $C_{r}$ Contra By 100 lbs. White Lead .08 8 00 Horatio, N. Jaft Dr. To 1 Bbl. Salt 13 John M. Hollow Wife Ør. To 1 Set Knives & Forks 25 " & Yds. Flannel 48 .56 – Tuesday, Feb. 29th. Levi S. Fulton/ Dr. To 21/2 Uds. Velvet Ribbon 38 .15 " 1 Pr. Hid Gloves 88 Joseph M. Demmon Dr. To 19 Yds. Canton Flan**nd** 60 .40 11 33 11 Shirting .10% 47

90

Lyons, Wednesday, Mar. 1st, 1848. Thomas Rook Dr. To 4 Us. Cotton Batting .11 11 11 7 Yds. Calico .08 56 Thomas E. Dorsey Daughter De To 3 Yds. Edging .08 84 Thursday, Mar. 2d.— Edward Mefsenger. Dr. To 1 x Doz. Buttons .50 18 11 1 Yd. Celecia 18 " 1 1 Twilled Goods ·.18 09 " \* " Canvafs .25 19 Moses Austin/ Dı. To 4 Us. Coffee .14 56 11 % 11 Cinnamon/ .38 09 Friday, Mar. Sd. Daniel Chapman Dr. To 24 Yds. Linen 8 1.00 50 11 9 11 Gingham .38 3 42 " 1 Dox. Spools Thread 63 Saturday, Mar. 4th. Lucius S. Wood Dr. To 1 Pr. Rubbers 88 James C. Smith Dr. To 1 Pr. Kid Gloves 00 11 3 Linen Hakfs. .42 26 11 1 do. do. 63

<b>L</b> yon	os, Mondary, Mar	. 6th, 184	8.	
Mils	Mary Emmonds	Dr.		
	1 Pr. Buskins		1	13
Una	m L. Beaumont	De.		
I	6 1 Pr. Rubbers		1	00
Nath	an Brittan	Dr.		
2	o 1 Gall. Lamp Oil		1	25
	3 les. Nails	.06		18
	Tuesdary, Mar. 711	٤		
Mose	s Austin	Ør.		
) I	o z lb. Tea	1.00		50
11	1 Bar Soap			14
Contr	a .	Er.		
Øð	y 4% Doz. Eggs	.11		47
	— Wednesda <b>y</b> , Mar. 8.	th		
Fam	es C. Smith Wife			
	o 1 Pr. Hid Buskins		1	<b>\$</b> 5
John	M. Holley	Dr.		
	6 1 Yd. Silk Velvet		3	50
11	1 " Sheeting		-	15
"	🗙 '' Cambric	.10		08
"	1 Doz. Buttons			19
"	3 Sks. Silk	.04		13
	Thursday, Mar. 9th	٤		
Dani	el Watrows	Ør.		
	o 1 ll. Tea		1	00
"	3 Doz. Eggs	.18		36

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S. MI Centil	Ør.	
Ionas W. Goodrich To 3 Yds. Cafsimer	-202. .88	20
11 3 11 Shooting	.00	20
11 1% Doz. Buttons	.04	0
11 3 Sks. Silk	.04	1
Hugh Tameson	. Dr.	
To 1 Cap		8
Friday, Mar. 100	h	
Thomas Rock	Ør.	
To 3 lbs. Coffee	.14	4
11 1 11 Button		1
Thomas Nindo	Ør.	
To % Ream Foolscap Pa	apor 2.25	11
11 1 Quart Ink		5
Rov. Ira Ingraham	Ør.	
To 4 Linen Hokkes.	.44	17
Saturday, Mar. 11		
George C. Youngs	Dr.	
To 1/2 W. Tea ·	.75	3
11 1 11 Poppor		1
" 1 Gall. Molafses		4
Mondary, Mar. 15		
Reuben H. Foster Sa	muol Dr.	
To 2% Yds. Cafsimor	2.00	50
11 3 11 Sheeting	.10	3

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Lyons, Monday, Mar. 13th, 1848. James Bashford Dı. To 3 Bills. Salt. 1.12 3 36 11 100 lbs. Sugar .08% Ì 50 Lucius S. Wood Øı. To x Yd. Linen 38 .75 Tuesdary, Mar. 14th. Aaron D. Polhamus Wife Dr. To 1 Pr. Buskins 13 " 5 Yeds. M. D. Laine .31 55 -Wednesdar, Mar. 15th.— Thomas E. Dorsey Wife Dr. To 9 Yds. Calico .18 1 62 Cr. Contra By 9 Us. Butter 26 .14 James Mc Elwain Ør. To 1 File 10 11 .1 do. 9 11 4 Grofs Scrows 76 .44 Thursday, Mar. 16**t**h. Horatio N. Jaft Dr. To 10 Yds. Gingham 3 .31 10 11 1 11 Cambrie 10 Justin W. Burnham Daughter Ør. To 8% Yds. Calico .12 02 Gingham 11 6 11 .34 04 2 Trimmings " 19

94

5 Lyons, Friday, Mar. 17th, 1848. Samuel Moore Dr. To 1 Gall. Molafses 44 1 " Lamp Oil 11 13 11 1 Bar Soap 12 Romson & Polhamus C. By 2 Boxes Glafs 3.00 6 00 " Work per Bourne 50 George C. Dean Wife Ør. To 1 Pr. Hid Gloves 63 11 1 11 Rubbers 88 Saturday, Mar. 18th. -Daniel Watrous Ør. To 31/2 Yds. Blk. Bro. Cloth 5.00 17 50 '' Padding .38 11 Ж 19 🗙 11 Canvafs 11 .25 19 " Silk Sorgel 1.12 11 1/4 28 11 5 Sks. Silk .04 20 Cr. Contra . By Cash 12 00 – Monday, Mar. 20th. Moses Austin Ør. To 2 Brooms .13 86 '' S' Yds. Flannel 17 .62 2 Tuesdary, Mar. 21 st. Aaron D. Polhamus Ø., To 6 Yds. Alpaca .50 3 00 11 Cambria 11 1 10

95

<sup>5</sup> Lyons, Wednesday, Mar. 2	22d, 18	748	
Mils Mary Emmonds To 2 Linen Hokfs.	Dr. .38		76
Nathan Brittan/ To 9 Yds. Calico	Dr. .13	1	08
Levi I. Fulton/ To 4 Us. Butter	De. .13		52
Daniel Chapman/ . To 14 Yds. Pheeting '' 80 '' do.	Dr. .13		82
11 30 11 do. 11 2 R. Cotton Hoss	.10 .38	3	00 76
Thursday, Mar. 23d Roubon H. Fostor Wife To 12 Yds. Blue Calico	Dr. .14		68
Sustin W. Burnham	De.		·
To 1 Pr. Glovos Thomas E. Dorsey	Ør.		5.6
To 3 Brooms 11 1 Patent Pail	.13		39 31
Friday, Mar. 24th Horatio N. Taft	Ør.		
To 33 Yds. Shoeting Thomas Rock	.09 De	8	97
To 19 Yds. Curtain Eakico '' 4 Prools Thread	.12 .05	1	44 20

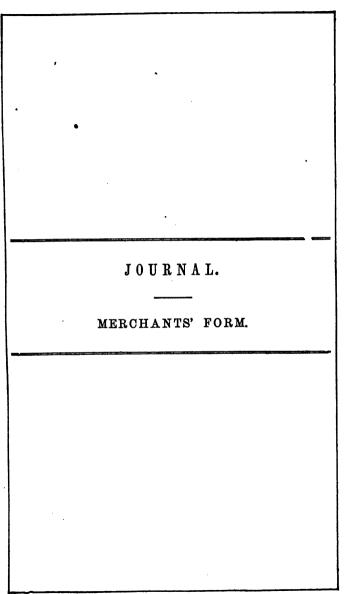
7 Lyons, Friday, Mar. 24th, 1848. Sames C. Smith Ør. To 1 Yd. Satin Vesting 3 00 11 x 11 Black Cambrie .10 08 11 1 11 White do. 13 11 14 " Twist .04 05 11 × 11 Wissan/ .12 09 11 2 Sheets Wadaing 08 .04 " & Sks. Silk 16 .04 11 × Dox. Buttons .18 09 – Saturday, Mar. 25th. -Aaron D. Polhamus Wild Dr. To 12 Yds. Italian Silk 15 00 1.25 Samuel Moore Daughter Ør. Jo 1 Pr. Buskins 18 – Mondary, Mar. 27 ih. – Thomas Ninde Ør. To 1 Set F. Blue Tea Ward 3 50 John M. Holley Dr. To 6 Yds. Flannel 3 00 .50 — Tuesdary, Mar. 28th. Nathan Brittan/ Wife Ør. To 1 Pr. Kid Bushins 25 Justin W. Burnham Ør. To 9 Us. Sugar .10 90 11 4 11 Rice .05 80 11 2 11 Coffee 30 .15

Ì Lyons, Wednesday, Mar. 29th, 1848. Daniel Chapman Ør. To 25 Us. Sugar .08 2 00 11 10 11 Coffee .15 50 Sames Rogers Ør. To 32 Yds. Brown Factory 8 88 .09 Thursday, Mar. 30th. -Abram L. Beaumont Ør. To 31 Uds. Brown Sheeting .09 8 79 " 6 Spools Thread 30 .05 Joseph M. Demmon Ør. To 128 Us. Coffee. 18 16 .09% Fridary, Mar. 31 st. ---Lovi S. Fulton/ Dr. To 9 Yds. M. D. Laind .31 2 79 " 4 Sks. Silk .04 16 Lucius S. Wood Ør. To 2 Linen Hokfs. 88 .44 Horatio N. Taft Ør. To 2 Bed Cords .25 50

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	a de la companya de l			
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;	Lyons, Ianuary, 184	8.		
1	Pierce & Wilson/Er. By Merchandise per Invoice/	•	173	00
1	Magie, Sanderson & Co. Cr. By Merchandise per Invoice/		480	00
Я	Benedict & Rockwell .Cr. By Merchandise per Invoice		897	00
3	Ioseph M. Demmon/ Dr. I To 230 Yds. B. Sheeting ,08 '' 18 '' R. Flannel ,58 '' 3 Doz. Sp. Thread ,18 31 '' 110 Us. Sugar ,10	1 8 40 1 8 24 1 44 1 7 00	55	0ŝ
	Moses Austin/Dr. 4 To 17 Yds. Sheeting .05 11 20 11 Calico .13	85 2 60		
	11 11 7 11 Alpava .50 11 10 11 Cambric .10 11 3 Sks. Silk .04	3 50 1 00 12		
	11 4 Sheets Wadding .04 15 11 30 Yds. Sheeting .10 18 11 10 Us. Cotton Yarn .19 31 11 10 11 Sugar .10	16 3 00 1 90 1 00		
3	11 5 11 Říce .05 Contra Cr.	25	14	
	By 5 lbs. Button .13			65

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Lyons, Ianuary, 1848. George C. Doan Dı 3 To 10 Yds. M. D. Laine .31 5 3 10 Drilling 11 13 2 Doz. Buttons 30 .15 Yd. Mull Edging 18 31 Edging 1 11 04 10 11 Calico 28 .18 80 88 2 Linen Hakfs. 6 5**6** .44 Nathan Brittan/ Ør. To 2 Galls. Lamp Oil 1.25 2 6 50 30 Us. Loaf Sugar .13 3 90 1 Pr. Hid Gloves 00 17 63 6 Yds. Merino 21 1.25 7 50 3 Linen Holkfs. 32 31 .44 Yds. Trish Linen .75 50 18 35 Rov. Ira Ingraham Ør. To 5 Yds. Broad Cloth 3.50 6 17 50 1 Satin Vest Pattern/ 5 50 Trimmings 75 3 5 lbs. Coffee .15 75 10 11 Sugar .10 00 1 1 Pr. Hid Gloves 21 00 29 50 Mils Mary Emmonds Ør. 5 To 3 Yds. Linen Edging .19 57 6 " M. D. Laine .31 17 79 2 Trimmings 25 3 Yds. Frish Linen .52 25 56 4 Spools Thread .04 5 33

3 Lyons, January, 1848. Mils Mary Emmonds Cr. 5 By Cash on Acct. 17 00 Hugh Sameson 5 Dr To Merchandise per Bill rend. 8 07 8 " 6 Yds. Merino 6 24 1.12 72 5 Sheets Wadding .04 20 4 Sks. Silk 16 15 15 .04 6 John Adams Dr. To 10 Yds. Drab Fringe .68 6 8 80 3 Ps. Ribbon/ .31 93 185 lbs. Sugar 24 18 " .10 50 18 Uds. M. D. Laine . 18 28 3 24 29 47 Horatio N. Taft 6 Dr. To Paid your Order 2 38 10 1 Set F. Blue Tea Ware 3 20 50 6 3 Yds. Bk. Cafsimer 2.00 26 88 00 11 John M. Holley 7  $\mathcal{D}_{L}$ To 3 Yds. Bk. Cafsimer 2.25 6 75 10 11 20 Sks. J. Worsted .01 6 17 20 95 Lovi S. Fulton/ Dr. To 20 Us. Sugar .08 60 10 1 1 11 Jea 88 ,, Cash Personal Expenses 00 1 Pr. Fine Boots 12 00 1 ll. Tea 20 88 5 " Rice .05 25 1 oz. Nutmegs 13 10 Yds. Curt. Calico 29 11 .13 30

Lyons, January, 1848. Levi S. Fulton/ Ør. 7 18 89 To Ami. brought up 04 13 Yds. Calico 78 .06 4 Spools Thread .05 20 11 Yds. Alpaca .75 Ì 25 1 W. Spice 13 27 40 8 Alram L. Beaumont Ør. To 25 Us. Sugar .10 50 10 8 1 Pr. Rubbers 21 00 7 Yds. Flann**ol** 08 31 .44 3 .62 48 11 do. 9 06 Ì Samuel Moore Dr. To 9 Yds. M. D. Laine .44 96 12 3 1 11 Cambric 10 Drilling .12 24 " Figured Satin 00 82 // 3 Twist 1211 .04 05 Blk. Cambric .10 08 11 White 11 do. 13 3 Sks. Filk .04 12 1 Sheet Wadding 04 1/2 Doz. Rutions .18 " 09 88 28 11 1 Pr. Rubbers 2 Papers Pins .10 20 8 89 11 De. Aaron D. Polhamus 9 To 1 Cravat 12 12 32 Yds. Shirting 84 .12 3 31 // J. Linen 11 :75 3 00 1 Dox. Sp. Thread 63 59

5 Lyons, Ianuary, 1848. James C. Smith 9 Dr. To 4 Yds. Green Baize 19 .50 00 Sames Rogers 10 Cr. By 1 Pr. Fine Boots 5 00 Contra Dr To 2 Hanks L. Thread . 13 15 26 " 4 Po. Galoon .31 24 50 10 George C. Youngs Ør. To 3 Yds. Bk. Cafsimor 1.75 3 25 Trimmings ¼ lb. Tea 25 19 .88 **6**4 Gall. Molafses 44 1 lb. Pepper 13 " 1 " Spice 1.3 6 64 Contra Cr. By 2 Bush. D. Plums 2.50 5 00 Thomas Rook Dr. To 4 Yds. S. Gray Cloth .63 2 52 Sames Mc Elwain 11 Dr. To 9 Yds.M.D. Laine .28 19 8 52 1 " Cambrio 10 21 1 ll. Tobacco 25 27 9 Yds. Ticking .18 62 " Tow Cloth .31 86 16 11 Calico .08 28 10 " Gingham .25 2 50 10 13 Lucius S. Wood Ør. 19 To 1 Cravat 26 88

6 Lyons, Ianuary, 1848. Edward Mofsongor To 9 Yds. Taking 11 6 11 Tow Eloth Dr. '.18 12 62 89 .31 86 11 11 Calico .06 66 6 11 do. .05 30 " 11 8 Us. Batting .13 0\$ 5 48

7	`	Lyons, February, 18	48	•		
13		Daniel Chapman Dr.				
	1	To 4 Yds. Broad Cloth 6.00	24	00		
		" 1 1 Padding .38		19		
		11 % 11 Canvafs .25		19		
		" 1 Silk Serge 1.13		56		
		'' 5 Sks. Filk .04		20		
		11 20 Buttons		64		
	8	" 1 Pr. Rubbers		88		
		" 1 " Hid Gloves	1	00	27	66
11		Sames McChvain Dr.				
	1	To 1 Bar Soap		13		
		11 1 Cako Fanery Soap		12		
	17	11 1 lb. Tobacco		25		
	23	~		60		
		" 5 " Crushed Sugar .14		70		
		'' 1 oz. Nutmege		13	1	93
13		Ionas W. Goodrich Cr.				
	1	By 20 los. Macherel .08			1	60
		Contra Dr.				
	25	To 1 lb. Tea		75		
		11 1 11 Pepper		12		
		11 1 11 Ginger		12		
		" 2 " Saleratus .06		12	1	11
		Levi S. Fulion/ Dr.				
	1	To 20 lbs. Mackerel .08	1	60		
		11 8 11 Cuffee .12		96		
	17	" Cash for Pers. Expenses	15	00		
	81	" 10 lbs. Sugar .10	1	00		
		" 4 " Coffee .14		56		
	89			38		

	Lyons, February, 18.	48.	,		8
7	Lovi I. Fulton/ Dr. 29 To Amt. brought up 11 I Pr. Kid Gloves	19	50 88	20	38
<i>કે</i>	Abram L. Beaumont         Dr.           2         To 1 Sharvl         Dr.           8         '' 31 Yds. Br. Sheeting .10           9         '' 34 Yds. Br. Sheeting .10           19         '' 34 Yds. Broad Cloth 5.00           '' 4         '' Broad Cloth 5.00           '' 5         '' Canvafs .25           '' 4         '' Canvafs .25           '' 1         11% '' Twist .04           '' 2         '' Silk Sorge 1.12           '' 5         Sks. Silk .04           '' 1         Set Buittons	7 3 17	10	<b>29</b>	26
9	Moses Austin Dr. 3 To 1 Comfortor 19 '' 1 lb. Tea '' 8 '' Sugar . 10 Contra Cr. 3 By 8 lbs. Buttor .14 '' 4 Bush. Potatoos .38		31 88 80 12 52	1	<i>99</i>
5	<ul> <li>16 '' 4 lbs. Button .14</li> <li>Hugh I amoson/ Dr.</li> <li>3 To 3% Yds. Flannol .62</li> <li>33 '' % lb. Tea .88</li> <li>'' 4 Gall. Mola foos</li> <li>'' 1 lb. Ginger</li> </ul>	9	56 17 44 44 18	Э Э	20
	4 To 4% Yels. Crains 2.00 1 X Yels. Coating 2.00 11 X 11 Padding .58	9	00 19		

Lyons, February, 1848. Ephraim B. Price Ør. 14 To Amt. brought up 9 19 🗙 Yd. Canvafs .25 19 1 Set Buttons 75 1 Hank Thread 12 1 Vost & Trimmings 14 25 1 Yd. Linen 13 25 75 Mils Mary Emmonds Ør. 5 To 1 Spool Thread 05 5 11 1 Thimble 38 43 George C. Dean Dr. ş To 1 Looking Glass 3 00 1 Set F. B. Tea Ward 50 \* Ream F. Paper 2.25 13 12 10 Yds. Sheeting-85 .08% 24 11 20% " do. .10 2 05 28 16 " Calico .06 96 11 11 8 lbs. Batting .11 88 37 12 Cr. Contra By 100 lbs. White Lead 8 .08 00 John Adams Nr. 4 To 31 Yds. S. W. Alpaca . 52 16 12 Dr. Sames Rogers To 2 Us. Coffee .13 26 10 11 Sugar .10 00 2 Galls. Molafses 88 .44 31 Yds. Sheeting 15 .10 10 3 2 Ps. Galoon/ .31 62 4 Spools Thread .05 20

	-	Lyons, February	, 184	48.	,		10
10	15 84	Iamos Rogors To Ami. brought up 11 Mdso. por Ordor	Øs.	6 3		9	56
14		Sames Bashford	Dr.			1	
	7	To 6 Tumblers 11 20 lbs. Ref. Sugar		Ą	72 80		
	83	11 3.3½11 do. Contra	.14 Cr.	4	69	. 8	81
		By & Bush. D. Plums 11 5 11 D. Applos	2.25		50 75	ø	25
15		Rouben H. Foster	De.				
	9	To 1 Set Anivos & F '' 1 Glafs Dish	orks	2 1	00 25		
	17			2	40 63		
	36	11 7 Yels. Alpaca 11 10 11 Cambric	.50	3 1	50 00		
		11 3 Sks. <b>F</b> ilk 11 4 Shoots Wadding	04		12 16	11	06
		Contra	Cr.				
	9	By 10 Bush. Potatoos 11 8 11 Oats	.44 .32	4 2	а н	6	96
10		George C. Younge	Øs.				
	10	To y U. Cinnamon " 1 " Ginger	.38		09 12		
	16	'' 1 Bbl. Salt '' 3 Yds. Flannel 	.50	1	18 50		
		'' 9 <sup>°</sup> '' Calico '' 4 Spools Thread	.13 .05	1	17 20	4	26

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Lyons, February, 1848. Thomas Rock De 11 To 20 Yds. Calico .06 20 10 10 Us. Batting .11 10 11 " Cotton Yarn 95 .19 2 Sp. Thread .05 10 5 lbs. Coffee 70 .14 15 10 11 Ref. Sugar .14 40 8 .. Cotton Batting 88 .11 18 3 Yds. Calico .10 30 1 " Cambrie 10 6 73 Samuel Moore Dr. 8 Yds. Mull Edging .40 *80* 10 To 2 Calico .16 72 84 2 11 do. .12 20 78 Ør. Aaron D. Polhamus 9 To 9 Yds. M. D. Laine . 28 8 52 11 14 " Cambric .10 15 " Sean .16 12 79 \* Ør. Edmund Hopkins 15 To 1 Graduated Robe 50 3 1 Yd. Drilling 13 Thread 06 11 10 lbs. Sugar 11 1 Gall. Molafsos .09 90 21 .... 03 C. Contra By 1 Geography & Ailas 25 Doniel Watrous Ø. 16 To 1 Dox. Jumblers 8 lbs. Rof. Sugar .14

19 Lyons, February, 1848. Prilip G. Almy Cor. 16 By Mdse. per Invoice 12 00 Thomas Ninde Dr. 17 homas (1 vum To 34 Yd. Silk Sorge 11 36 11 do. do. 11 8 11 Calsico 11 8 11 do. 1.00 11 25 1.12 28 20 17 .15 .10 20 13 Nathan Brittan/ To9 Yds.S.W.Alpaca '' 1 '' Drilling Ør. 16 .75 6 75 12 14 lbs. Batting 23 54 .11 16 Yds. Calico .06 96 9 37 Thomas E. Dorsey Ør. 17 To 1 Bag Clasp 11 2 Linen Holkfs. 17 50 .44 88 3% Yds. Broad Cloth 3.75 22 13 13 " Sheeting .11 22 10 lbs. Sugar .10 00 11 Tea 88 16 61 Edward Mefsenger Dr. 12 To 1 Vest Pattern/ 18 00 1 Yd. Celecia 19 \* " Twilled Goods . 16 08 6 lbs. Cotton Yarn .19 86 14 3 Spools Thread .05 15 " 2 56 Horatio N. Taft To 30 Yds. Sheeting 6 Ør. 21 .10 3 00 11 1 ÖBbl. Salt 28 13

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Lyons, February, 1848. Remson & Polham**us** By Wise Cr. Sohn M. Holloy Dr. To & Galls. Lamp Oil 1.19 '' 1 Ball Wicking '' 1 Set Hnives & Forks '' 8 Yds. Flannel .56 Soseph M. Dommon/ Dr. To 19 Yds. Cant. Flannel .40 '' 33 '' Shirting .10% 

11 Lyons, March, 1848. Ør. Thomas Rook 11 To 4 Us. Cotton Batting .11 k A 11 7 Yds. Calico .08 56 11 3 Us. Coffee .14 42 10 1 11 Butter 14 12 Yds. Curt. Calico .12 h h 9 Å 4 Špools Thread 20 .05 20 3 Ør. Thomas E. Dorsey 17 To 3 Yds. Edging .08 24 11 g 11 Calico 62 .18 15 .13 11 3 Brooms 39 23 1 Patent Pail 31 2 56 Cr. Contra By 9 lbs. Butter 26 .14 15 Edward Melsenger Ør. 12 To 1% Doz. Buttons 62 .50 1 Yd. Celecia 18 \* " Twilled Goods . 18 09 " Canvafs 08 .25 x 19 Moses Austin Dr. 3 To 4 Us. Coffee 56 .14 2 1 Cinnamon .38 09 3 11 Jea 50 1.00 7 11 1 Bar Soap 14 · Brooms .13 26 20 .62 - 3½ Yds. Flannel 2 17 72 3 Cr. Contra By 4% Doz. Eggs .11 \$7

15 Lyons, March, 1848. Daniel Chapman Ør. 13 To 2% Yds. Linen 3 1.00 2 50 3 .38 " Gingham 9 42 1 Doz. Spools Thread 63 14 Yds. Sheeting .13 82 22 .10 3 00 30 11 do. .38 2 Pr. Cotton Hose 76 .08 25 los. Sugar 29 00 2 11 10 11 Coffee .15 50 15 63 Lucius S. Wood Dr. 12 To 1 Pr. Rubbers 88 ¼ Yd. Linen∕ 38 13 .75 2 Linen Hakfs. 88 31 .44 2 11 James C. Smith Ør. 9 To 1 Pr. Hid Gloves 00 3 Linen Hakfs. .42 26 1 do. do 63 8 1 Pr. Hid Buskins 25 Yd. Satin Vesting 21 00 11 Blk. Cambric 08 .10 White 11 do. 13 Twist 1/2 11 .04 05 Wiggan/ .12 11 09 2 Sheets Wadding 08 .04 4 Sks. Bilk .04 16 11 % Dox. Buttons 7 82 .18 09 Mils Mary Emmonds Ør. 5 To 1 Pr. Buskins 6 13 2 Linen Hokfs. .38 29 11

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16 Lyons, March, 1848. ж Abram L. Beaumont È Dr. Jo 1 Pr. Rubbers 6 00 31 Yds. Br. Sheeting 30 .09 2 79 11 6 Spools Thread .05 30 09 Nathan Brittan/ Ør. Jo 1 Gall. Lamp Oil 6 25 3 lbs. Nails 18 .06 11 9 Yds. Calico 22 08 .12 28 1 Pr. Rid Buskins 25 3 76 John M. Hollory 7 Ør. To 1 Yd. Silk Velvet 8 50 3 1 '' Sheeting 15 " Cambric 08 .10 1 Dox. Buttons 19 3 Sks. Silk .04 12 27 6 Yds. Flannel .50 00 3 7 04 16 Daniel Watrous Ør. To 1 W. Tea 9 00 3 Doz. Eggs .12 36 3% Yds. Öð. Øð. Cloth 5.00 18 50 Padding .38 11 19 Canvafs // .25 x 19 Sith Sorge \* " 28 1.12 11 5 Sks. Silk .04 20 78 19 Contra Cr. By Cash 12 00 Sonas W. Goodrich Ør. To 3 Yds. Cafsimer .88 9 64 11 3 11 Sheeting .10

17	Lyons, March, 18.	48.		
13	Ionas W. Goodrich Dr. 9 To Amt. brought up 11 14 Doz. Buttons .04 11 3 Sks. Silk .04	<b>3</b> 0	05	11
5	Hugh Samoson/ Dr. 9 To 1 Cap			88
17.	Thomas Ninde' Dr. 10 To % Ream F. Paper 2.25 '' 1 Quart Ink 27 '' 1 Set F. Blue Tea Ware'		50	13
4	Rov. Sra Ingraham/Dr. 10 To 4 Linon Hilkfs			76
10	George C. Youngs Dr. 11 To % b. Tea .75 '' 1 '' Popper '' 1 Gall. Molafses	1	12 14	94
15	Rouben H. Foster Dr. 13 To 24 Yds. Cafsimer 2.00 '' 3 '' Sheeting .10 '' Buttons 25 '' 12 Yds. Colus Calico .14	. 5	80 16	04
14	Samos Bashiford Dr. 13 To 3 Bbls. Sali 1.19 '' 100 lbs. Sugar .08% Aaron D. Polhamus Dr.	ۍ و. د هر	96 50 11	86
	14 To 1 Pr. Buskins	1	13	

. 18 Lyons, March, 1848. Aaron D. Polhamus Ør. 9 To Amt. brought up 11 13 5 Yds. M. D. Laine .31 55 6 " Alpaca 1 " Cambric .50 00 21 10 Italian Silk 1.25 1211 00 78 25 15 20 Sames McChwain Ø. 11 To 1 File 15 10 1 do. 09 " 4 Grofs Scrows 76 .44 95 Horatio N. Taft Dr 6 To 10 Yds. Gingham .31 16 3 " Cambrio 10 33 '' Sheeting 21 .09 11 97 11 2 Bod Cords 31 .25 67 50 6 18 Justin W. Burnham Dr. To 8× Yeds. Calico .12 16 02 Gingham/ .34 2 04 Trimmings 19 1 Pr. Gloves 23 11 28 9 lbs. Sugar 90 " .10 A " Rice .05 20 " 11 2 11 Coffee 09 .15 30 5 8 Ør. Samuel Moore 17 To 1 Gall. Molafse 44 " Lamp Oil 13 1 Bar Soap 1 Pr. Buskins 25

Lyons, March, 1848. Cr. Remsen & Polhamus By 2 Boxes Glafs '' Work per Bourne 3.00 George C. Dean/ To 1 Pr. Kid Gloves '' 1 '' Rubbers Ør. Lovi S. Fulton/ Ør. To 4 Us. Butter .13 11 9 Yds. M. D. Laine .31 11 4 Sks. Silk .04 Sames Rogers To 32 Yds. Bro. Factory Dr. .09 Foseph M. Demmon To 128 lbs. Coffee Ør. .09% 

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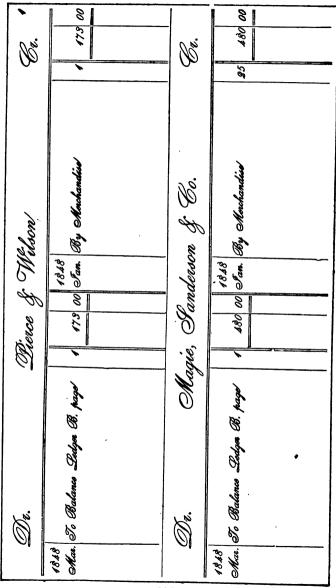
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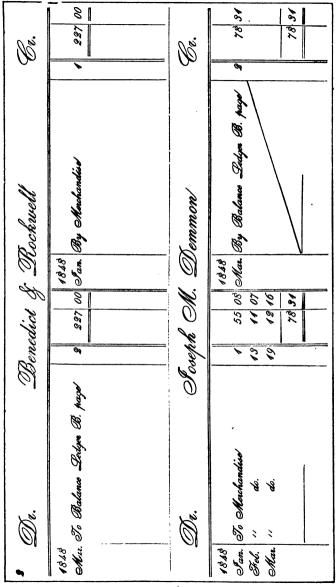
T Taft, Horatio N. X 6 Youngs, Geo. C. V 10 W Warrous, Daniel Wood, Lucius S. Z 16 12 •

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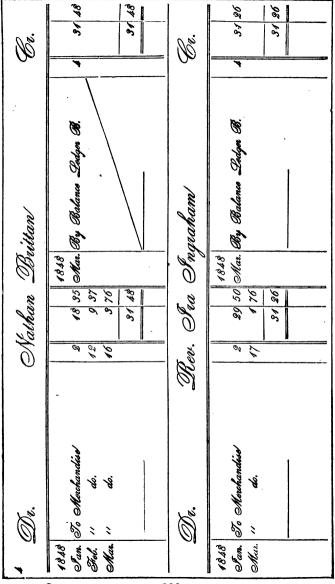
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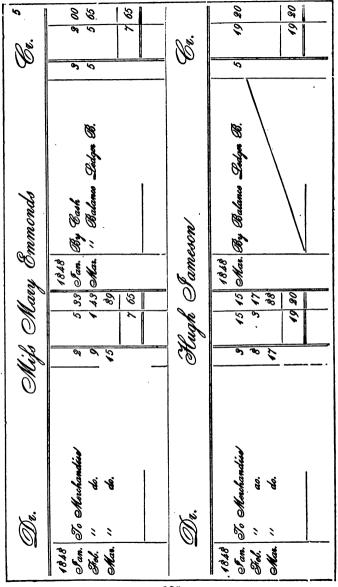


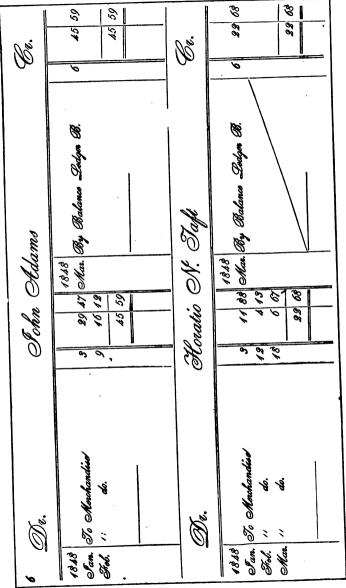


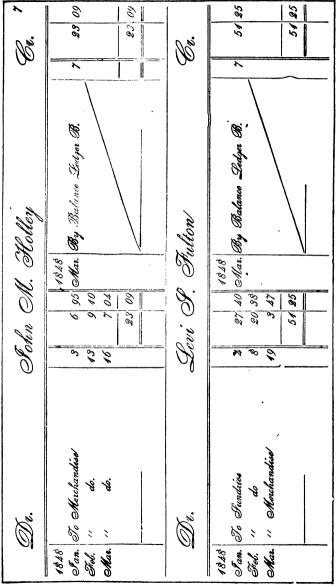
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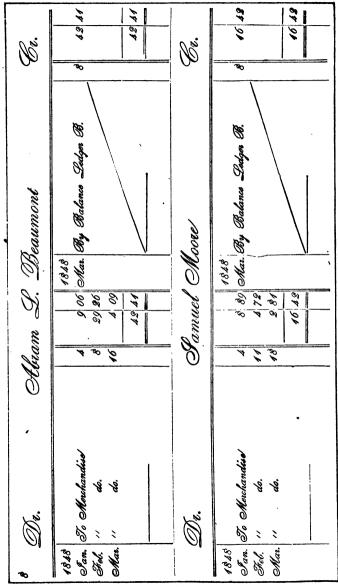


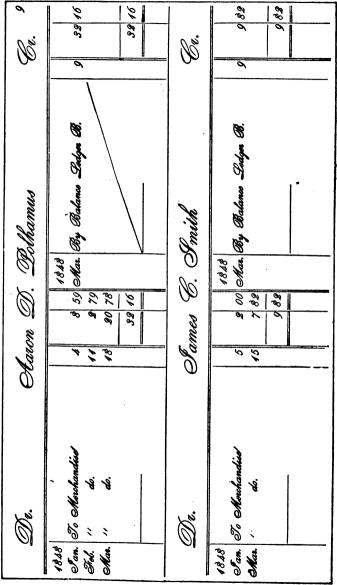






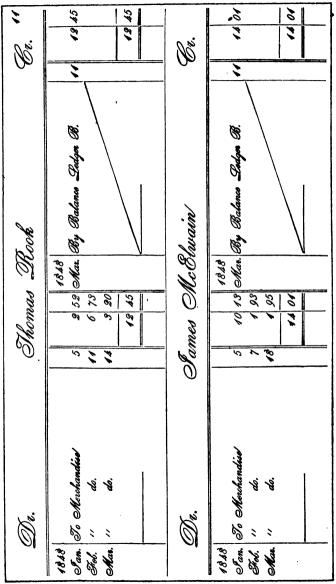


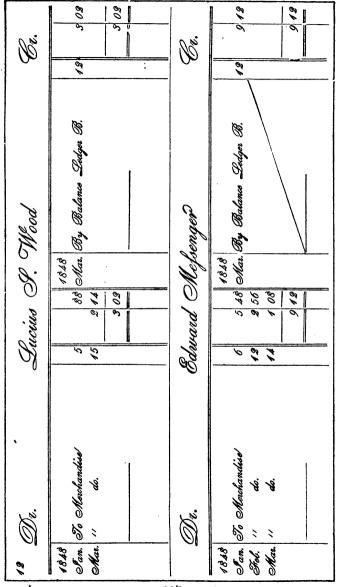




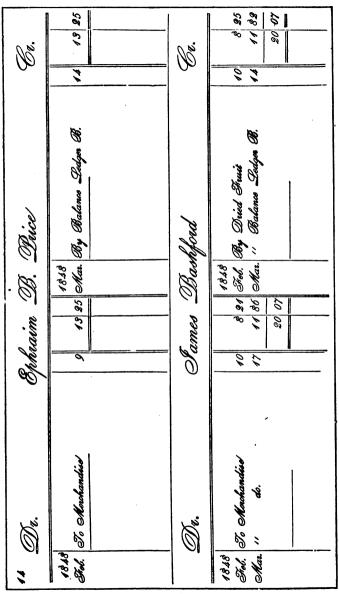
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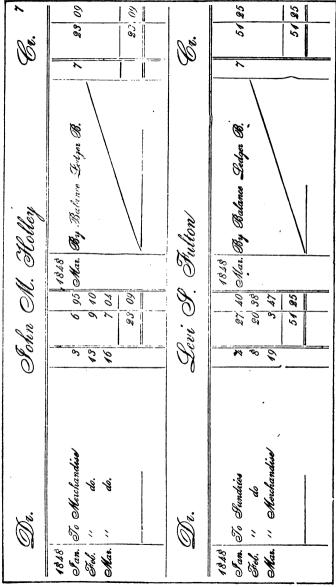


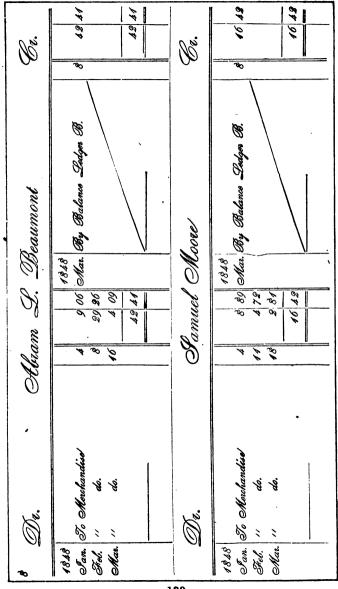
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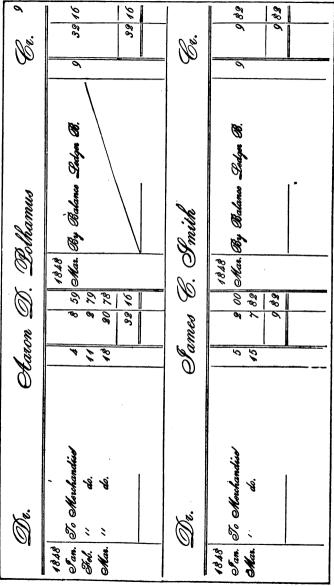


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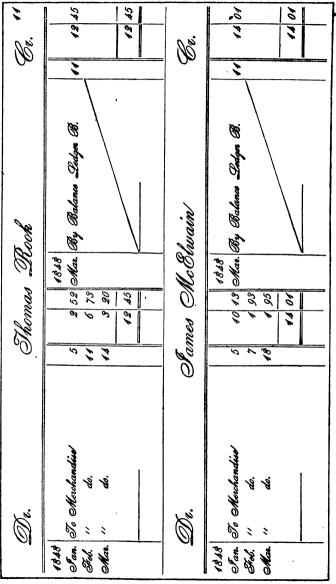
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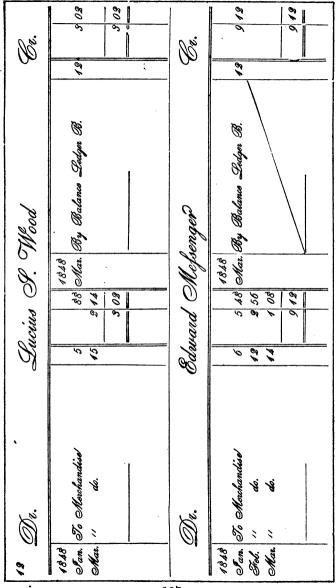




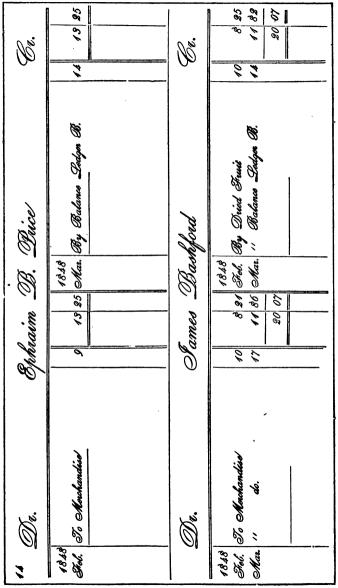


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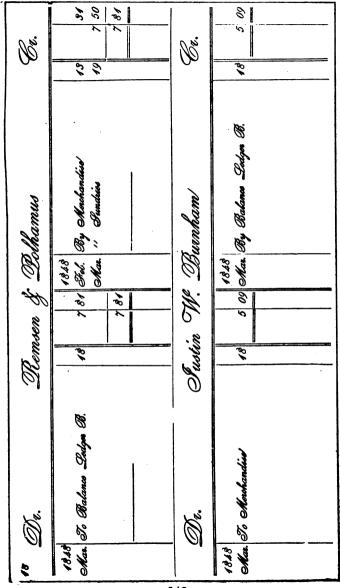
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# PETTY CASH-BOOK.

This book should be ruled like the Journal, as in the form on the following pages. The word *Cash* should be written in a bold hand at the top of the page, near the centre, with Dr. over the left-hand money columns, and Cr. over the right.

The receipts of cash should be entered in the debit columns, and the disbursements in the credit columns, and balanced every night. For example, see the opposite page.

This book may be written on the last three or four pages of the Journal. For the purpose of making it more practical, I have given a narrative of the receipts and payments of cash, from the 10th to the close of the month, leaving it for the learner to enter it, in the proper form, in the Cash-Book, balancing and bringing down the balances every night.

For another form of this Cash-Book, see page 148.

Note.—It is often difficult to make pupils understand the propriety of making Cash debit when it is received, and credit when it is paid away.

This difficulty may be obviated by explaining to them the original meaning of the word Cash. The word originally signified Chest, or place where money was kept, instead of money itself. Now, if I placed all the money I received in a certain box, I could at any time tell by my books how much there was in it, if I made the box Dr. for all sums put into it, and Cr. for all sums taken out. Just so with Cash. Wherever I receive money, I put it in some place, and calling this place Cash, make it Dr. for the amount placed there, the same as I would a person, if I placed the money in his hands for safekeeping. And so, whenever I take out any money from the place where I keep it, and pay it away, I give Cash credit for The difference, then, between the Dr. and Cr. sides of the it. Cash account thus kept, shows how much money I have on hand.

Cash Dr. Cr. 1848 2,000 00 3 To Stock Jan. By Expenses to N. York 37 00 March. of Sund. Parsons 1,805 00 11 Freight on Merchandise 124 11 00 Balance on hand 11 34 00 2,000 2,000 00 00 To Balance brought down 34 00 By Wood of Westfall 00 8 11 Postage 35 To Merch. Sales this day 81 5 By Balance on hand 31 49 39 84 84 39 5 To Balance brought down 31 49 By Sundries 57 " Sawing Wood 00 " Cartage 75 4 92 To Merch. Sales this day By Balance on hand 30 09 41 36 41 36 6 To Balance brought down 30 04 By Adv in Western Argus 00 ۶ Wayne Co. Whig do. .9 50 11 Postage 25 To Morch. Sales this day 27 10 By Balance on hand 61 33 40 36 40 36

	Cash	De.	Cs.
1848 San.	7 To Balance brought up By Blank Book '' Morchandiso/	33 61	2 75 5 86
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	8 To Balance brought down/ By Merchandise/ 11 Express Charges 11 Fournal of Com. Subs.	30 00	4 74 1 25 2 00
	'' Postage' To Merch. Sales this day By Balance on hand	.11 74	20 40 43
		48 68	48 62
_	10 To Balance brought down/	40 43	

January 10th. Paid for personal expenses, \$8.00; a blank book, 75c.; errand boy, 6c.; postage, 15c. Received for merchandise sales this day, \$15.74. 11th. Paid for 1 gal. of camphene, 56c.; parallel rule, 50c.; merchandise bought of a peddler, \$7.50. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$9.63. 12th. Paid for postage, 25c.; one gross Gillott's pens, \$1.25; merchandise bought at Rochester, \$25.00. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$14.55. 13th. Paid for a bottle of red ink, 13c.; hand-bills, \$2.00. Received for merchandise sales this day, \$12.64. 14th. Paid for repairing blinds, \$2.50; wrapping paper, \$3.00; postage, 10c.; envelopes, 12c.; wafers, 10c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$10.13. 15th. Paid for express charges, \$1.50; postage, 15c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$7.96. 17th. Paid for cartage,

25c.; for hardware bought of J. M. French & Co., \$17.50; postage, 20c. Received of Miss Mary Emmonds, on account. \$2.00. Merchandise sold this day, \$16.74. 18th. Paid for postage, 5c.; bill paper, 75c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$8.63. 19th. Paid for the use of a horse and buggy to Canandaigua, \$1.50; expenses, 75c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$11.92. 20th. Paid for one cord of wood, \$2.25; postage, 20c.; errand boy, 6c.; cartage, 25c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$17.04. 21st. Paid for advertising in the "Whig," \$1.00; sawing wood, 75c.; postage, 5c.; a lot of bed cords, \$5.00. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$6.34. 22d. Paid for camphene lamp wicks, 31c.; postage, 15c.; 1/2 ream of letter paper, \$2.00. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$13.57. 24th. Paid for one gallon of camphene, 56c.; postage, 25c.; ink-stand, 50c.; cartage, 25c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$15.32. 25th. Paid for 1000 business cards, \$3.00; one ream foolscap paper, \$3.50; one doz. pass-books. \$1.00. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$9.44. 26th. Paid for making store shelves, \$2.50; postage, 5c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$11.88. 27th. Paid for a camphene lamp, \$4.00; express charges, 50c.; merchandise, \$14.13; cartage, 25c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$14.23. 28th. Paid for postage, 15c.; a tin wash dish, 31c. Received for merchandise sold this day. \$8.49. 29th. Paid for two doz. whips, \$15.00; a new stove for the store, \$4.50; fixing the pipe, 50c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$15.94. 31st. Paid for store rent, \$25.00; postage, 10c.; four doz. brooms, \$8.00; cartage, 25c.; errand boy, 6c. Received for merchandise sold this day, \$18.63.

On the next page will be found another method of keeping the Cash-Book. Where the page is divided into two equal parts, and the Dr. and Cr. entries separated, and each placed on its appropriate side of the account, it is balanced every night, and the balance brought down. The learner may practice both forms, making use of the same transactions in this as in the preceding form.

37 00 8 00 35 39 84 1,805 00 124 00 34 00 2,000,00 31 49 j, 3 By Exponses to New York '' Aldre. of Sundry Persons '' Freight on Morchandis 4 By Wood of Westfall " Postage " Balance on hand Palance on hand : 1848 2,000 00 Jan. 34 00 Jan. Cash 5 84 39 84 49 2,000 00 31 " Mass. Pales this Day 5 To Balance brought down 3 To Lovi O. Fulion 1 To Balance on hand Q, Can. Can. 1848 Jan.

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# PRACTICAL EXERCISES.

# MERCHANT'S FORM.

For the purpose of giving a more practical knowledge of the foregoing form of books, we have given on the following pages a Memorandum of the transactions as they occurred, for the months of April, May, and June, giving the price per yard, pound, ounce, gallon, or piece, leaving the amount to be extended by the learner.

Before commencing the Day-Book, transfer the balances from the last Ledger to the new one, making the persons that are indebted to you debtor "To Balance from Ledger A," and the persons to whom you are indebted credit "By Balance from Ledger A," placing the number of the page from whence the account was transferred in the column appropriated for that purpose, so that, in case of necessity, the old account may be more readily referred to.

The transactions on the following pages may now be recorded in the blank Day-Book in the same manner as in the preceding form. After writing one month, Journalize and Post it according to the directions previously given.

If the balances of the accounts in Ledger A are properly transferred to Ledger B, and the transactions on the following pages correctly recorded, journalized, and posted, the accounts in Ledger B will, with the exception of the account of Levi S. Fulton, all balance.

The learner may, if he chooses, substitute his own name for that of Levi S. Fulton; and instead of Lyons, at the top of the page in the Day-Book and Journal, he may insert his own place of residence.

## MEMORANDUM.

## APRIL

1st. Bot. of Remsen & Polhamus 4 lbs. wrought nails, at 16c. Sold Horatio N. Taft, per vife, 10 yds. gingham, at

3d. Sold Ephraim B. Price 2 vds. satinet. at 75c. : Rev. 81c. Ira Ingraham, per daughter, 3 linen handkerchiefs, at 44c., and 1 yd. linen, at 75c. 4th. Sold George C. Dean, per wife, 8 yds. gingham, at 31c., 1 yd. cambric, at 10c., and 2 spools thread, at 5c. 5th. Sold Moses Austin 1 oz. nutmegs, at 13c., and 3 yds. sheeting, at 10c. ; James McElwain, 4 yds. satinet. at \$1.12, and 2 vds. cassimer. at \$1.50. 6th. Sold Daniel Watrous 4 lbs. butter, at 14c. ; Abram L. Beaumont, 2 puir small shoes, at 56c.; Thomas E. Dorsey, 14 yds. sheeting, at 11c., 30 yds. sheeting, at 9c., and 2 yds. Irish linen, at 75c. Bot. of Thomas E. Dorsey 14 lbs. butter. at 14c. 7th. Sold John Adams 150 lbs. sugar, at 9c. 8th. Sold Samuel Moore 9 yds. flannel, at 50c.; Miss Mary Emmonds, 3 yds. velvet ribbon, at 13c., and 1 pair silk gloves, at 63c., and she has paid me \$6.67 to balance her account. 10th. Sold Thomas Rook 1 set buttons, at 75c., 1 hank thread, at 13c., 1 pair buskins. at \$1.13, 9 yds. calico, at 12c., and 3 skeins silk, at 4c. 11th. Sold Horatio N. Taft 1 looking-glass, at \$8.00; Thomas E. Dorsey, 2 yds. calico, at 8c., 7 lbs. coffee, at 10c., 2 lbs. refined sugar, at 14c., and 1 lb. Young Hyson tea, at 88c. 12th. Sold Ephraim B. Price 9 yds. calico, at 19c., and 3 yds. calico, at 10c.; Jonas W. Goodrich, 3 yds. black cassimer, at \$2.00: John M. Holley, per wife, 10 yds, calico, at 15c., 2 linen handkerchiefs, at 40c., and 8 window glass, at 5c. 13th. Bot. of Remsen & Polhamus a bill of goods amounting to \$13.10. Sold James McElwain, per Newson, 12 yds. calico, at 12c. 14th. Sold Nathan Brittan 1 gallon lamp oil, at \$1.25. Bought of Moses Austin 10 lbs. butter. at 14c., 4 doz. eggs. at 10c. Sold Levi S. Fulton 6 lbs. butter, at 14c.; Rev. Ira Ingraham, per wife, 4 yds. ribbon, at 20c., and 4 skeins silk, at 4c. 15th. Sold Justin W. Burnham 3 yds, cambric, at 10c., and 2 yds. green baize, at 50c. ; John Adams, 26 yds. muslin de laine. at 25c. 17th. Sold George C. Dean 6 yds. cambric, at 10c., and 3 yds. drilling, at 12c. 18th. Sold Daniel Watrous 2 sheets pasteboard, at 10c., and 5 yds. ribbon, at 15c.; Abram L. Beaumont, per wife, 3 yds. bonnet ribbon, at 55c., and 4 skeins silk, at 4c. 19th. Sold James Rogers 5 lbs. butter, at 14c.

Bot. of James Rogers 1 pair gaiter boots, at \$2.00. Sold Horatio N. Taft 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00, and 2 linen handkerchiefs, at 44c. Bot. of John Adams a bill of goods for L. S. Wood, \$3.75. 20th. Sold John M. Holley & lb. cinnamon. at 38c., 5 lbs. raisins, at 18c., and 1 oz. nutmeas, at 12c. Sold Rev. Ira Ingraham 7 yds. carpeting, at 85c. 21st. Sold George C. Dean 23 yds. cassimer, at \$1.50, and 1 yd. sheeting. Sold Jonas W. Goodrich 12 yds. calico, at 20c.. and at 10c. 1 hank thread, at 15c. 22d. Sold James McElwain 12 lbs. sugar. at 9c., 5 lbs. Old Java coffee, at 15c., and 2 lbs. tea, at Paid Lucius S. Wood, cash, \$25.00. 24th. Sold 75c. Samuel Moore 1 set knives and forks, at \$2.75. Samuel Moore has paid me cash, on account, \$12.00. Sold Thomas E. Dorsey 2 gals. molasses, at 50c. Bot. of Thomas E. Dorsey 8 lbs. butter, at 13c. ; and he has paid me cash, on account. \$5.00. Sold Aaron D. Polhamus 7 lbs. cotton yarn, at 20c., and 11 yds. calico, at 15c. 26th. Sold Daniel Watrous 16 yds, shirting, at 12c., and 11 yd. Irish linen, at 75c. ; Abram L. Beaumont, 11 yds. gingham, at 28c., and 2 yds. drilling, at 11c. 27th. Sold Nathan Brittan 1 patent pail, at 31c., 1 washtub, at \$1.25, 6 brooms, at 13c.; and he has paid me cash, on account, \$8.00. 28th. Sold James C. Smith 3 yds. black cassimer, at \$2.25, 1 yd. sheeting, at 12c., and buttons, at 6c. ; Reuben H. Foster, 1 lb. Young Hyson tea, at 88c. 29th. Sold Thomas Rook 27 yds. sheeting, at 10c. Bot. of Thomas Rook 12 lbs. butter, at 13c., and 4 doz. eggs, at 9c. Sold Levi S. Fulton 5 lbs. butter, at 13c., and 2 doz. eggs, at 9c.; Horatio N. Taft, 9 yds. ticking, at 19c., 1 hank thread, at 12c.; and he has paid me cash, on account, \$10.00. 29th. Sold Justin W. Burnham 6 yds. merino, at \$1.25, 8 yds. cambric, at 10c., 4 sheets wadding, at 4c., and 4 skeins silk, at 4c. Sent Pierce & Wilson, New York, draft at sight on H. Dwight, jr., for \$173.00; Magie, Sanderson, & Co., New York, a draft at 10 days' sight on H. Dwight, jr., for \$480.00; Benedict & Rockwell, New York, a draft at sight on H. Dwight, ir., for \$227.00.

## MAY

1st. Sold Justin W. Burnham 31, yds. bonnet ribbon, at 44c.; and he has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$16.55. 2d. Sold Daniel Watrous 1 gross screws, at 44c. ; John M. Holley, 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00; Thomas Ninde, 31, yds. calico, at 15c., 21 yds. do., at 18c., 1 paper pins, at 10c., 10 lbs. sugar, at 10c.; and he has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$9.34. 3d. Sold John M. Holley, per wife, 6 yds. alpaca, at 75c., and 1 pair gloves, at 44c. ; Daniel Chapman, 23 yds. linen, at 75c., 3 yds. flannel, at 62c., and 1 pair gloves, at 44c.; Moses Austin, 30 yds. sheeting, at 10c. 4th. Sold Remsen & Polhamus 31 yds. satinet, at \$1.00; Edward Messenger, 21 yds. cambric, at 10c., 3 lbs. batting, at 11c., and 11 doz. buttons, at 25c. 5th. Sold Thomas E. Dorsey 8 yds. sheeting, at 10c., 9 yds. do., at 15c., 11 yds. silk, at \$1.00, 3 yds. ribbon, at 25c., 2 oz. indigo. at 13c., and 1 whitewash brush, at 63c. Edward Messenger has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$10.08. 6th. Sold Edmund Hopkins, per wife, 10 yds. calico, at 15c., and 6 uds. do., at 10c. 8th. Sold Reuben H. Foster 17 yds. sheeting, at 11c. ; Jonas W. Goodrich, 12 yds. calico, at 8c., and 51 lbs. batting, at 12c. 9th. Sold Ephraim B. Price 4 yds. cambric, at 10c., and 2 yds. drilling, at 13c. Bot. of Ephraim B. Price 8 lbs. cod fish, at 41c. Sold Levi S. Fulton 8 lbs. cod fish, at 44c. Paid him cash, for personal expenses, \$14.75. 10th. Sold John M. Holley, per daughter, 1 dress handkerchief, at \$1.25, 1 linen handkerchief, at 40c., and 4 yds. cambric, at 11th. Sold Samuel Moore, per daughter, 1 parasol, at 10c. \$2.50, and 1 paper pins, at 10c.; Horatio N. Taft, 1 lb. Young Hyson tea, at 88c. 12th, Sold Abram L. Beaumont, per Ellen. 1 yd. ribbon, at 25c., 5 yds. do., at 8c., and 5 yds. edging, at 15c. ; John M. Holley, per wife, 4 yds. black silk edging, at 44c.; Edmund Hopkins, 4 yds. shirting, at 12c.; and he has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$6.36. 13th. Sold Thomas E. Dorsey, per daughter, 1 China hat, at \$3.75; and bought of him 8 lbs. butter, at 13c. 16th. Sold James McElwain 14 lbs. butter, at 13c., and 2 lbs. Young Hyscn tea, at 88c. 17th. Sold Reuben H. Foster, per Susan, 1 varasol, at

\$2.00; Moses Austin, per wife, 4 lbs. batting, at 11c., 14 doz. buttons, at 25c., 3 yds, ribbon, at 15c. ; and bought of him 16 Ibs. butter, at 13c. 18th. Sold Jonas W. Goodrich, per Melville, 1 vest pattern, at 88c., and trimmings, at 38c. 19th. Sold Samuel Moore 10 lbs. nails, at 6c. ; James Rogers, per wife, 4 yds. toweling, at 10c., 9 yds. shirting, at 15c., 3 yds. drilling, at 12c., 3 spools thread, at 5c., and 3 skeins silk, at 20th. Sold Abram L. Beaumont 1 roll window paper, at 4c. 31c., 1 roll tape, at 6c., 6 yds. French calico, at 25c., and 2 yds. ribbon, at 5c. ; John Adams, per son, 26 yds. gingham, at 30c.; George C. Dean, 10 lbs. cotton yarn, at 20c. 22d. Sold Nathan Brittan 1 paper black tea, at 44c.; Levi S. Fulton, 9 yds. ticking, at 15c.; Ephraim B. Price, 10 yds. French calico. at 25c. 23d. Sold James McElwain, per wife, 1 parasol, at \$2.25, 2 linen handkerchiefs, at 38c., 2 pair cotton hose, at 20c., and 2 papers pins, at 10c. 24th. Sold James C. Smith 8 lbs. rice, at 5c., 2 lbs. tea. at 88c., 8 lbs. Old Java coffee, at 15c., and 4 lbs. refined sugar, at 14c. 25th. Sold Daniel Watrous 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00; Lucius S. Wood, 1 pair kid gloves, at 88c.; Levi S. Fulton, 2 linen handkerchiefs, at 44c. 26th. Sold Daniel Chapman 1 cravat, at \$1.13, and 3 linen handkerchiefs, at 88c. 27th. Sold Ephraim B. Price 6 yds. merino, at \$1.25, and 7 skeins silk, at 4c. 30th. Sold Nathan Brittan 2<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> yds. cassimer, at \$2.00 ; Joseph M. Demmon, 20 lbs. cotton batting, at 9<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub>c. 31st. Sold James Royers 8 yds. jean, at 16c. ; George  $\overline{C}$ . Dean, 6 yds. flannel, at 44c., and 2 yds. Irish linen, at 75c.

## JUNE

1st. Sold Abram L. Beaumont 7 yds. blue calico, at 12c.,  $12\frac{1}{2}$  yds. summer goods, at 23c., 6 yds. factory, at 10c., 10 lbs. cotton yarn, at 20c.,  $1\frac{1}{4}$  doz. buttons, at 4c., and 1 hank linen thread, at 13c.; Nathan Brittan, 2 pair cotton hose, at 38c. 2d. Sold Moses Austin 2 rolls window paper, at 31c., and 2 palm leaf hats, at 20c.; and he has given me his note at 30 days, to balance his account, for \$17.61. Sold John Adams 4 bbls. salt, at \$1.00, 32 lbs. refined sugar, at 13c.; and he has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$77.80. 3d. Sold James

Rogers 4 yds. gimp, at 25c. ; John M. Holley, 11 yds. lawn, at 31c., 1 yd. drilling, at 13c., and 2 pair whalebones, at 4c. 5th. Sold Thomas Rook 1 vest pattern, at 75c., 21 yds. cassimer, at \$1.00, 5 yds. lawn, at 20c., 1 pair walking shoes, at \$1.00, 1 bonnet, at \$3.00, 2 spools thread, at 5c., and 4 lbs. coffee, at 10c. Bot. of him 371 lbs. butter, at 13c., 8 doz. eggs, at 10c.; and he has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$19.55. 6th. Bot. of George C. Youngs 20 lbs. ham, at 84c., 31 lbs. do., at 8c.; and he has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$2.66. Sold Lucius S. Wood 5 yds. brown linen, at 31c., and thread, at 6c. 7th. Sold James Rogers 10 yds. linen gingham, at 38c., 6 yds. sheeting, at 11c., 2 yds. edging, at 15c., and 2 skeins silk, at 4c.; Ephraim B. Price, per wife, 1 parasol, at \$2.25. 8th. Sold James McElwain 1 bar soap, at 16c. ; Daniel Watrows, 4 yds. linen goods, at 31c., buttons, at 6c.; and he has paid me cash. to balance his account, \$17.14. 9th. Sold Thomas E. Dorsey, per Juliet, purse twist, 75c., and steel beads, 75c. ; George C. Dean, 2] yds. gingham, at 31c. 10th. Sold Nathan Brittan 12 yds. barred mull, at 31c., 2 pair cotton hose, at 38c.; and he has given me his note at 3 months, to balance his account, for 12th. Sold Abram L. Beaumont 8 lbs. nails. at 6c. : \$38.25. John M. Holley, 3 yds. edging, at 8c., 3 spools thread, at 5c., and 2 skeins silk, at 4c. James Bashford has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$11.82. 13th. Sold Daniel Chapman 10 yds. alpaca, at 75c., 103 yds. calico, at 7c., 1 yd. cambric, at 10c., and 1 vd. drilling, at 13c. Paid Levi S. Fulton cash. for personal expenses, \$25.00. 14th. Sold James C. Smith 13 yds. shirting, at 13c., 24 yds. Irish linen, at 88c., 54 yds. calico, at 7c., 3 spools thread, at 5c., and 4 skeins silk, at 4c. George C. Dean has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$27,14. 15th. Sold Reuben H. Foster 2 gals. molasses, at 44c., and 1 gal. lamp oil, at \$1.00. 16th. James McElwain has given me his note at 3 months, to balance his account, for \$33.61. Sold Aaron D. Polhamus 1 yd. satin vesting, at \$3.25, 1 yd. black cambric, at 10c., 1 yd. white do., at 13c., and 1 doz. buttons, at 25c. 17th. Sold Thomas E. Dorsey 8 yds. blue calico, at 13c., 4 yds. sheeting, at 8c., 3 lbs. batting, at 12c. Bot. of him 184

ibs. butter, at 13c.; and he has paid me cash, to balance his account. \$27.24. 19th. Reuben H. Foster has given me his note at 3 months, to balance his account, for \$17.77. Sold Samuel Moore 2 rolls window paper, at 31c., 3 brooms, at 18c.; and he has given me his note at 30 days, to balance his account, for 20th. Sold Ephraim B. Price 14 yds. shirting, at \$16.03. 12c., 2 yds. linen, at 75c., 4 yds. calico, at 6c., and 1 doz. spools thread, at 63c. 21st. Sold Abram L. Beaumort 11 yds. Oregon plaid, at 31c., 1 vd. drilling, at 13c., 1 vd. cambric, at 10c., 1 spool thread, at 5c.; and he has given me his note at 60 days. to balance his account, for \$62.63. 22d. Daniel Chapman has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$59.62. Sold Jonas W. Goodrich 9 yds. gingham, at 28c., trimmings, at 31c. ; and he has puid me cash, to balance his account, \$16.88, 23d, John M. Holley has given me his note at 6 months, to balance his account. for \$40.74. Sold Rev. Ira Ingraham 4 pair cotton hose, at 40c.; and he has paid me cash. to balance his account. \$41.84. 24th. Sold Hugh Jameson 3 vds. satinet, at 75c. 27th. Credited Aaron D. Polhamus for the balance of his account, charged to Remsen & Polhamus, \$38.82; and charged Remsen & Polhamus for the balance of A. D. Polhamus' account, \$38.82. Remsen & Polhamus have paid me cash, to balance their account, \$20.77. 28th. Sold James C. Smith 30 yds. sheeting, at 10c.; and he has given me his note at 3 months. to balance his account, \$28.26. 29th. Hugh Jameson has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$21,45. Sold Horatio N. Taft 3 vds. black cassimer, at \$2.00, 2½ yds. sheeting, at 10c., 1 spool thread, at 5c.; and he has given me his note at 60 days, to balance his account, for \$34.67. 30th. Sold Ephraim B. Price 18 yds. brown fuctory, at 10c. ; and he has given me his note at 4 months, to balance his account, for \$35,44. Credited Incius S. Wood for 6 months' services as clerk, at \$20.00. Paid him, cash, \$35.74, and given my note at 4 months, to balance his account, for \$50.00. Gave Philip G. Almy my note at 30 days, to balance his account, for \$42.00. James Rogers has paid me cash, to balance his account, \$17.14. Joseph M. Demmon has paid me cash, to balance his account. \$80.21.

Lovi C. Fullon 17 61 Stats 2 30 da. Subs 33 25 11 10 3 mu. Cleft. 33 61 11 16 3 mu. 11
Lovi G. Fullon 17 61 Same 2 30 da. Suly 33 25 11 10 3 mo. Sept. 33 61 11 16 3 mo.
Lovi S. Fullon 17 61 Sum 2 30 de. Cuty 33 25 11 10 3 mu. Clipt. 33 61 11 16 3 mu. 11
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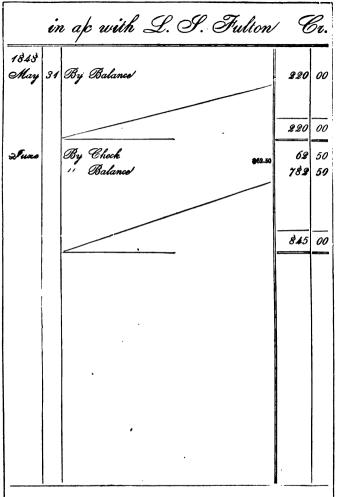
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		Ø	Bills Payable	Paya	fle					
Ň	Maker's Name.	Payee's Name.	Amount.	When Given.	i i	Time.	When Due.		Where Payable.	Remarks.
	1 Dovi P. Fullon O. Herrick	G. Herrich	64 75	1848 Fed.	25	4 mo.	64 75 Feb. 25 4 mo. Sun 28	100		9. Sume 24
ন্দ 		H. Bullard .	26 75	Mar.	31	30 da.	26 75 Mar. 31 30 da. May	S		D. May 6
وير		S. C. Rumsey	78 65	May	63	3 mo.	78 63 May 23 3 mo. Aug. 26	30		
*		R. O. Fulton	136 00	136 00 June 3 4 mo. Ou.	ŝ	4 mo.	Oet.	6		
57		Philip G. Almy	42 00	11 00 27	30	30 da.	30 30 da. Clug.	61	2 B. Genera	
•		Quoins 6. Wood	50 00	2	:	4 mo.	11 \$ mo. Nou.	99	,	
	BILLS RECEIVABLE. All written obligations for the payment of money which you hold against other individuals are called Bills Receivable, and should be entered in the Bill-Book when taken. By referring to this book the time that Notes become due can be ascertained without referring to or examining your package of Notes.	for the payment of n be entered in the Bill- tained without referri	BILLS RECEIVABLE. noney which you h Book when taken. 1g to or examining	CELVABLI ch you 1 taken. Kamining	bold B. B.	l again y referi ır pack	st other ring to 1 age of ]	r in( Ithis Note	lividuals are book the tim s.	called Bills te that Notes
sh(	BILLS PAYABLE. All written obligations for the payment of money which you give to other persons are called Bills Payable, and should be entered in this book when given. By an inspection of this the time your Notes fall due may be ascertained.	tor the payment of m book when given. By	BULLS PAYABLE. Ioney which you g an inspection of thi	AYABLE. h you g on of thi	ive t s the	o other time y	- persons our Not	s are es fa	called Bills ll due may be	Payable, and e ascertained.

Bank of Geneva Dı. 1848 6 To Cash Dep. by L. S. Wood 20 '' do. Dep. by L. S. Fulion/ 27 '' do. Dep. by L. S. Fulion/ May 120 00 11 50 00 ,, 50 00 220 00 1 To Balance brought doevn June 220 00 10 11 Cash Dep. by L. S. Fulton ,, 400 00 81 11 do. Dep. by L. S. Wood • , 50 00 14 " do. Dep. by L. S. Wood . 1 125 00 20 11 do. Dep. by L. S. Fulton 11 50 00 **2625.0**0 845 00 1 To Balance Inought down Jun 782 50

BANK BOOK.

This is a book usually given by banks to persons depositing money with them. On the Dr. side is entered all sums deposited, with the date and name of the individual by whom deposited: this is done by the receiving clerk. At the close



of the month, the amount drawn out should be placed on the Cr. side, and the book balanced.

The sum total of the deposites for the month should be transferred to the Dr, and the amount checked out during the month to the Cr. side of the bank account in the Ledger.

# ACCOUNT CURRENT.

An Account Current is a detailed statement of business transactions in the form of Dr. and Cr., and is drawn off from the account of the person in the Journal or Ledger. (See page opposite.)

# ACCOUNT SALES.

An Account Sales is a statement of goods sold on commission, drawn up by the agent to whom they were consigned, to be transmitted to the person who made the consignment.

# FORM OF ACCOUNT SALES.

Amount dely al ? Prove Mind Atthe and ? Prove Mid					
Account Sales of 3 Boxes Dried Apples and 2 Boxes Dried					
Peaches, Received by Swiftsure Line Barge Columbus,					
May 1st, 1848, on acct. of L. S. Fulton, Lyons, N. Y.					
1848					
May	25	Sold Hamilton & Co. 3 Boxes Apples			
-		369 lls 52 lbs. Tare			
		595 11 _ 81 11 11			
		581 85			
			59	79	
		Sell Alle & Co. a Barry Produce		12	
	30	Sold Miller & Co. 2 Boxes Peaches 825 lbs 129 <b>=</b> 696 lbs	76	56	
		1			
		Charges	<b>\$135</b>	28	
"	10	To paid Swiftsure Line Freight \$10.94			
"		" " Cartage 50c. Insur. 50c. 1.00			
		Our Commission at 24 per cent 3.38		32	
			\$119	96	
		Now York, Suno 16th, 1848.			
		E. & O. Excepted Durfes & Emmonds			
		Durfes & Ommonds			
		per Wheeler			

# BILL OF PURCHASE

Is a statement of goods bought at one time, containing the items and prices. If paid at the time, it should be receipted and signed, as in the form on the opposite page; but if charged, in the place of *Received Payment*, write *Charged* in Account.

Bills of Purchase, or more properly Invoices, should be carefully examined, folded of a uniform width, and filed away; and as merchants generally purchase goods periodically, the date of purchase may be written on the band enclosing them. On the first day of January in each year, or at the time of balancing the books, the Invoices for the past year should be put into one package, and the year in which the purchases were made written on the band enclosing them.

All orders should be filed away in monthly packages, with the month written on the band enclosing them, so that when settling with an individual whom you have charged with goods per order, if he dispute your book you can immediately refer to the order.

Care should be taken to have all papers, intended to be filed away, folded of a uniform width, for the simple reason that they thus form neater packages.

## BILL OF ACCOUNT

Is an accurate statement of an individual account, copied from the Day-book, containing a list of the items, the prices, and the date of each purchase. It is sometimes drawn off by the merchant and sent to the customer, and often at his request. If paid, it should be receipted and signed by the merchant, as in form page 164.

Bought of A. S. Barnes & Co. 37.50 L. J. Barnes & Co. 4.00. \$587.50 5.00.00 New York, May 1st, 1848. 1,50..... Received Payment, BILL OF PURCHASE. Venmanship Book-Hooping Soseph H. Galusha 50 Dor, do. **2**5 // do. **2**0 // do. ٠

Qe. \$78.31 Levi J. Futton. To Levi S. Fulton Recoived Paymont, BILL OF BOOK ACCOUNT Soseph OM. Demmon Lyons, May 1st, 1848. 1848

# PART SECOND.

# DOUBLE ENTRY BOOK-KEEPING.

#### DOUBLE ENTRY.

THIS term is derived from the fact that every business transaction recorded in the Day-book is entered twice in the Ledgeronce on the debtor and once on the creditor side.

# DEBTOR AND CREDITOR.

These terms are correlative, the one implies and involves the other. Wherever there is a debtor there must necessarily be a creditor of an equal amount; and wherever there is a creditor there must be a debtor, &c.

#### APPLICATION OF DEBTOR AND CREDITOR.

In single entry these terms are (with the exception of cash) only applied to persons, but in double entry they are applied alike to persons and property, the persons being made debtor for what you have trusted them, and creditor for what they have paid or trusted you; and the property accounts being made debtor for the value or cost of the property, and credit for what it produces when disposed of.

#### CLASSES OF ACCOUNTS.

There are three classes of accounts in Book-keeping, styled Personal, Real, and Fictitious. Personal accounts are the accounts of the persons with whom the merchant deals; Real accounts are the accounts of his property, and Fictitious accounts are titles invented to represent the merchant and his gains or losses in business.

# DEFINITION OF BOOKS.

#### BOOKS USED.

The principal books used are the Day-book, Journal, and Ledger. The auxiliary books vary according to the nature of the business, and are the Cash-book, Bill-book, Invoice-book, Sales-book, Account-current book, Book of Shipments, Letterbook, Receipt-book, &c., &c.

# DEFINITION OF BOOKS.

# DAY-BOOK.

This book should contain a concise and comprehensive history of the merchant's business transactions; commencing with an inventory of his effects, and the debts due him, also of the debts due by him to others. After this his business transactions should be recorded at the time and in the order in which they occur; they should contain the date, the name of the person, the condition of the bargain, and price of the goods. In writing this book every thing should be clearly expressed in as uniform a style as possible, and the use of ambiguous words and phrases carefully avoided.

# JOURNAL.

This is a book in which the business transactions recorded in the Day-book are prepared to be entered in the Ledger, by ascertaining the proper debits and credits of each transaction. This process is called *journalizing*.

#### LEDGER.

This is a book in which a page, or portion of one, is allowed for every account found in the Journal, with the name of the account written over the space so appropriated, to which the accounts are transferred from the Journal and placed under their respective heads. This process is called *posting*.

# AUXILIARY BOOKS.

#### ALPHABET OR INDEX.

In order that the accounts in the Ledger may be more conveniently referred to, an alphabet or index is made by arranging the names of the accounts alphabetically, and placing opposite the name the number of the page on which the account may be found in the Ledger.

Norz .-- For the manner of ruling the above books, see pages 33 and 34

# AUXILIARY BOOKS.

A merchant's account may all be kept in the Day-book. Journal, and Ledger; but in most kinds of business, for the sake of abridging these books, it is found convenient to have other books. These vary in number according to the nature of the business, and are termed auxiliary books, and are as follows:—

CASH-BOOK.—For definition and manner of keeping this book, see pages 144-148.

BILL-BOOK.—For definition, &c., see pages 156 and 157.

BANK-BOOK.—For definition, &c., see pages 158 and 159.

ACCOUNT-CURRENT BOOK.—For definition of Account Current, see pages 160 and 161. The Account-current book con tains simply copies of these accounts.

ACCOUNT-SALES BOOK.—For definition of Account Sales, see page 161. The Account-sales book contains copies of these accounts.

SALES-BOOK.—This is a book in which all sales of goods are entered at the time they are sold. After a purchaser has made his selection of goods they should be entered in this book, from which his bill is copied. His name and the sum total of the sale are transferred to the Day-book.

. INVOICE-BOOK.—This is a book in which are copied all bills of goods purchased. It is sometimes made of coarse paper and the original invoices pasted into it.

LETTER-BOOK.—This book contains copies of all businessletters.

### DEFINITION AND OBJECT OF ACCOUNTS.

# DEFINITION AND OBJECT OF ACCOUNTS.

# FICTITIOUS ACCOUNTS.

STOCK ACCOUNT represents the merchant, and is made Dr. for what he owes when he commences business, and Cr. for what he carries into business. The difference between the Dr. and Cr. of this account is his net capital.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT is kept to show the gain or loss arising from business, and is made Dr. for all losses and Cr. for all gains. The difference between the Dr. and Cr. is the net gain.

INTEREST ACCOUNT is kept to show the gain or loss on interest. It is made Dr. for all sums paid for interest, and Cr. for all sums received for interest. The difference between the Dr. and Cr. shows the gain or loss on interest.

EXPENSE ACCOUNT is kept to show how much has been paid for store expenses, such as clerk hire, store rent, freight, cartage, porterage, postage, &c. For all such expenses this account is made Dr.; the Cr. side contains nothing until the Books are balanced.

# REAL ACCOUNTS.

MERCHANDISE ACCOUNT. This account is kept to show the gain or loss on goods bought and sold. It is made Dr. for the value of Merchandise on hand commencing business, and for the amount of all subsequent purchases; and Cr. for the amount of all sales. If the Merchandise is all sold, the difference between the Dr. and Cr. will be the gain or loss on Merchandise. If the goods are not all sold, the value of the balance remaining unsold should be placed on the Cr. side, and the difference will then be the gain or loss.

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REAL ESTATE ACCOUNT is kept to show the gain or loss on real estate. It is made Dr. for its cost—as purchase money, repairs, taxes, &c., and Cr. for what it produces, either in rent or sales. If it is not all sold, the value of what remains unsold should be placed on the Cr. side of the account. The differ-

ence between the Dr. and Cr. will be the gain or loss on real estate.

SHIPMENT OR CONSIGNMENT ACCOUNT is kept to show the gain or loss on property consigned by the merchant to some person to sell on his account and risk. It is made Dr. for what the consignment costs him, that is, the value of the goods, freight, insurance, &c., and is made Cr. for the net proceeds of the sales. The difference between the Dr. and Cr. of this account is the gain or loss.

JAMES HOIMES, CONSIGNMENT ACCOUNT, is kept when goods are consigned by him to the merchant to be sold on his account and risk. It is made Dr. for all expenses you incur on account of the consignment, and Cr. for the amount of all sales. The difference between the Dr. and Cr. of this account is the net proceeds, and should be placed to the Cr. of Holmes' personal account.

WHEAT ACCOUNT is kept to show the gain or loss on wheat as a separate branch of business. It is made Dr. for all sums paid for wheat, and Cr. for all sums received for wheat. The Dr. side of this account showing the cost and the Cr. side what it has sold for, the difference between the two sides will of course show the gain or loss on wheat.

CASH ACCOUNT is kept to show the receipts and disbursements of cash. It is made Dr. for all receipts of cash, and Cr. for all disbursements. The difference between the Dr. and Cr. of this account is the amount of cash on hand.

BANK ACCOUNT is kept to show what money is deposited in the bank. It is made Dr. for all sums deposited, and Cr. for all sums drawn out. The difference between the Dr. and Cr. of this account is the sum you have remaining in the bank.

BILLS RECEIVABLE ACCOUNT is kept to show the amount of written obligations which you hold against other persons for the payment of money. It is made Dr. for all such bills when they are received, and Cr. for all that have been redeemed. The difference between the Dr. and Cr. of this account shows the amount of Bills you hold against other persons.

BILLS PAYABLE ACCOUNT is kept to show the amount of

#### BOOK-KEEPING.

# GENERAL RULE FOR JOURNALIZING.

THE thing received, or person trusted, is made Dr. "To" the thing parted with, or person who trusts you; and the thing parted with, or person who trusts you, is made Cr. "By" the thing received, or person trusted.

Profit and Loss is made Dr. for all losses, and Cr. for all gains. Every Dr. must have a Cr. of equal amount, and every Cr. must have a Dr. of equal amount.

# EXERCISES IN JOURNALIZING.

#### Transactions.

# Journalized.

Sold D. W. Clark, on acct., mdse., \$200.	D. W. Clark, Dr., \$200. Mdse., Cr., \$200.
Bot. of D. W. Clark, on acct., mdse., \$200.	Mdse., Dr., \$200. D. W. Clark, Cr., \$200.
D. W. Clark has paid me cash, on acct., \$200.	Cash, Dr., \$200. D. W. Clark, Cr., \$200.
Paid D. W. Clark cash, on acct., \$200.	D. W. Clark, Dr., \$200. Cash, Cr., \$200.
Sold W. W. Hart, on his note, 30 days, mdse., \$175.	Bills Receivable, Dr., \$175. Mdse., Cr., \$175.
Bot. of W. W. Hart, on my note, 60 days, mdse., \$250.	Mdse., Dr., \$250. Bills Payable, Cr., \$250.
W. W. Hart has paid his note, in cash, \$175.	Cash, Dr., \$175. Bills Receivable, Cr., \$175.
Paid my note to W. W. Hart, in cash, \$250.	Bills Payable, Dr., \$250. Cash, Cr., \$250.
Sold J. H. Holmes mdse., \$450. Received in payment his note for \$250, and cash for the balance, \$200.	Bills Receivable, Dr., \$250. Cash, Dr., \$200. Mdse., Cr., \$450.
Bot. of J. H. Holmes mdse., \$500. Gave in payment my note for \$250, and cash for the balance, \$250.	Mdse., Dr., \$500. Bills Payable, Cr., \$950. Cash, Cr., \$250.
Exchanged the above notes with Holmes, \$250.	Bills Payable, Dr., \$250. Bills Receivable, Cr., \$250.
Bot. of J. Dunning his house and lot on Spring-street, \$2000. Gave in payment cash, \$1000, mdse, \$500, and my note for the balance, \$500.	Real Estate, Dr., \$2000. Cash, Cr., \$1000. Mdse., Cr., \$500. Bills Payable, Cr., \$500.
Sold my house and lot on Spring-street for \$2500. Received in payment S. S. Clark's note, 3 months, \$1000, cash \$1000, and mdse. for the balance, \$500.	Bills Receivable, Dr., \$1000. Cash, Dr., \$1000. Mdse., Dr., \$500. Real Estate, Cr., \$2500.
The Commercial Bank has discounted S. S. Clark's note for \$1000. Discount, \$17.50; cash received, \$982.50.	Cash, Dr., \$982.50. Interest, Dr., \$17.50. Bills Receivable, Cr., \$1000.

# BOOK-KEEPING.

6.

Transactions.	Journalized.
Holmes & Co., New York, consigned an invoice of goods to me, to be sold on their account, \$575. I have paid for freight and charges, in cash, \$34.	Holmes & Co.'s consignment, Dr., \$34. Cash, Cr., \$34.
I have consigned goods to Holmes & Co., New York, to be sold on my account, invoiced \$645. Paid freight and cartage on do. in cash, \$36.50, and gave my note for insurance on do., \$19.35.	Mdise., Cr., \$645. Cash. Cr., \$36,50. Bills Receivable, Cr., \$19.35.
Sold Holmes & Co.'s goods for \$650. Re- ceived in payment P. Almy's note for \$300, and cash for balance, \$350.	\$350. Holmes & Co.'s consignment, Cr., \$650.
Received an account sales of goods con- signed to Holmes & Co., New York. Net proceeds amount to \$716.	
P. Almy has paid his note, with interest. Note, \$300; interest, \$5.25-\$305.25.	Cash, Dr., \$305.25. Bills Receivable, Cr., \$300. Interest, Cr., \$5.25.
Holmes & Co., New York, have remitted me a Bill of Exchange on James Ander- son, for \$716.	Cr., \$716.
Bok of J. Jones & Co., for cash, a draft on New York for \$583.50, at a premium of 4 of 1 per cent, \$2.92, which I have re- mitted to Holmes & Co., New York.	Holmes & Co., Dr., \$583.50. Interest, Dr., \$2.92. Cash, Cr., 586.42.
Dean Tisdale has made a draft on me at 30 days' sight, which I have accepted, for \$125.	Dean Tisdale, Dr., \$125. Bills Payable, Cr., \$125.
Paid D. Tisdale's draft on me as follows: in merchandise, \$75, and gave him an order on W. W. Hart for \$50.	Bills Payable, Dr., \$125. Mdsa., Cr., \$75. W.W. Hart, Cr., \$50.
John Doe has failed, and I have sold the note I held against him, of \$250, for \$100. Received in payment cash.	Cash, Dr., \$100. Profit and Loss, Dr., \$150. Bills Receivable, Cr., \$250.
Bot. a quantity of broadcloth, in company with B. Harford, \$250. Paid cash for my half, \$125.	Mdse. Co. A, Dr., \$125. Caab, Cr., \$125.
Bot. of W. W. Ely for cash, 100 bbls. of flour, for \$650, which I immediately sold for \$750.	Caah, Dr., \$100. Profit and Loss, Cr., \$100.
Bot. of F. Cate, for cash, 2000 lbs. of tal- low, for \$160, which I immediately sold for \$140.	Profit and Loss, Dr., \$20. Cash, Cr., \$20.
Commenced business with cash, \$2000.	Cash, Dr., \$2000. Stock, Cr., \$2000.
Commenced business with cash, \$1000, mdse., \$1000, and notes against sundry persons, \$500.	Caah, Dr., \$1000. Mdse., Dr., \$1000. Bills Receivable, Dr., \$500. Stock, Cr., \$2500.
Commenced business with cash, \$500, mdse., \$500, notes against studry per- sons, \$500, real estate, valued at \$1000; and owe D. Hood, on acct., \$250, sundry persons on notes, \$500.	Cash, Dr., \$500. Mdse., Dr., \$500. Bills Receivable, Dr., \$500. Real Estate, Dr., \$1000. Stock, Cr., \$2500. Stock, Dr., \$750. D. Hood, Cr., \$250. Bills Pay- able, Cr., \$500.
Commenced business with cash, \$700, mdse., which I bought as follows: of Stewart & Co., on account, \$1700, of Bowen & McNamee, on my note at 60 days, \$1500.	Cash, Dr., \$800. Mdse., Dr., \$3200. Stock, Cr., \$4000. Stock, Dr., \$3200. Stewart & Co., Cr., \$1709. Bills Payable, Or, \$1509.

<sup>5</sup> Lyons, Moonday, Moay	1 4th	, 1	849	
Paid in cash Los, Judson & Los's Draft on me at 10 days' sight, Accepted 30th April	•		475	50
Gold E. Hamilton on his Note at 5 months Mdso. por P. B. page 6			497	00
	5	<b>2</b> 5	1,550	
My Commission ————— May 16th.——— Received of Charles D. Campboll		50	83	
Cash on Aut. Sold J. Adams & Son for Cash Mdse. per S. B. page 7			500 250	
Made up an Not. Sales Co. No Wool. Total Sales 1,550.00 Cost, Charges, Sc. 1,332.75 Net Gain 317.25 My half of which is	108			
Robi. O. Fulton's half is ————————————————————————————————————	108	63	817	<b>.9</b> 5
Gave in Paymont a Draft on Bonj. Cone for Cash for the Balance	850 100		<i>950</i>	00

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Lyons, Moonday, May 21 st,	1849.	6
	1	
Iold Dowoy & Wolls for Cash Mdso, por I. B. page 2	88	65
May 22d		
Received of Iosoph M. Dommon Eash on Account	100	00
Sold Franklin S. Clarks on Acot.		
10 Bbls. S. F. Flour 5.50	55	00
Paid Carloton & Frothingham's		
Draft on me at sight for	496	90
May 26th		
Received from Clarks & Coleman		
an Acet. Palos of Flows Con-		
signed to them April 28th Net proceeds <b>\$2</b> ,775.00		
For which they have remitted a		
Check on Bank of Genera for	8,775	00
Iold Doan & Burdick for Eash Mdso. por I. B. page 3	103	50
May 31 st		
Eash Salos this month amount to	3,000	68
Paid Store Expenses in Eash	<b>\$</b> 50	1
Deposited Eash in Bank of Genera	€,000	
Paid Cash for Family Expenses, Go.	124	
Paid my Note passed to I. & H. Minick April 23d		
OMnick April 23d	1,000	00

Lyons, Friday, Sume	1 st,	184	49.	
Sold Samoson, Willard & Co	.			
1 Piece Carpeting 87 Yds. 1.00	87	00		
1 Piece Carpeting 87 Yds. 1.00 6 Yds. Oil Cloth .7:	5 4	50	91	50
Intel Honry B. Holirock on Acce	:		1	
the romainder of H. H. Smith	1			
Wadding for			175	00
Juno 2d	-			
Pold Charles Clark for East	:			
190 Bbls. S. F. Flour 5.2	5		997	50
Made up an Acot. Sales H. H	?			
Smith's Consignment				
Total Sales 217.00				
Charges Posted 18.7:	, ,	45		
My Commifsion at 5 per cent. H. H. Smith's not proceeds	180	50	198	2
	,		.,,,	
June 4th	-			
Sold Chas. D. Campbell on Acc				
1 Piece Carpeting 96 Yds. 1.00	96 1	00		
1 ,, do. 79 ,, .7:	5 59	25	155	25
Received of Henry R. Holbrook				
Cash on Account			<b>2</b> 50	00
June 5th	-			
	1			
Paid in Cash my Note, pulsea April 4th to G. W. Botts & Co				
at 6 months	616			
Discount allowed	18	58	534	96
Paid Isaas C. Dickson Cash			<b>9</b> 5	00

Lyons, Wednesday, June	8th;	. 1	849.	ġ
Bot. of J. & H. Mirick for Cash				
250 Bbls. Flour 5.00 1,250.00				
Which I have sold to Clark &				
Colman, N. Y. at 5.50 1,375.00				
Recd. in Paymt. Mdse. per J. B.	1,000	00		
Their Draft on I. Cole at 10 days	375	00	1,375	00
Juns 10th			•	
Sold Tames H. Gillet on his			•	
Note at 4 months				
Mdse, per S. B. page 4			480	00
June 12th				
Bot, of I. M. Dommon a House				
and Lot on Broad-st. for 1,600.00				
Gave in payment Cash	200	00		
E. Hamilion's Note Received				
May 14th for	427			А. (
Check on Bank of Geneva for	<i>500</i>	00		
The Balance on Account	473	00	1,600	00
June 15th				
Received of Franklin S. Clarke				
Cash to Balance Account			55	00
Henry B. Holbrook has accepted my				
Draft on him at 10 d. sight for		.	250	00
June 18th		·		
The Bank of Geneva has Dis-				
counted the Note received from				
I. H. Gillott Suns 10th at 4 m.				
Cash Received	469			
Discount allowed	10	73	480	00

<sup>9</sup> Lyons, Wednesday, Sune 20th, 1849. Pold H. W. Potter my House and Los on Broad-st. for \$2,000.00 Received in payment Cash 1.000 00 Masa. por J. B. page 3 1,000 00 2,000 00 June 23d. -Bot. at Auction for Cash a guartity of Muchandiss for \$250.00 and immediately sold it for 300.00 50 00 June 25th. Pamuel Pampson has paid his Note with interest, given March 1,000 00 2d, 1849, at 3 months for Interest 3 months and 4 days 18 27 1,018 27 Shipped per Boat Rochester, Holmes master, and Consigned to F. S. Bogue, Albany, 100 Bbls. I. F. Flour, Bot. of H. J. & M. S. Leach on my Note 550 00 at 30 days 5.50 Paid Freight and Cart. in Cash 58 603 00 00 - June 26th. Joseph M. Demmon has paid his Note with interest given March 24th, 1849, at 3 months for 300 00 305 43 43 Interest 3 months and 3 days June 28th. Honey B. Holbrook has paid my Draft on him, accepted June 15th at 10 days sight for **2**50 00

180

Lyons, Thursday, Iuns	28th,	. 1	8 <i>49</i> .	10
Bought of H. H. Smith on Acut Mdss. per I. B. page 1			173	50
	-			
with interest, given March 26th, 1849, at 3 months for	1,000			
Interest Sune 30th	. 18	08	1,018	00
Cash Iales this month amount to			1,260	0
Paid Store Expenses in Cash pe Expense Bock			275	5
Paid Cash for Family Exponses, Jo.			98	0
Isaac C. Dickson's Ialary 3 months' service as Clock 50.00			150	0
Memorandum. Balance of Merchandise unsold a				
por Inventory taken Tune 30th 1849, amounts to \$978.34	,			

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# JOURNAL. DOUBLE ENTRY. 189

Lyons, Monday, April 2d, 1849. 2 Marchandine 5,214 36 Cash 2,500 00 .9 Bills Receivable 2,300 00 Benjamin Cone 850 00 5 10,864 36 To Stook Stock 763 00 To Lee, Judson & Lee 475 50 5 287 " Pierce & Wilson 50 6 April sth. . Marchandise Ør. 541 30 8 To Bills Payable 541 30 6 Marchandise 634 96 Dr. 8 To Bills Paryable 634 96 6 - April 9th. 239 18 Joseph M. Demmon Ør. 7 239 18 To Morchandise -April 12th. -Bills Receivable Ø. 201 43 ¢ To Merchandise 201 43 - April 1 sth. -Cash 221 88 Ør. 3 To Merchandise 991 88 2 - April 16th. 602 82 8 Charles D. Campbell Ør. To Mouchandise 608 82 14,068 93 14.068 93

Lyons, Moonday, Sepril 16th, 1849. Ø. 85 54 Bash To Merchandied 85 54 - April 19th. -Machandise/ Ø. 813 14 Sto H. H. Smith 813 15 Joseph M. Demmon Ø. 154 46 154 46 To Merchandise - April 20th. -Dr. 2,000 00 Bank of Geneva Jo Cash 2,000 00 - April 23d. -H. B. Hollrook Ør. 167 50 To Merchandise 167 50 - April 25th. -Ø. Flour 2,000 00 To Bank of Genera 1,000 00 " Bills Payable 1.000 00 - April 26th. -H. H. Smith & Consignment Dr. 18 75 To Cash 18 75 Ør. 84 75 J. C. Dickson To Merchandise 84 75 - April 27 th. Consignment to New York Dr. 2,205 25 To Flour 2,000 00 11 Cash 205 25 6,869 39 6,869 39

3 Lyons, Friday, April 27th, 1849. Ør. 442 50 Charles D. Campbell To Merchandise 242 50 - April 30th. De. Lee, Sudson & Lee 475 50 50 To Bill's Payable 475 164 50 Ør. Cash . To Merchandise 164 50 896 58 Dr. Cash To Merchandise 896 58 Expense Account Ør. 124 20 To Cash 124 00 **B**ank of Geneva To Cash Ør. 500 00 500 00 2,603 08 2,603 08

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		, ,		\$
Lyons, Tuesday, May			49.	
Morchandise Dr. . To Carloton, Frothingham & Co.	496	00		
			496	00
May Sd Morchandiss Co. A. Dr. To Cash	1,250	00		
To Cash			625	00
" Robert O. Fulton			625 625	00
May 5th				
Samoson, Willard & Co. Dr. To Merchandise	227	00	8.87	00
Man 7th				
Charles D. Campbell Dr.	42	00		
May 7th Charlos D. Campbell Dr. To H. H. Smith's Consignt.			49	00
H. B. Holbrook Dr.	35 <i>3</i>	75		
			<b>3</b> 52	75
May 10th				
Ioseph M. Dommon/ Dr. To Merchandise/	212	00	818	00
May 14th	475	50		
Bills Paryable/ Dr. To Cash			475	50
Bills Receivable Dr.	427	00		
To Merchandise	475 437		437	00
		00		
Cash Dr. To Morchandiso Co. A	1,000	00	1,550	00
	5,032	85	5,032	25

L

Lyons, Juesday, May 15th, 1849. 88 75 Ør. Morchandise Co. A To Cash 5 25 " Commission 77 50 – May 16th. Cash Mr. 500 00 To Chas. D. Campbell 500 00 Cash Dr. 250 00 To Merchandise 250 00 Ør. Morchandiss Co. A 817 25 To Profit & Lofs '' R. O. Fulton/ 108 68 108 63 - May 18th. Ør. Flour 950 00 To Bonjamin Cons 850 00 11 Cash 100 00 -Mary 31st. Bash Ø. 22 65 To Merchandise 88 65 — May **3**2d. • Cash Dr. 100 00 To J. M. Demmon 100 00 Franklin S. Clarke Ør. 55 00 To Flour 55 00 8,177 65 8,177 65

Lyoni	, Thursday, I	Marj				
1	, Frothingham & C To Cash					
Cash	— May 26th. — To Consignmt. N	Dr. . York	2,775	00	2,775	00
Cash	— May 29th.—— To Morchandiso	Ør.	103	50	103	50
Cash	May 31 <i>s</i> t To Merchandise	Øs.	2,000	62	2,000	63
Expense	Account To Cash	Øs.	<b>2</b> 50	75	<b>2</b> 50	75
Bank o	f Geneva To Cash	<b>Ş</b> r.	1 000	00	1,000	00
Private	Account To Cash	Ør.	134	00	184	00
<b>Bills</b> D	<sup>o</sup> ayable To Cash	Dr.	1,000 7,749	00 87	1,000 7,749	00 87

Lyons, Friday, June 1st, 1849. Dr. 91 50 Sameson, Willard & Co. To Merchandise 91 50 H. B. Hollrook 175 00 Dr. To H. H. Smith's Consignt. 175 00 June 2d. Ør. 997 50 Cash To Hour 997 50 H. H. Smith's Consignment Dr. 198 25 To Commission 75 189 11 H. H. Smith 50 - June 1th. Charles D. Campbell Dr. 155 25 155 25 To Merchandise Ør. Cash 250 00 To H. B. Hollrook 850 00 - June 5th. Ø. Bills Payable 634 96 To Cash 616 44 11 Interest 18 58 Isaac C. Dickson/ Dr. 25 00 To Cash 25 00 8,517 50 8,517 50

Lyons, Friday, I	ine (	8 <i>th</i> ,	18.	49.	
Merchandise	Dr.	1,000	00		
Bills Receivable	11	375	1 1		
To Cash				1,250	
" Profit of Lofs				125	
June 10th					
Bills Receivable	Ør.	480	00		
To Monchandise				480	
June 10th					
Real Estate	Ør.	1,600	00		
To Cash				200	
" Bills Receivabl.	-			427	
" Bank of Gener	a			500	
" I. M. Demn				473	•
Fune 15th					
Cash	Ør.	55	00		
To Franklin S. C.	a <b>rko</b>			55	1
Bills Receivable	Ør.	250	00		
To H. B. Holbroo	6			250	1
Funs 18th		·			
Cash	Ør.	469	27		
Interest	"	10			
To Bills Receivable	*			480	•
June 20th					
Cash	Ør.	1,000	00		
Morchandise	"	1,000	00		
To Real Estate				2,000	
		6,240	00	6,240	

<b></b>							
9	Lyon	os, Saturday, S	<sup>f</sup> une				
	Cash	To Profit & Lofs	Ør.	<i>50</i>	00	50	00
	 Eash	— Iuno 25th. — To Bills Roceivals '' Interest	Dr. Ve	1,018	37	1,000	00
	Consign	'' Ininosi moni to Albany To Bills Payable '' Cash	Ør.	602	00	550	00
	Cash	'' Cash — Iuno 26th. — To Bills Receivab '' Interest			43		00
		Io Gills Receival '' Interest Iune 28th				5	43
	Cash	To Bills Receivab		1 1	00	250	00
	Morcha	ndise' To H. H. Smith		473	50	173	
	Cash	— Funs 29th. —— To Bills Receival. '' Interest	Ør. le	1,018	08	1,000 18	00 08
	Cash	— Iuns 30th. —— To Merchandise		1,260			00
				4,677	28	4,677	28

Lyons, Saturday,	June .	30th,	1	8 <i>49</i> .	10
Expense Account To Cash	Ør.	<b>2</b> 75	50	<b>2</b> 75	50
Privats Account To Cash	Øs.	98	00	98	00
Exponse Account To Seaas C. L	Dr. Dichson/	150		150	00
		5 <i>2</i> 3	50	593	50



INDEX TO THE LEDGER.
DOUBLE ENTRY.

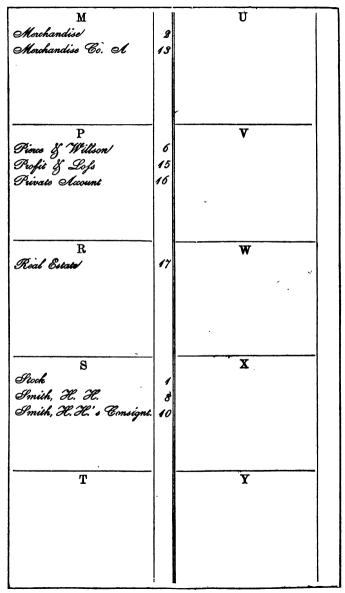
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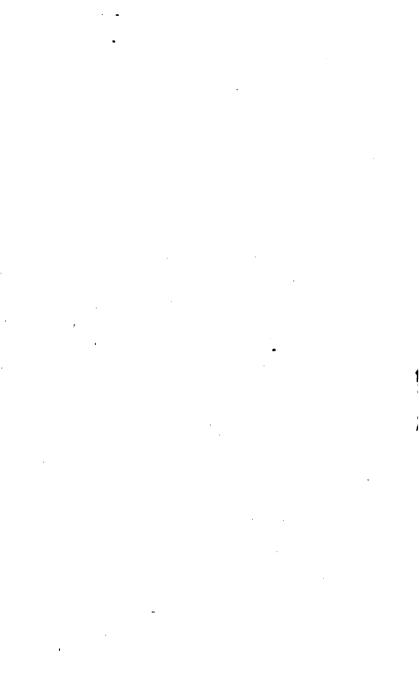
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B F Bills Receivable Flow 10 Bills Parable Fulton, Robert O. 6 13 Bank of Genera 0 C н Cash Holbrock, Honny B. 3 9 Cons, Boniamin 19 Campbell, Charles D. Consignment to N. York 11 Carleton, Frothing m & Co. 12 14 16 Commission/ I Clark, Franklin S. Interest Consignment to Albany 17 D y Sameson, Willard & Co. 14 Demmon, Ioseph M. Dickson, Isaac C. Е L 19 Los, Judson & Los Exponse Account 5

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# LEDGER. DOUBLE ENTRY.

2 By Sundries 1 10,864 36 18 52 5 43 18 27 18 08 13,044 29 60 30 Jø, ) J 0 00 10 73 In 25 By Bill Payaller 40 57 11 25 11 Cash 11 26 11 do. 1000 763 00 Chr. 222 00 Suly Interest 1849 Ruch 1849 : 12,044 29 11,059 29 60 30 8 15 11 Sumo 20 To Bill Receivedler Suly 1 " Profit & Logo (Lodger) Offer 8 No Sunders Sully 1 " River's Classent Q. Q. 1849 1849

85 54 154 46 167 50 24 75 164 50 164 50 239 18 201 43 221 88 602 82 227 00 352 75 212 00 3,406 87 7,099 76 Ĵ, 90 1 5,314 36 1849 9 By S. M. Dommond 1 5,313 36 Apr. 9 By S. M. Dommond 54 30 11 12 11 8. Hearinghle 213 14 11 16 11 Cash 14 1. Cash 16 1. Cash 16 1. C. D. Campboll 19 1. C. M. Dommon 19 1. C. M. Dommon 11 29 1. C. M. Dommon 11 29 1. C. M. Dompoll 11 39 1. C. D. Campboll 11 29 1. Cash 11 20 1. Cash Camson, W. J. Co. H. A. Hollvock S. M. Dommon Park conciert to page 18 10 11 : : 7.099 76 11 19 11 H. H. H. Pmith May 1 11 Carloom, H. J. Co. Apr. 3 To Stock 11 4 11 B. Payallo 11 11 11 do. *m* ; jar 1849 207

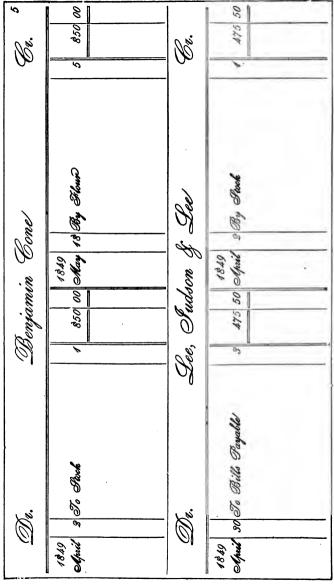
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18 75 525 2.000 00 100 00 496 00 124 00 805 25 124 00 500 00 625 00 675 50 250 75 00 000' ,000 00 11,170 27 6,345 77 ii W 6 0 Calance carried to page 19 Consignmt. to N. York Bank of Genera Merchandiso Co. A Merchandise Co. M Carleton F. J. Co. H. H. Smith's Co Aank of Gonova 2.500 00 Och. 20 By Bank of Genova Schense Account Bills Payable Expense clacum Rivato Carount Bills Payallo How 26 11 27 11 18 11 : 30 11 2 / 7 : 15 11 11 78 31.11 2 2 : 4 2 2 2 ,550 00 Chay 1849 2 2 2 2 Cash 221 88 396 58 85 54 64 50 500 00 8 8 00 2,775 00 103 50 8,000 62 14.470 27 100 950 62 5 6 6 Consignt to N. York Ge. Cl J. M. Dommon C. D. Campbell Mochandiso 14 11 Merchandis Machandisi Å. Å. S. Å. 2 To Pack 10 11 ?' 38 : 36 11 1 68 Q, 101 30 1 2 Chay 15 11 31 11 31 11 : 2 Ofre | 1849 : 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

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400 00 475 00 39 64 ア 605 64 Jø, 5 80 239 18 1849 22 By Cash 154 46 Inno 12 11 Real Estate 212 00 Inly 1 " Balanes Ioseph M. Demmon 605 64 1 9 1849 Olpr. 9 To Morchandius 19 11 do. May 10 11 de. Q i

500 00 213 14 189 50 173 50 742 57 1,242 57 576 14 Jø. Ø. 0 0 64 576 14 Clin. 19 By Merchandise Suns 2 '' H. H. Smith's Consign 11 | 28 11 Monhandise 602 82 May 16 By Cash 442 50 Suby 1 " Balanes Charles D. Campbell H. H. Smith 1849 1849 42 00 155 25 576 14 1,242 57 х 4 May 7 11 H. H. Cmith's Consign Apr. 16 To Morchandise 11 21 11 ch 4 11 Mouchandise Suly 1 To Balance Q, Q, 1849 1849 ŝ

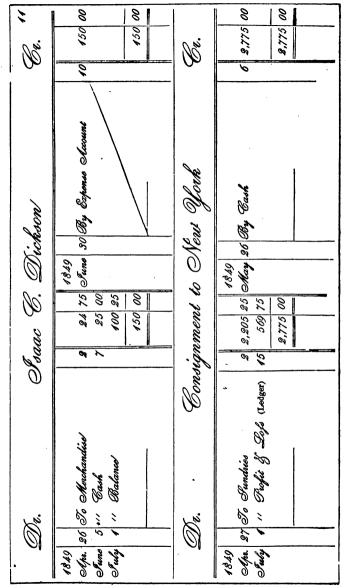
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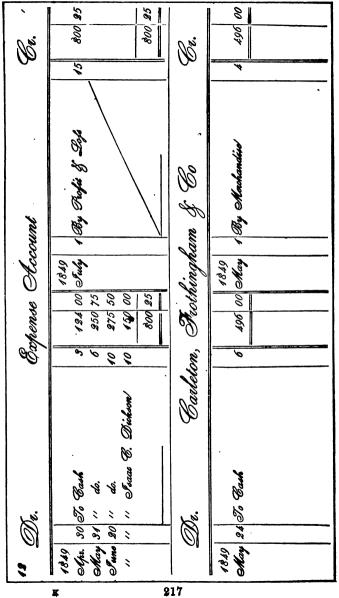
8 1,000 00 8 500 00 9 3,500 00 250 00 250 00 8,000 00 195 25 695 25 Ø. (f) O 70 2 167 50 June 4 By Cash 352 75 11 15 11 Bills Receiveded 2 2,000 00 Apr. 25 By Hours 8 500 00 June 12 " Real Brand 6 1,000 00 July 1 " 175 00 Suly 1 " Balance Henry D. Hollwook Dank of Geneva 1849 1849 3,500 00 695 25 64 λ 4 1 " H. H. Mich & Consign Apr. 23 To Morchandise ege. Clpr. 20 To Cash ... 30 ... do. Chay 31 ... do. Chay 8 11 June 1 1 H. Ć, Q. 1849 1849

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00 67 175 00 55 00 997 50 3,052 50 в 2 2,000 00 217 Jø. Jø. ア 2 2,000 00 Apr. 27 By Consignment to N. York 5 950 00 May 22 '' Franklin G. Clarks 15 102 50 Fune 2 '' Earl 18 75 May 7 By Charles D. Campbell 198 25 S uno 1 11 H. B. Hallwook H. H. Smith's Consignment 1849 Flow? 1849 3,052 50 217 00 15 ア 9 Chay 18 ", as. Suly 1 " Profix of Lofs (Lodger) June 7 11 Sundries Apr. 25 To Sundries Apr. 26 00 Cash Q, Đĩ. 1849 1849 10

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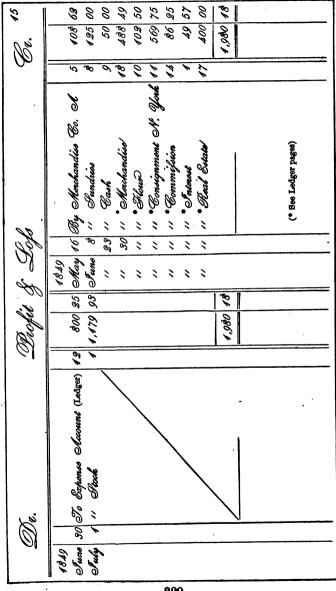


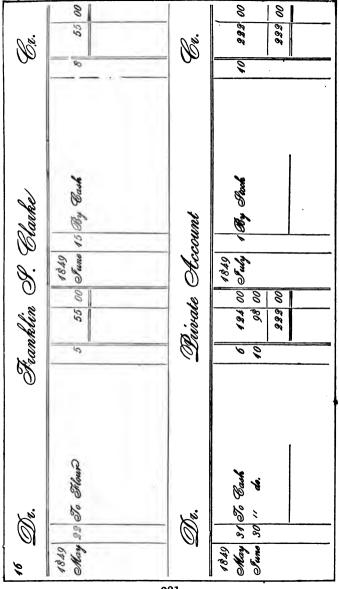


625 00 108 63 \$ 739 63 1 1,550 00 1,550 00 Ø. C) 3 733 63 May 3 By Machandico Co. A 4 1.250 00 May 15 By Cash Merchandise Co. A Robert O. Fulton 1849 1849 217 25 1,550 00 733 63 5 Chay 3 To Cunduis 11 15 11 do. 11 16 11 do. Suly 1 To Balance e. Q. 1849 1849

218

77 50 8 75 86 25 318 50 318 50 Jø. Jø. 5 × 86 25 May 15 Bry Merchandis Co. M. 227 00 Suly 1 By Balance Sameson, Willard & Co. Commission 1849 1849 91 50 318 50 86 25 1840 Inthe 1 To Refit of Lofe (Ledger) 15 ア Alary 5 To Merchandise Etuns 1 " do. Q. Q. 1849 \*





17 8 2,000 00 2,000 00 00 209 (fi) Ø. 8 1,600 00 Suns 20 By Pundries 602 00 Suly 1 By Balance Consignment to Holliany Real Estate 1849 1849 2,000 00 400 00 15 0 Eluns 12 To Sundices Eluly 1 To Profix & Lofs (Lodger) June 25 To Pundries Dr. Q. 1849 1849

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222

91 50 155 25 480 00 103 50 978 34 5.768 86 22 65 2,000 62 427 00 250 00 1,260 00 Ø, 0 100 5 5 Sameson, W. & Co. Lechandise 2.4 (Ledger) 15 438 49 14 By B. Havindler 2.4 (Ledger) 15 438 49 14 By B. Havindler 2.4 (Ledger) 15 438 49 11 29 11 do. 173 50 11 29 11 do. 17 29 11 do. 17 10 11 00 C. D. Campboll B. Receivable Calance Cash 30 11 : : 2 : 5,768 86 So Bal. bo to from page 2 1. Cundries 1. Lead Estate 1. 28 1. Head Estate 1. Defit & Defa (Lodger) Q, 1849 30

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19 52 00 98 00 616 44 25 00 1,250 00 200 002 275 50 38 10,919 32 8,403 ie Ø X 25 " Consignment to Many 9 2 20 4, 245 77 Suno 5 By Bills Payable 997 50 11 11 11 S. C. Dicheon Trivate Account Expense Account 12 11 Real Betate 8 11 Sundries Balance 11 11 30 11 : • 1849 1,018 27 Suly Cash 250 00 11 : : : : 50 00 9 250 00 9 1,018 08 55 00 1,000 00 469 27 305 43 9 1,260 00 10,919 32 00 0 0 0 To Bal. brought from page 3 4 11 H. B. Hollrook 15 11 Franklin I. Clarks 18 11 Bills Receivable 28 11 Bills Receivelde 23 '' Profit and Lofs 25 '' Sundries Real Estate 30 11 Merchandise 29 11 Sundries Cunotif 11 2 g. 20 11 20 11  $\widetilde{O}^{i}$ June 1849 : : 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

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10,864 36 8,783 41 9.441 44 3.457 00 287 50 573 00 500 00 576 14 1,500 00 500 00 3,052 50 150 00 3,201 76 2,775 00 12,828 80 45,669 11 ) J 10,101 36 569 75 287 50 1,091 30 100 25 102 50 576 14 489 85 8,402 38 576 43 32 64 2,000 00 195 25 46,072 68 13,239 37 742 57 800 25 Trial Dalance 800 25 17.843 82 763 00 9,273 26 4,033 43 605 64 1,242 57 3,500 00 695 25 2,950 00 49 75 2,205 25 8,110 46 5 5 5 6 6 8 0 Consignment to Now York Expense Account Charles D. Campbell H. H. Omith Amount carried up J. M. Dommon Bank of Genova H. B. Holbrook Pieros & Willson Bills Payalild J. C. Dickson Bills Receivelde Morchandise Curch Cash 1 Peck Q. Suly 1849

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225

86 25 283 69 60 30 733 63 2,000 00 12,828 80 45,662 11 48,825 91 (fi) J 400 00 86 25 285 69 733 63 14,381 87 318 50 14,381 87 46,072 68 13,239 37 822 00 00 Frial Bahance 808 48,825 91 1,600 00 318 50 602 00 222 00 11 0 20 10 10 100 1 4 Cameron, Willard J' Co. Commission Profix J' Lost Privato Account Consignment to Albany 1 Amount brought up Robert O. Fullon Interest Real Estate Q. July 1849

287 50 1,091 30 576 14 100 25 733 63 11.059 29 13,848 11 Ø. 5 ŝ 5 9 0 978 34 1849 8,408 38 576 43 32 64 32 72. 37. 9 74 61 6. 9. 6 16. 9. 6 16. 9 16. 9 16. 9 16. 9 16. 9 16. 9 16. 9 16. 9 16. 10 16. By Park Dalance Sheet 195 25 318 50 8,402 38 2,000 00 602 00 13,848 11 89 g \$ 20 100 Camoson, Willard & Co. Consignment to Albany Suly 9 Morchandies Cash Bills Received le Bills Decorred le Charles D. Campbell Bank of Gene Bank of Geneva H. B. Holbrook Q.

# TRIAL BALANCE.

The Trial Balance is taken to ascertain whether the Journal entries have been correctly transferred to the Ledger, and may be made as follows:—1st. Rule a sheet of paper with double money columns, and head it "Trial Balance," with Dr. over the left, and Cr. over the right hand money columns. 2d. Write the names of the Ledger accounts in the open space at the left, and, after adding the two sides of each account, place the amount of the Dr. side in the Dr. column, and the Cr. side in the Cr. column, opposite the name thus written. 3d. Add the Dr. and Cr. columns of the Trial Balance, and if they foot alike, the books are supposed to be correctly posted. This proof should be taken as often as once a month.

### BALANCE SHEET.

Merchants as often as once, and sometimes twice, a year balance their Ledgers, and make out what is termed a Balance Sheet. This sheet exhibits, in a condensed form, a statement of their mercantile affairs, and forms the materials for opening a new set of books, containing on the Dr. side the debts due them, cash on hand, and the value of merchandise or other property remaining unsold; and on the Cr. side, the amount of their indebtedness to others. The difference between the two sides is of course their net capital.

Balance, in book-keeping, is the difference between the sums of the Dr. and Cr. sides of an account; and when that difference is placed on the deficient side, the account is said to be balanced—that is, the Dr. and Cr. sides are made equal; and when a single horizontal line is drawn across the money columns, and the sum total set down under each, and double parallel lines drawn under these sums, the account is said to be closed; and when the several accounts of the Ledger are thus made equal, and the lines drawn and sums set down as above described, and the balances transferred to the Balance Sheet, the Ledger is said to be balanced and closed.

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING & BALANCE SHEET.

1st. Write "Balance Sheet" at the top of a page in the Ledger.

2d. Take an inventory of all property unsold, and make the accounts representing the property Cr. "By Balance" for the value of what remains unsold; then place the name of the account, and the same amount, on the Dr. side of the Balance Sheet.

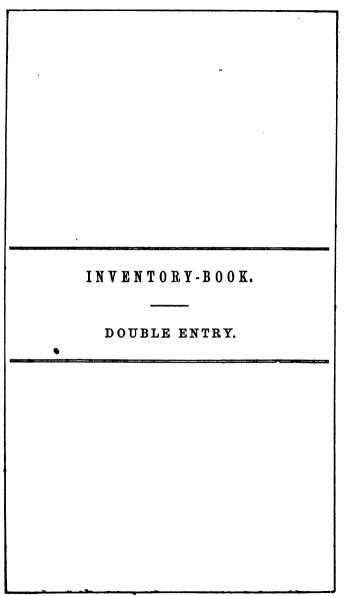
3d. Ascertain what accounts show a gain or loss on the business, and balance these accounts "To" or "By Profit and Loss" for the difference; then turn to the "Profit and Loss" account, and enter the title of the account, and the amount, if a gain, on the Cr. side, or, if a loss, on the Dr. side of said account.

4th. Balance Private account and Profit and Loss "To" or "By Stock." If the Profit and Loss account shows a gain, carry it to the Cr. side; if a loss, to the Dr. side of the Stock account.

5th. Balance all other accounts, except Stock, "To" or "By Balance." If the Dr. side is the largest, make the account Cr. "By Balance" for the difference, and enter the name of the account, and the amount, on the Dr. side of the Balance Sheet; or if the Cr. side is the largest, make it Dr. "To Balance" for the difference, and enter the name of the account, and the amount, on the Cr. side of the Balance Sheet.

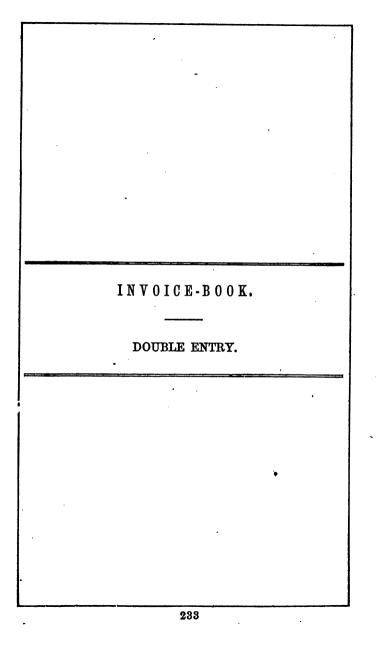
6th. Balance Stock account "To" or "By Balance" for the difference, and, if the operation of balancing is correctly performed, the balance of this account will exactly balance the Balance Sheet.

Chinety days after date, for value received, I promise to pay Benjamin Franklin, or bearen, Ninety-five Dollars and Civity-eight Cents, with Interest. Lyons, I une 18th, 1848. Received, Lyons, Hebruary 10th, 1848, of Edmund Hamilion, One Hundred and Hifty-serven Dollars, in full of Conathan Neverpay. Levi 9. Fulton PROMISSORY NOTE. RECEIPT. all demands. \$ 95.6% \$ 157.00

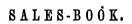


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Inventory of Merchandise, taken April 2d, 1849 960 Yds. 👁 95 1 Cass Ginghams .10 00 1,986 11 " .15 288 11 do. 90 11 do. 1,848 11 11 .12 221 04 11 Prints " .08 11 80 1.000 00 11 do. 11 " .10 212 50 2.125 do. .11% 11 2.146 " 11 241 48 s Bales Cotton Check 2,400 11 11 .10 240 00 Tickings À 3.600 .13 11 11 " 468 00 Drillings 2,250 11 11 11 .09 202 50 5 s Cases Satinets 1.800 11 .55 11 990 00 Calsimors 11 800 11 1.25 1.000 11 00 4 Po. Extra F. Bk. do. 168 11 11 2.00 324 00 " Super Bk. B. Cloth 100 11 4.50 11 450 00 2 " Blue Bk. B. Cloth 50 11 11 2.50 125 00 2 11 Exira F. Bk. B. Cloth 50 " 11 5.50 275 00 5,214 36 Inventory of Notes. 1 Given by Benjamin Cone March 26th, 1849, 1,000 00 at 3 months, due Fune 26th and 9th, for 1 Given by Samuel Sampson Mar. 22d, 1849, at 3 months, due June 20th and 3d, for 1,000 00 1 Given by J. M. Demmon Mar. 24th, 1849, at 3 months, due June 23d and 6th, for 300 00 2,300 00 Inventory of Accounts. Benjamin Cone 850 00



New York, April 4th, 1849. e Levi S. Fulton Bot. of Suydam, Roed & Co. 2 Hhds. St. Croix Sugar 2,098 Us. @ .6 88 125 N. O. Molafses 512 galls. " . 34 174 08 " 10 Bags Laguarna Coffee 1,122 Us. 1. 1% 81 35 Java Coffee 675 11 11 .9 60 75 6 6 Popper 738 11 11 .6% 45 75 " 1 Bbls. Rice 11 .3% 81 824 11 88 8 Hegs Ginger 336 11 11 .7 23 52 " Cartage/ 13 30 544 Now York, April 4th, 1849. Lovi S. Fulion ß Bot. of Geo. W. Betts & Co. 3 Ps. Super Ing. Carpeting 297 Yds. @ .85 252 45 31 " Extra fine do. 416% 11 11.62% 260 do. 202 11 11 .60 121 20 do. Wrappers 00 Reced. Paymi. by Note at 6 mos. 6.84 06 Geo. W. Betts & Co. Unica, April 19th, 1849. Ċ Lovi S. Fulion/ Bot. of H. H. Smith 1 Balo No. 625 800 632 812 11 828 653 11 ,, 655 839 11 3,279 Yes. Sheeting @ 6% 813 14 This is thought sufficient to illustrate the use and method of keeping this Book.



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# DOUBLE ENTRY.

Lyon's, Monday, April 9th, 1849. R Sold Joseph M. Dommon on Acct. .9 6 68 Yds. @ 12 2 Ps. Prints 12 60 11 .11% 118 11 11 do. .18 Ginghams 11 11 16 8 11 69 " 89 11 11 .12% 3 55 do. S. F. Bk. Calsimon 38 11 2.12% 80 75 11 11 11 do. do. B. Cloth 25 11 5.00 125 00 11 239 18 -April 121h.-8 Sold Famoson, Willard & Co. on Note 6 mo. 87 1 Piece Bk. Cafsimer 41 Yds. 8.12% 13 3 11 Salinet 46 80 .65 11 78 1 Bale Ticking 67 50 450 .15 11 201 1.3 - April 14th.-Ø Sold John Adams & Son for Cash 150 1 Piece Extra F. Brc. Cloth 25 Yds. 6.00 00 1 11 Blue Bk. do. 71 88 25 11 2.87% 88 821 -April 16th.-Ĉ Sold Charles D. Campbell on Acct. 1 Case Satinets 600 Yds. 375 00 .62% 2 Ps. Cafsimer 73 50 49 11 1.50 11 Super F. Bro. Cloth 25 5.00 125 00 11 Gingham 58 25 2 11 11 .12% 2 11 .18 1 95 do. 27% 11 10 08 Prints 118 11 .9 64 04 11 .11 7 11 do. 88 603 Sold A. F. Hovey for Cash E 1 Piece Super Ingn. Carpeting 91 Yds. .94 85 54

Lyons, Thursday, April 19th, 1849. E Sold Tosoph M. Dommon on Acct. 1 Hhd. N. O. Molafses 120 Galls. @ .38 60 45 1 " St. C. Sugar 1,144 lbs. // .7 98 77 1 Bbl. Rice 211 11 11 .4 56 1 Bag Sava Coffee 108 '' 11.10% 34 Laguarna do. 188 " 11 98 11 .9 10 151 16 - April 23d. — B Sold Honry B. Holbrook on Acct. 1 Piece Bk. Bro. Cloth 25 Yds. 4.50 118 50 " do. Cafsimor 27% " 2.00 55 00 167 50 -April 28th.-8 Sold Charles D. Campbell on Acot. 1 Bals Ticking ' \$50 Yds. .15 67 50 1 Case Satines 600 11 .68% 375 00 448 50 The foregoing is thought sufficient to illustrate clearly the use and method of keeping the Sales Book. The letter E in the margin denotes that the transaction has been entered in the Day Book, and by an examination it will be found that the trans-actions correspond with the entries made in that Book.

and severally promise to pay Charles Demmon, or bearer, Nine Hundred and Ninety-nine Dollars, with Interest. Three months after date, for value received, we jointly Henry Sachson Richard Moe Sohn Doe JOINT NOTH. Lyons, Sume 20th, 1848 \$ 999.00

## PRACTICAL EXERCISES.

THE following is a Memorandum of the business transactions for the month of June, which the learner may record in the Day-Book, journalize, post, take a Trial Balance, balance the Ledger accounts, and make out a Balance Sheet, as in the preceding form.

# MEMORANDUM.

### JUNE

3d. I have this day commenced business with effects and debts. as shown by the "Balance Sheet" in the preceding form. 5th. Received per boat "Emerald," Collins, master, an invoice of goods shipped by Stewart & Co., pursuant to my order, amounting to \$956.00. Paid freight and charges in cash, \$46.75. 6th. Sold Henry B. Holbrook merchandise, per S. B., amounting to \$56.00. Sold Henry Holmes, for cash, merchandise, amounting, per S. B., to \$97.63, 9th. Bot. of Daniel Jones. for cash, merchandise, amounting, per S. B., to \$48.96. 12th. Sold Joseph M. Demmon, on account, merchandise, per S. B., \$73.19. Received from F. S. Bogue, Albany, an account sales of flour consigned to him, June 25th ; net proceeds, \$698.00, for which he has remitted me a check on the Bank of Geneva. 14th. Sold David Coleman, for cash, merchandise, per S. B., \$139.64; Jameson, Willard & Co., on account, merchandise, per S. B., \$158.50. Deposited in the Bank of Geneva, \$700.00. 16th. Accepted Stewart & Co.'s draft on me, at 30 days' sight, for \$956.00. 19th. Received from Henry B. Holbrook cash, to balance account. Bot., for cash, of J. & H. Mirick, 100 bbls. of flour, at \$5.50, which I immediately sold for \$6.00 per bbl. 20th. Received per boat " Swan," H. Denman, master, from N. Y., an invoice of broadcloth, amounting, per invoice, to \$316.00, consigned to me by Cromwell, Haight & Co., to be sold on their account; paid freight and charges in cash, \$10.00. 21st. Sold

Charles D. Campbell merchandise, per S. B., \$46.00. Deposited cash in the Geneva Bank, \$1000. 24th. Sold Thomas Collins 32 vds. Cromwell, Haight & Co.'s broadcloth, at \$4.50. Received. in payment. his note at 60 days for one half, and cash 28th. Bot. of John H. Holmes his house and for the balance. lot on Broad-street. for \$2000. Gave in payment, cash, \$1000, and my note for the balance. Sold Lewis & Herrick the remainder of Cromwell, Haight & Co.'s broadcloth, for \$300. Charles D. Campbell has paid me cash, to balance his account. 30th. Made up an account sales of Cromwell, Haight & Co.'s consignment; my commission on sales, 5 per cent. Joseph M. Demmon has paid me cash, to balance his account. Sold William W. Hart. on his note at 90 days, merchandise, amounting, per S. B., to \$216. Paid Isaac C. Dixon his salary for one month. \$50. Store expenses, per Expense-Book, amount to Cash sales of merchandise this month, \$163.00. Mer-\$47.00. chandise unsold, per inventory taken this day. amounts to \$893.20.

# FORM FOR RETAILERS.

DOUBLE ENTRY.

THE books necessary for this form are the Day-Book, Journal, Ledger, Petty Cash-Book, Monthly Cash-Book, Merchandise-Book, Bank-Book, Bill-Book, and Expense-Book.

The Day-Book, Journal, Ledger, and Petty Cash-Book are the same as those in the "Merchant's Form," Single Entry; also the manner of journalizing and posting. For directions, see pages 69 to 72 inclusive.

Monthly Cash-Book is a book in which the sum total of the receipts and disbursements of cash are entered daily from the Petty Cash-Book; and at posting, the sum total for the month of the debits is transferred to the Dr. side, and the sum total of the credits to the Cr. side of the cash account, in the Ledger.

Merchandise-Book.—This book is kept to show the amount paid and received for merchandise. Both the Dr. and Cr. sides of this book are ruled with double money columns—for cash purchases, and credit purchases; and for cash sales, and credit sales. The amount of merchandise on hand commencing business, also the amount of merchandise purchased, should be entered, with the date, on the Dr. side of this book, "To Cash," "To Bills Payable," or "To Sundries," as the case may be; or if purchased on credit, make it Dr. to the individual of whom it was purchased.

If there should be several purchases on the same day, make it Dr. to "Sundries" for the sum total.

Every night, at the close of business, the amount of the cash sales for the day should be entered in the cash columns, on the Cr. side of this book. At the close of the month, the credit sales for each day should be added in the Day-Book, and entered in the left-hand margin of said book, opposite the date (being careful not to add any that are marked "Returned" in the margin); from thence transferred to the credit columns of the Cr. side of this book. At posting, the sum total of the debits should be transferred to the Dr. side, and the sum total

of the credits to the Cr. side, of the Merchandise account in the Ledger.

At the time of balancing the books, by taking an inventory of the merchandise unsold, and placing its value to the Cr. side of the Merchandise account in the Ledger, the difference between the two sides of this account will show the gain or loss on merchandise.

### BANK-BOOK.

This is a book usually given by banks to persons depositing money with them. On the Dr. side is entered all sums deposited, with the date and name of the individual by whom deposited. This is done by the receiving clerk. At the close of the month, the amount drawn out should be placed on the Cr. side, and the book balanced.

The sum total of the deposits for the month should be transferred to the Dr., and the amount checked out during the month to the Cr. side of the bank account in the Ledger.

### BILLS RECEIVABLE.

All written obligations for the payment of money, which you hold against other individuals, are called Bills Receivable, and should be entered in this book when taken. At the time of posting the month's transactions, the amount of bills received during the month should be transferred to the Dr. side of the Bills Receivable account in the Ledger; and the amount of all such bills which have been redeemed should be transferred to the Cr. side of the same account.

## BILLS PAYABLE.

All written obligations for the payment of money, which you give to other persons, are called Bills Payable, and should be entered in this book when given. At the time of posting the month's transactions, the amount of such bills given should be transferred to the Cr. side of Bills Payable account in the Ledger; and the amount of all such bills which have been redeemed should be transferred to the Dr. side of the same account. For form of Bill-Book, see p. 156-7.

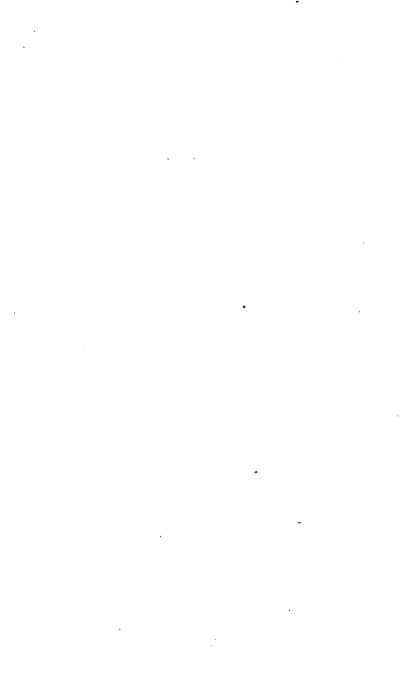
*Expense-Book.*—This is a book in which a memorandum is kept of all sums paid or incurred by the merchant in conducting his business; such as store rent, clerk hire, freight, cartage, porterage, postage, advertising, fuel, &c., &c. At the close of the month, the sum total of the expenses should be transferred to the Dr. side of the Expense account in the Ledger.

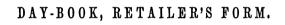
A memorandum of the transactions is given for the months of February and March, which the learner may record in the same manner as the month of January.

As this set of books is to be journalized the same as the "Merchant's Form," Single Entry, we have omitted the Journal entirely, leaving it for the learner to journalize for himself; and if he journalizes and posts correctly, his Ledger will agree with the Ledger in the book.

Note.—The sums to be posted from either the Cash-Book, Merchandise-Book, Bank-Book, Bill-Book, or Expense-Book, may, at the option of the book-keeper, be posted directly to the Ledger, or entered in the Journal, after the Day-Book has been journalized and posted from there to the Ledger.

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# DOUBLE ENTRY.

Boochester, Wednesday, Jan. 1st, 1851.		
Lovi I. Fulton/Cr. By Morchandiss por Invontory '' Cash	1,598 157	
\$16.36 Thursday, San. 2d Samos H. Hocker Dr. To 2% Yds. Bro. Cloth 3.00 '' 1% '' Silk Sorge/ 1.50 '' 1 Doz. Large Buttons		50 88 75
'' ½ '' I'mall do25 Lomuol Pottor Dr. Io 3 Yds. Cafsim <b>ens' 2.</b> 00 '' Butions	6	13 00 10
\$15.55 ——— Saturday, San. 4th.—— Paid Iames Iameson/ Dr. To 3 Us. Iugar .10		30
Borkley Gillet, Wife Dr. To 10 Yds. Silk 1.50 '' 5 Sks. Silk .05	15	00 85
\$1.50 — Monday, San. 6th. Lucius Clark Dr. To 15 lbs. Sugar .10	1	50
\$4.10 — Wednosday, San. 8th.— William F. Campbell Dr. To 15 lbs. Sugar .08 '' 1 oz. Nutmogs '' 1 '' Clovos	1	30 1 8 1 3

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Roc	hester, Wednesday, Ian. 8	th,18	51.	8
	Lysander Woodward To 1 Bbl. Salt	Dr.	1	25
	11 16% lbs. Mackerel	.08	1	30
<b>\$1</b> 4.75	Thursday, Fan. 9th			
	William W. Hart, Wife To 10 Yds. M. Do Laine	Dr. .50	5	00
	" 5 Spools Thread	.05		25
	Sames H. Hooker	Dr.		
	To 20 lbs. Sugar	.10	2	00
	Eli B. Iohnson/ To 11/2 Yds. Blk. Bro. Cloth	Dr. 5.00	~	50
		5.00	1	50
<b>\$</b> 3.90	Saturday, Ian. 11th			
	Henry L. Fulton/ To 10 lbs. Crushed Sugar	Dr. .12	1	20
	11. 5 11 Coffeed	.14		70
	'' 1 '' Tea '' 10 '' Candles	121/2	1	75 25
<b>\$3</b> 0.35	Monday, San. 13th			
-	Berkley Gillett	Dr.		
	To Cloth & Trimmings for Ove	<b>r-</b> Coat 2.00		00
	" 6 Yds. Cafsimor	_	72	00
	Sohn R. Smith To 33½ Yds. Factory	Dr. .10	3	35
<b>\$</b> 15.86				
-	William F. Campbell	Dr.		
_	To 4 Yds. Cafsimer	2.00	8	00

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3 Root	chester, Tuesday, Ian. 14	th, 18	51.	
	Lucius Clark To 3 Yds. Blk. Cafsimor '' 3 '' Factory '' Buttons	Dr. 2.50 .10	,	50 30 06
\$3.00	Lomuel Potter, Wife To & Yds. M. Do Laine	Dr. 37½	3	00
<b>#2</b> .56	Tames H. Hocker To 32 Yds. Sheeting	Dr. .08	9	56
	McHnight & Pardee By Merchandiss per Invoice	Cr.	57	00
<b>\$1.25</b>	Monday, Ian. 20th William F. Campboll, Wife To 1 Pr. Hid Buskins	Ør.	1	<b>2</b> 5
Rei'd.	Benjamin Hamilton/ To 1 Table Spread	Dr.	g	50
<b>\$</b> 6.80	Tuesday, San. 21st.— Henry L. Fulion, Wife To 6 Yds. Alpaca '' 2 '' Cambris '' 5 Sks. Silk '' 4 Yds. Sean/	Dr. 1.00 .10 .04 .10	6	00 20 20 40
\$5.25	Thursday, Ian. 23d. Lysandor Woodward, Wife To 20 Yds. Curtain Calico 11 4 Pr. Hid Gloves	Dr. .15	3	00 75

Roochester, Thursday, Jan. 23d, 1851. Eli B. Johnson, Wife Ør. To & Dor. Linen Hockfs. 3.00 50 \$2.08 Saturday, San. 25th .-William W. Hart Ør. To 10 Us. Sugar .09 99 11 A 11 Coffee .14 56 3 11 Candles 11 38 12% A 11 Soap 11 .06 24 \$7.55 -Tuesday, Ian. 98th. Lucius Clark, Wife Ør. To 32 Yds. Bleached Factory . 12% 4 00 4 " Frish Linen .75 3 11 00 11 6 Spools Thread .05 30 11 Buttons 25 McKnight & Pardee Ør. To Cash 85 Ю \$ 2.38 -Wednesday, **San. 29th**. Lovi S. Fulton Ør. To 10 Us. Sugar .10 00 11 1 11 Jea 50 William F. Campboll Ør. To 2 Galls. Molafues 88

249

5 Rood	hester, Thursday, Ian.	30th, 18	51.
<b>#</b> 0.88	Lonnucl Pottor To 1 lb. Tea '' 1 oz. Nutmege	Øe.	75 13
<b>\$2</b> .63	Honry L. Fulton	Ør,	
	To 3 Yds. Satinet 11 3 11 Sean	.75 . <b>12%</b>	9 95 38

# MEMORANDUM.

#### FEBRUARY

3d. Sold John R. Smith, per wife, 9 yds. calico, at 124c., 2 yds. Bishop lawn, at 44c., and 2 linen handkerchiefs, at 31c.; James H. Hooker, 3 yds. gray cloth, at 75c.; and bought of him 28 lbs. butter. at 15c. 4th. Sold Berkley Gillett 50 lbs. sugar, at 7c., and 5 gals. molasses, at 40c. 5th. Sold William F. Campbell, per wife, 10 yds. calico, at 12c.; Henry L. Fulton, 1 pair kid buskins, at \$1.25, and 1 pair kid gloves, at 75c. 6th. Sold Lemuel Potter 28 yds. carpeting, at 75c. 8th. Sold William W. Hart 1 satin vest pattern, at \$3.25, 1 yd. cambric, at 10c., 1 yd. white do., at 13c., and  $\frac{1}{2}$  doz. buttons, at 6c. 10th. Sold William F. Campbell 21 yds. linen, at \$1.00, 10 yds. gingham, at 25c.; and he has paid me cash, \$10.00. 11*th*. Sold Eli B. Johnson, per wife, 10 yds. French merino, at \$1.25, 14 yd. cambric, at 10c., and 6 skeins silk, at 4c. ; John R. Smith, 3 yds. black cassimer, at \$1.75, and 24 yds. factory, at 10c. 12th. Sold Henry L. Fulton 2 gals. lamp oil, at 14th. Sold Berkley Gillett, per daughter, 6 yds. para-\$1.00. metta, at 75c., 11, yd. cambric, at 10c., and 2 skeins silk, at 4c.; Lucius Clark, 15 lbs. nails, at 5c., and 1 gal. lamp oil, at 17th. Sold Eli B. Johnson 31, yds. flannel, at 40c., 2 \$1.00. brooms, at 16c.; and he has paid me cash, \$8.00. 18th. Sold John R. Smith 50 lbs. sugar, at 8c., and 2 lbs. Young Hyson

#### BOOK-KEEPING.

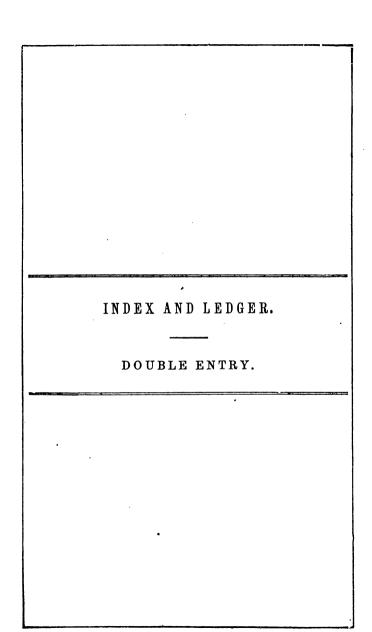
tea, at 75c.; Lysander Woodward, 9 yds. gingham, at 25c., 4 lbs. coffee, at 15c., 1/2 lb. cinnamon, at 44c., and 5 lbs. raisins. at 19th. Credited Townsend, Hamilton & Co. for mer-15c. chandise, per inventory, \$274.00. Sold James H. Hooker 1 pair rubbers, at \$1.13. 21st. Sold William F. Campbell 1 silk pocket handkerchief, at 75c., and 1 cravat, at \$1.50. 22d. Sold Lucius Clark 8 yds. gingham, at 31c., and 11, yd. cambric, at 10c. ; Henry L. Fulton, 5 lbs. pulverized sugar, at 11c. 24th. Sold Lemuel Potter, per wife, 24 yds. calico, at 10c., 5 lbs. batting, at 124c., thread, at 6c.; and bought of him 54 lbs. butter, at 16c. 26th. Sold William W. Hart 51 yds. parametta, at 75c., 4 skeins silk, at 4c.; and he has paid me cash, \$7.50. 28th. Sold Levi S. Fulton 4 lbs. candles, at  $12\frac{1}{2}c$ .  $5\frac{1}{2}$  lbs. butter, at 16c., and 1 lb. saleratus, at 8c. : William F. Campbell, per wife, 1 set fine blue tea ware, at \$3.50 ; and bought of him 56 lbs. dried apples, at 5c. Received from McKnight & Pardee merchandise, per invoice, at \$74.75; and paid them cash, \$50.00. Sold John R. Smith 2 bed cords, at 31c., and 2 yds. table linen, at 75c. Examined.

# MARCH

1st. Deposited in Commercial Bank, this day, \$500.00. Sold Henry L. Fulton 1 cravat, at \$1.50, and 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00. William F. Campbell has paid me James Cone's note, due June 1st, for \$9.50. Samuel Cummings paid me for 3 yds. gray cloth, at 75c. 3d. Sold James H. Hooker, per wife, 6 yds. alpaca, at 75c., 1 yd. cambric, at 10c., and 2 skeins silk, at 4c.; John R. Smith, per wife, 1 yd. black silk, at \$1.25, and 1 cord and tassel, at \$1.00. 4th. Sold Berkley Gillett 1 pair kid gloves, at \$1.00. 6th. Sold Eli B. Johnson 36 yds. shirting, at 124c., 24 yds. linen, at \$1.00, and 6 spools thread, at 5c. 7th. Sold William F. Campbell 1 whitewash brush, at 75c., and 2 brooms, at 20c.; Lemuel Potter, 15 lbs. sugar, at Sc., 4 lbs. coffee, at 15c., 1 lb. Young Hyson tea, at 75c., 1 lb. saleratus, at 8c.; and bought of him 101 lbs. butter, at 15c. 8th. Sold Lucius Clark 16 yds. carpeting, at 75c., and 1 piece binding, at 31c.; Henry L. Fulton, 9 yds. gingham, at 25c.,

#### BOOK-KEEPING.

and 1 yd. cambric, at 10c. 10th. Sold John R. Smith 1 satin vest pattern. at \$3.00, 1 yd. cambric, at 10c., and 1 yd. white do., at 13c. 13th. Sold William F. Campbell 9 yds. carpeting, at 50c., and 1 piece binding, at 31c. ; James H. Hooker, 3 linen handkerchiefs, at 44c., and 1 silk do., at 75c. 14th. Sold Lysander Woodward 9 yds. ticking, at 12kc., thread, at 12c.; and he has given me his note at 30 days, to balance his account, for 15th. Sold Berkley Gillett 30 yds. bleached factory, \$11.37. at 121c., 2 yds. linen, at 75c., and 6 spools thread, at 5c. 18th. Sold Lemuel Potter 1 yd. linen, at \$1.00, and 1 pair gloves, at 44c. 20th. Lucius Clark has paid me cash, \$10.00. Sold William F. Campbell 1 vest pattern, at \$1.75, 1 yd. cambric, at 10c., and \$ yd. wiggan, at 12c. 21st. Sold Berkley Gillett 9 lbs. sugar, at 10c., 4 lbs. rice, at 6c., and 4 lbs. coffee, at 12kc. ; Eli B. Johnson, 1 looking-glass, at \$6.00. 24th. Sold James H. Hooker 31 lbs. soap, at 6c., and 10 lbs. candles, at 124c. 26th. Sold Henry L. Fulton 24 yds. calico, at 10c., 3 lbs. batting, at 12c., and thread, at 10c. ; William W. Hart. 3 yds. ribbon, at 25c., and 3 yd. silk, at \$1.00. 27th. Sold John R. Smith 10 lbs. nails, at 5c., 8 lbs. cod-fish, at 4c.; and he has paid me cash, \$15.00. 29th. Sold Lemuel Potter 10 yds. French calico, at 18c.; Berkley Gillett, 10 lbs. crushed sugar, at 11c., and 1 lb. Young Hyson tea, at 75c.; Eli B. Johnson, 1 pair morocco buskins, at \$1.13. 31st. Henry L. Fulton has paid me cash, \$15.00. Sold William W. Hart 10 yds. curtain calico, at 15c.; Berkley Gillett, 2 yds. broadcloth, at \$4.50, 1 yd. padding, at 38c., 1 yd. silk serge, at \$1.13, 2 yds. twist, at 4c.; and he has paid me cash, \$20.00. Sold Levi S. Fulton 10 lbs. sugar, at 10c., 9 yds. gingham, at 25c., 5 lbs. raisins, at 15c., 1 oz. nutmegs, at 13c., and 1 oz. cloves, at 12c. Examined.



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Bills Receivable	9 Morchandise
C	P
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Campbell, Wm. F.	3 Profit & Lofo
Cash	7
Commercial Bank	10
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Expense Account	8
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Fulton, Levi I.	Imith, Iohn R.
Fulton, Henry L.	5
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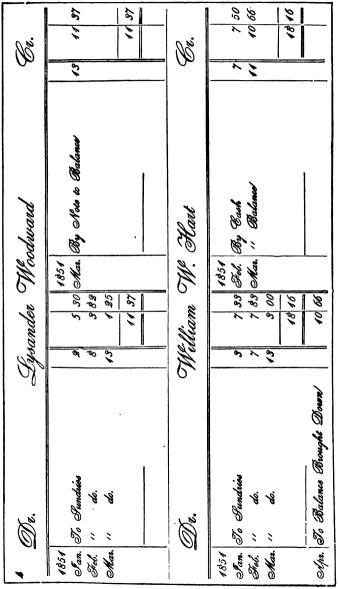
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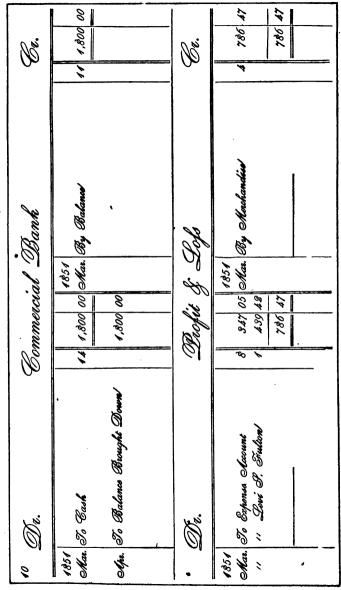
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# MONTHLY CASH-BOOK.

The transactions for one month being sufficient to illustrate the minner of keeping the Monthly Cash-Book, we will therefore simply give the sum total of the receipts and disbursements for the remaining months, as follows: receipts—February, \$912.50; March, \$,1359.13; disbursements—February, \$351.80; March, \$2,070.13, which should be posted to the Cash account in the Ledger. For form see next page.

February. on Account 25.50 \$912.50 Paid for Merchandise \_\_\_\_\_ \$ 186.54 McKnight & Pardee, on Account ..... 50.00 \$351.80

March on Account 62.25 \$1.359.13

Paid for Merchandise	\$142.50
Deposited in Commercial Bank	
Paid for Store Expenses	
<b>i</b>	\$ 0' 171 19

Ś Q Ø, Amount Forward 1 By Cleaning Piore do. do. Hed In**b** Gundries Sundries Porterage Cartage Jundries Cundries g. do. g. <u>ب</u> 10 11 13 11 14 11 10 11 12 11 18 11 21 11 11 11 157 18 Jan. Cash 9 14 10 10 17 10 22 66 393 86 8.7 Imount Forward 1 To Levi J. Fullow Merchandise g. Ś. \$ \$ 11.17 Q, <u>ره</u> San. 

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# MERCHANDISE-BOOK.

The transactions for one month being sufficient to illustrate clearly the manner of keeping the Merchandise-Book, we will therefore merely give the sum total of the purchases and sales the remaining months, as follows: purchases—February, \$614.91; March, \$254.33: sales—February, \$989.05; March, \$1,389.73, which should be posted to the Merchandise account in the Ledger. For form see next page.

356.63	Furchases for Cash
	" on Account
	" on Notes
\$614.91	•
<b>\$</b> \$87.00	Salos for Cash '' on Account
102.05	" on Account
<b>\$</b> 989.05	•
rc <b>h.</b>	March.
<b>#1</b> 42:50	Purchases for Cash
	Purchases for Cash '' on Account
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Expense Account Dı. Ian. To Cleaning Store Blank Books ,, " 4 00 Inkstand and Rule " 1. Grofs Pens " 1. 1 13 Advertising in Daily American " " 1, 2 Cords Wood and Sawing 1 Camphens Lamp and Wicks ... 1 Gall. Camphone // " " Postage/ ... 1 Quart Ink Bill Paper Advertising in Daily Advertisor 3.00 Bottle Red Ink Subscription N. Y. Tribune // 2 Glafs Lamps ... Postage/ . 11 1 Tin Wash Dish Express Charges Postage/ ... 1 Duster 8:00 Porterage/ Fixing Shelves Printing 1 Thousand Cards 3 00 // Blotting Paper " Cartage/ Postage Wafers Wrapping Paper " 1 Gallon Camphone " Po**rt**erage/ 23: Amount Carried Forward 46 96

Expense Account Dr. ۱. 1850 25 To Amount Brought Forward San. 96 66 Cleaning Cellar ,, " 11 00 Envelopes 11 " " 25 11 Postage 11 25 05. " Express Charges " 11 50 " Fixing Blinds 11 27 75 Sundries " ,, 11 15 Livery 11 29 11 00 Postage/ " 11 11 15 30 Porterage 11 11 10 Blank Book " 31 11 3 00 Cartage/ " 11 11 25 Store Rent " 11 11 25 00 11 Clork Had 25 11 " 00 106 16 The transactions for one month will sufficiently illus-Tate the object and manner of keeping this book. The store expenses for February were \$115.26, and for March \$127.63, which should be posted to the Ex-pense Account in the Ledger.

# PART THIRD.

# BOOKS OF ACCOUNT.

It is a well-established and salutary rule, that a person shall not be permitted to testify for himself, or in other words, manufacture his own testimony. Yet there is an exception to this rule. From the necessity of some cases, the law allows a person to furnish testimony for himself, by admitting his books of account, under certain restrictions, as evidence in his favor.

Such testimony, however, is liable to the strictest scrutiny, and is considered by courts as the most suspicious kind, and as little better than the declarations of the party in his own favor.

To entitle a person's books to be received in evidence, he would have to prove the following facts.

1st. That he had no clerk.

2d. That the books produced are his account-books.

3d. That some of the articles charged have been delivered.

4th. That he keeps fair and honest accounts; and this he must show by those who have dealt and settled with him.

Account-books are not received as evidence of money lent, or money received or expended for the use of another; nor are they evidence of a single charge.

If the entries in a book were made by a clerk, and he be dead, on showing that fact, and proving his handwriting, and that he was a clerk of the party, such entries would be received as evidence.

# BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

A Bill of Exchange is an open letter of request, addressed by one person to a second, desiring him to pay a sum of money to a third, or to any other to whom that third person shall order it to be paid; or it may be made payable to bearer.

Bills of Exchange are very useful to business men, who wish to send large sums of money to individuals living at a distance from them. "If A, living in New York, wishes to receive \$1,000 which B, in London, owes him, he applies to C, who is going from New York to London, to pay him \$1,000, and take his order or draft on B for that sum, payable at sight. A receives his debt by transferring it to C, who carries his money across the Atlantic, in the shape of a Bill of Exchange, with but any danger or risk in the transportation; and on his arrival at London, he presents the bill to B and is paid."

The person who makes the bill is called the *drawer*; he to whom it is addressed, the *drawee*; and when he undertakes to pay the amount, he is then called the *acceptor*. The person to whom it is ordered to be paid is called the *payee*; and if he appoint another to receive the money, that other is called the *endorsee*, as the payee is, with respect to him, the *endorser*; any one who happens for the time to have the legal possession of the bill, is called the *holder* of it.

A bill is either *foreign* or *inland*. It is called foreign when drawn by a person in one state or country, upon one in another state or country; and inland, when both drawer and drawee reside in the same state. These are generally termed drafts.

Foreign bills are usually drawn in sets; that is, copies of the bill are made on separate pieces of paper, each part containing a condition that it shall continue payable only so long as the others remain unpaid. Whenever any one of a set is paid, the others are void; for the whole set constitute but one bill. The reason for drawing them in sets is, that in case one part is lost or accidentally destroyed; the other may be received by the drawee.

#### OF THE REQUISITES OF A BILL.

A Bill of Exchange must always be in writing. It is not necessary that it should be written in ink; it may be in pencil mark. No precise form of words is necessary. It will be sufficient if it contain an order or direction by one person to another, to pay money to a third. It must be for the payment of *money*, and money only; and the sum to be paid must be payable absolutely and at all events, and must not depend upon any circumstance that may, or may not happen; the exact sum also must be inserted. The place where, and on which it is drawn, should, in general, appear upon the face of the bill; there should also be a date, though its omission would not render the bill invalid. The time when bills are payable should be fixed; usually they are drawn payable at a certain time after date or after sight; that is, after acceptance.

It is not essential to the validity of a bill that it be negotiable, or

#### BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

that it contain the words "yalue received," although in many cases it is highly important that these words be inserted.

#### OF THE OBLIGATIONS OF PARTIES.

The drawer's undertaking in a Bill of Exchange is, that the drawee, upon due presentment to him, shall accept such bill, and pay the same when due; and that if the drawee do not accept it, or pay it when due, he will pay the amount of the bill to the holder, together with certain damages which the law allows; provided he is duly notified of such non-payment.

It is the payee's duty, if the bill remain in his possession, to present it to the drawee for acceptance and for payment at the proper time and place, and in case the drawee refuse to accept or pay, to give notice without delay to the drawer of such refusal. If the payee endorse the bill, his undertaking, in regard to all subsequent holders, is exactly the same as the drawer's.

The obligations of the endorsee or holder, are the same as those of the payee previous to his endorsing the bill.

The acceptor undertakes, and is bound to pay the bill, according to the tenor of the acceptance, when it becomes due, and upon due presentment thereof. In short, all those who have signed, accepted, or endorsed a bill of exchange, are jointly and severally liable upon it to the holder.

#### OF TRANSFER.

A bill which does not contain a direction or request to pay to the order of the payee or to the bearer, is not negotiable or transferable, so as to render the drawer or acceptor liable to the person to whom it is transferred, though the payee would be liable on his endorsing such a bill, and the endorsee could recover against him.

A bill which is made payable to order, is transferable only by endorsement; but if payable to bearer, it is transferable by mere delivery. Endorsements are of two kinds—blank, and full or special endorsements. A blank endorsement is made by the mere signature of the endorser on the back of the bill; and if it be the signature of the payee, its effect is to make the bill thereafter payable to bearer.

An endorsement *in full* expresses in whose favor the endorsement is made. Thus an endorsement in full by A. B. is usually in this form: "Pay C. D. or order," and signed "A. B." Its effect is to make the bill payable to C. D., or his order only.

An endorsee has a right to convert a *blank* endorsement into a *special* one, by writing over the signature the necessary words; and

#### BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

on the other hand he may convert a *special* into a *blank* endorsement, by striking out the words that made it an endorsement in *full*.

#### OF PRESENTMENT FOR ACCEPTANCE.

If a bill be drawn payable at sight, or at a certain period after sight, or after demand, it is absolutely necessary that the holder present it to the drawee for acceptance. For until such presentment there is no right of action against any party; and generally, unless it be made within a reasonable time, the holder loses his remedy against the antecedent parties.

#### OF ACCEPTANCE.

An Acceptance is an engagement by the drawee to pay the bill when due. It may be general or conditional, and either before or after the bill is drawn. It must be in writing, though no precise form is necessary; any written words clearly denoting an intention to accept the bill are sufficient.

The holder is entitled to require from the drawee an absolute engagement to pay according to the tenor of the bill, unencumbered with any condition or qualification. If the drawee refuse to give the holder a general and unqualified acceptance, he may treat the bill as dishonored.

A bill is said to be honored when it is duly accepted; and when acceptance or payment is refused, it is said to be dishonored.

#### OF PROCEEDINGS ON NON-ACCEPTANCE.

Immediately upon the dishonor of a bill, by the refusal of the drawee to accept it, it is in general the indispensable duty of the holder to have the bill duly protested, and notice of such dishonor and protest given to the antecedent parties to whom he intends to look for indemnity.

The protest is generally drawn up by a notary public; it is a solemn declaration against any loss to be sustained on the part of the holder by the non-acceptance or non-payment of the bul. In respect to inland bills a protest is not absolutely necessary, although it is usual; notice of their dishonor, however, must be given by the holder to the antecedent parties, in order to make them responsible.

Upon non-acceptance of a bill, if due notice thereof has been given to the antecedent parties, the holder can insist upon immediate payment of the bill from them.

#### BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

#### OF PRESENTMENT FOR PAYMENT.

If the bill has been duly accepted, it is the duty of the holder to present it to the acceptor for payment on the very day on which it becomes due; and if the bill was accepted payable at a particular place, the holder is bound to make a demand of payment at that place. For, if the holder neglect to present the bill at such time and place, he cannot recover against the drawer or endorser in case the acceptor refuses payment.

In determining when a bill becomes due, days of grace, as they are called, must be allowed. In this country three days grace are given on all bills except those payable on demand. Demand of payment must not be made, therefore, until the third day of grace, unless such day be Sunday, Fourth of July, or some other holiday, in which case demand must be made on the second day of grace.

#### OF PROCEEDINGS ON NON-PAYMENT.

The duties of the holder, upon dishonor of a bill by non-payment, are the same as upon dishonor by non-acceptance. He must make due protest for non-payment, and give due notice of the dishonor to the other parties to the bill; in which case the holder is entitled to a full satisfaction of all damages sustained by him by reason of the dishonor, against such other parties to the bill; but if he neglect to do this the antecedent parties are discharged from all liability to the hoder.

#### OF PAYMENT AND OTHER DISCHARGES.

The acceptor being primarily liable on a bill of exchange, it is evident that a payment by him to the holder discharges all the other parties from liability on the bill, provided the payment is made without knowledge of any infirmity in the title of the holder, and the names of the parties to the bill are not forgeries. Payment by the acceptor should be made at maturity, and not before.

The drawer and endorsers will be discharged from liability by a valid and binding agreement (in which they do not concur) between the holder and acceptor, whereby time is given to the acceptor for the payment of the bill after it is due.

A discharge to the acceptor, we have seen, is a discharge to all the parties to the bill; but a discharge to an endorser is no discharge to the prior endorsers, though it is to the subsequent endorsers.

### PROMISSORY NOTES.

FORM OF A SET OF BILLS OF EXCHANGE.

Exch. \$1,000.

Thirty days after sight of this, my first of exchange, (second and third unpaid,) pay to the order of H. B. Williams & Co. one thousand dollars, and place the same to my account.

To Messrs. Jones & Clark, New Orleans.

Exch. \$1,000.

Thirty days after sight of this, my second of exchange, (first and third unpaid,) pay to the order of H: B. Williams & Co. one thousand dollars, and place the same to my account. L. S. F.

To Messrs. Jones & Clark, New Orleans.

Exch. \$1,000.

Thirty days after sight of this, my third of exchange, (first and second unpaid,) pay to the order of H. B. Williams & Co. one thousand dollars, and place the same to my account.

To Messrs. Jones & Clark, New Orleans.

FORM OF A DRAFT OR INLAND BILL.

\$500.

Lyons, Jan. 1, 1848.

Ten days from sight pay to the order of Nathan Brittan five hundred dollars, value received, and place the same to my account.

To H. M. Richardson, Rochester.

# PROMISSORY NOTES.

A promissory note is an engagement in writing to pay a certain sum of money mentioned in it to a person named, or to his order, or to such person or bearer.

A note, in its original form of a promise from one person to pay a sum of money to another, bears no particular resemblance to a bill of

L. S. F.

New York, Jan. 1, 1848.

L. S. F.

L. S. F.

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New York, Jan. 1, 1849

NEW YORK, Jan. 1, 1848.

#### PROMISSORY NOTES.

exchange; but when it is endorsed there is a very great resemblance, for then it is an order by the endorser to the maker of the note, to pay the money to the endorsee. The *endorser* of the note corresponds to the *drawer* of the bill; the *maker* to the *drawee* or *acceptor*; and the *endorsee* to the *payee*. The rights and obligations of these corresponding parties are nearly or quite the same. It will not be necessary, therefore, to repeat all the rules that are applicable to, and govern the parties to a promissory note; we will, however, state the principal ones. And first, of *the requisites of promissory notes*.

No precise form of words is necessary to constitute a valid promissory note. A promise to account for a certain sum, or an acknowledgment of indebtedness for value received, is sufficient.

Like bills of exchange, they must be for the payment of *money* only, and not for the performance of some other act; and the amount to be paid must be fixed and not variable, and must not depend upon any contingency, but must be payable absolutely and at all events.

There should be no uncertainty as to the person by whom or to whom it is payable. Therefore a note payable to A. B., or to C. D., is not a valid promissory note.

A note payable to bearer generally, or to the payee or bearer, is transferable by mere delivery; and possession of such a note is prima facie proof of title. But if a note be drawn payable to the *order* of the payee, the title will pass only by the endorsement of the payee; and if the endorsement be *in full*, the title passes to the person named therein; but if it be *in blank*, it passes to the holder by delivery merely.

To make a note payable at a particular place, it is not sufficient that there be a memorandum of the place at the bottom or margin thereof, but it must be expressed in the body of the note itself, and form a part thereof.

The words "value received" are not essential to the validity of a promissory note, although they should be inserted.

A note may be made by two or more persons; and in that case may be joint, or joint and several, according to its form. The makers of a joint and several note may be sued upon it either jointly or separately; and if sued separately, a recovery of judgment (without satisfaction) against one will not be a bar to a recovery against another maker. But the makers of a joint note should be sued jointly; for if they are sued separately the action can be defeated by a plea in abatement of the non-joinder of the other maker or makers.

A note signed by two or more persons written thus, "We promise

to pay, &c.," is a joint note only; otherwise, if the words "jointly and severally" be added. A note written "I promise to pay," &c., signed by two or more persons, is a joint and several note.

If a person, at the time a negotiable note is made, write on the back of it, "I guaranty the payment of the within note," he will be treated as a joint and several promiser with the maker thereof, and not as a mere guarantor. But if the endorsement be made at a subsequent time, or be a guaranty of collection instead of payment, the endorser would be considered as a guarantor; a consideration, however, in these last cases, must be expressed; that is, the words "for value received" should be inserted in the endorsement.

If a note be endorsed thus, "For value received," or "For a valuable consideration, I guaranty the collection of the within note," the guarantor would not be liable upon it, unless the holder showed a diligent attempt to collect it.

An agreement for a valid consideration, extending to a principal the time of payment of a debt, discharges the sureties. But an agreement for delay, made without consideration, between the principal debtor and the creditor, will not discharge the surety; nor will negligence of the creditor in calling upon the principal for payment discharge the surety, unless he be damnified by such negligence.

All who have signed or endorsed a note, are jointly and severally liable to the holder.

#### CONSIDERATION.

A valuable consideration is necessary to support a promissory note. A consideration founded in mere love or affection is not sufficient. Thus, a note drawn as a gift to a son or other relative, or to a friend, cannot be enforced as between the original parties.

A mere moral obligation, though coupled with an express promise, is not sufficient consideration to support a note. A consideration which the law esteems *valuable* must exist, in order to furnish a just foundation for an action.

A note will be void; as between the original parties, if founded upon fraud or duress, or where undue advantage was taken to obtain it of the maker; as, for instance, getting the maker intoxicated for the purpose of obtaining his note.

Illegal consideration also will render a note void; as, when a note is given for the perpetration or concealment of a crime, or for a wager, or whenever the consideration is founded upon a transaction against sound morals, public policy, public rights, or public interests.

### PROMISSORY NOTES.

There are, however, but two cases in which a note is void in the hands of an *innocent endorser* for a *valuable consideration*; and these cases are, when the consideration in the note is money won at a play, or where the note is given for a usurious debt.

## OF PRESENTMENT FOR PAYMENT.

The contract of the maker being to pay the note upon due presentment at maturity, in order to charge the endorsers it is the duty of the holder to demand payment of the maker on the very day on which by law the note becomes due; and unless the demand be so made the holder loses his remedy against the endorsers, although the maker would still be liable. The rules that were given to determine when bills of exchange become due apply as well to notes. Three days grace are allowed on all notes except those payable on demand, and those in which no time of payment is expressed; on such no days of grace are allowed.

When a note is made payable at any particular place, as, for instance, at a certain bank, due presentment must be made at that place in order to render the endorsers liable in case of non-payment. Notes payable at a particular bank, are generally left with that bank for payment.

If the note is payable generally, without any specification of place, the holder may present it for payment to the maker wherever he may be found; but it is not absolutely necessary that a personal demand be made; a demand at the maker's place of abode or business, is a good demand in some cases. The holder must use reasonable diligence in finding the maker, or his place of abode, or place of business, in order to charge the endorsers. But the maker is liable without such demand.

#### PROCEEDINGS ON NON-PAYMENT.

No protest is required to be made upon the dishonor of a note; although it is common to protest them for non-payment, especially in commercial towns. But in every case of the dishonor of a note, it is the duty of the holder to give due notice thereof to all the prior parties on the note to whom he means to look for payment; for the holder cannot recover against a party to whom he has failed to give due notice of the dishonor.

#### OF PAYMENT.

If the maker makes due payment of a note to a bona fide holder, it will amount to a complete discharge of all other parties thereto.

## PROMISSORY NOTES.

But when payment is duly made by an endorser to the holder, such endorser, as a general rule, will retain his right to recover over against all the antecedent parties to the note, until he has received a full indemnity; such payment, however, will discharge all the endorsers subsequent to himself.

#### INTEREST.

Interest is recoverable on a promissory note in which there is no special agreement to pay interest, from the time when the principal becomes due, or ought to have been paid. A note payable on demand carries no interest till a demand is made, either by suit or otherwise, unless there is an agreement to pay interest. A note not on demand, in which no time of payment is mentioned, draws interest from date.

Whenever there is a special agreement to pay interest, that is, when the words "with use," or "with interest," &c., are contained in the note, it draws interest, of course, according to such agreement or contract.

A note is said to be outlawed in six years from the time it becomes due. The statute requires that all actions founded upon any instrument or contract not under seal, must be commenced within six years next after the cause of action accrued, and not after.

### FORMS OF PROMISSORY NOTES.

## (1.)

Nine months from date, for value received, I promise to pay H. M. Richardson, or bearer, one hundred dollars with interest.

L. S. FAINSTOCK.

Lyons, Aug. 1, 1848.

# (2.)

On the first day of January, 1849, for value received, I promise to pay L. S. Fulton, or order, one hundred dollars.

SAMUEL TOOK.

# (3.)

On demand, for value received, I promise to pay H. M. Richardson, or bearer, one hundred and ninety-two dollars and sixty cents.

Lyons, Jan. 1, 1848.

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ALEX. HAMILTON.

## CHATTEL NOTES.

(4.)

For value received, I promise to pay L. S. Fulton, or order, one hundred and fifty dollars.

### Lyons, Aug. 1, 1848.

## (5.)

Ninety days after date, for value received, I promise to pay H. M. Richardson, at the Bank of Geneva, one hundred and twenty-five dollars.

Lyons, Aug. 1, 1848.

# S. S. SAMPSON.

## (6.)

#### JOINT NOTE.

Three months after date, for value received, we jointly and severally promise to pay to the order of L. S. Fulton one hundred dollars with interest.

Samuel Sampson. James Jameson.

Lyons, Aug. 1, 1848.

# (7.)

## DUE-BILL.

Due, Lyons, Jan. 1, 1848, Levi S. Fulton one hundred and fortyseven dollars.

SAMUEL SAMMERS.

Notes Nos. 1, 4, 6, and 7 draw interest from their date; Nos. 2 and 5 from the time of payment mentioned in them; and No. 3 from the 1 me a demand is made.

## CHATTEL NOTES.

We have seen that in order to constitute a *promissory* note it must be for the payment of *money* only; if then a note be payable otherwise than in money, it is called a *chattel* note. Chattel notes are not negotiable, and cannot be sued except in the name of the payee. No days of grace are allowed upon them.

It is the duty of the maker of a chattel note payable in specific articles, at a place mentioned in the note, to *tender* the articles at that place, and at the time the note becomes due. If the maker neglect to make such tender, he will be liable to the payee to pay him the

## CHECKS ON BANKS AND BANKERS.

amount of the note in money. But if, on the other hand, the maker tender the articles mentioned in the note, at the proper time and place, according to the contract, and the creditor neglects or refuses to receive them, the debt is thereby discharged; but the right of property in the articles tendered passes to the creditor. The debtor may abandon the goods tendered; but if he elects to retain possession of them, he will be considered as bailee of the creditor at his (the creditor's) risk and expense. The relation of debtor and creditor would in such case be changed to that of bailor and bailee.

There is a difference as to tender between *portable* and *cumbrous* articles. With respect to the former, a tender as above must be made; as to the latter, it will be sufficient if the debtor offer to deliver as the creditor shall direct.

FORMS OF CHATTEL NOTES.

Three months after date, I promise to pay C. D., or order, one hundred bushels of good merchantable wheat, to be delivered at the residence of said C. D.

Rochester, August 1, 1848.

\$75.

Four months from date, I promise to pay to C. D., or bearer, at my place of residence in this city, seventy-five dollars worth of sound and merchantable winter apples.

Rochester, August 1, 1848.

CHECKS ON BANKS AND BANKERS.

A Check is a written order addressed to a bank, or to persons carrying on the business of bankers, by a person having money in their hands, requesting them to pay to another person, or to his order, a certain sum of money mentioned in the check.

Checks differ from Bills of Exchange in the following respects :

1st. They are always drawn on a bank, or on bankers, and are payable immediately on presentment, without any days of grace.

2d. They require no acceptance as distinct from payment.

3d. They are always supposed to be drawn upon a previous deposite of funds.

In order to make the drawer liable, in case the check is dishonored,

A. B.

A. B.

л. 1

## RECEIPTS.

the holder must present it for payment within a reasonable time, and if dishonored, must give the drawer notice thereof within a reasonable time also.

### CHECK.

August 1, 1848.

Cashier Rochester City Bank, pay H. M. Richardson, or bearer, two thousand five hundred dollars.

\$2,500.

R. L. BRAYTON.

# RECEIPTS.

A receipt in full, though strong evidence, is not conclusive; and a party signing such receipt will be permitted to show a mistake or error therein, if any exist.

Receipts for the payment of money are open to examination, and may be varied, explained, or contradicted, by parol testimony.

## GENERAL FORM OF A RECEIPT ON ACCOUNT.

\$50.

ROCHESTER, August 1, 1848.

Received of C. D. fifty dollars, to apply on his account.

A. B.

## RECEIPT IN FULL.

**\$**110 10.

ROCHESTER, August 1, 1848.

Received of C. D. one hundred ten dollars and ten cents, in full of all demands against him.

A. B.

## RECEIPT FOR MONEY PAID BY THIRD PERSONS.

\$100.

Recentsran, August 1, 1848.

Received of C. D., by the hand of E. F., one hundred dollars, to apply on account of said C. D.

A. B.

## BONDS.

## RECEIPT FOR MONEY ON BOND.

200.

\$140.

Received of C. D. two hundred dollars, to apply on his bond, dated the <u>day</u> of <u>side</u>, 18—, being the same sum this day endorsed on said bond.

## RECEIPT FOR INTEREST MONEY.

Received of C. D. one hundred and forty dollars, being the annual interest due on his bond, dated the —— day of ——, 18—, given to me, (or to E. F.,) and conditioned for the payment of the sum of — dollars in —— years from date, with annual interest.

A. B.

RECEIPT TO BE ENDORSED ON BOND.

\$140.

ROCHESTER, August 1, 1848.

Received of C. D. one hundred and forty dollars, being the annual interest due on the within bond, and the same sum this day receipted by me to the said C. D.

A. B.

# RECEIPT FOR A NOTE OF THIRD PERSON.

ROCHESTER, August 1, 1848.

Received of C. D. a promissory note against E. F., (dated April 4th, 1847, and on which there is due one hundred dollars,) which, when paid, shall be in full of all demands against the said C. D.

A. B.

# BONDS.

A Bond is the acknowledgment, under seal, of a debt, duty, or obligation; and it is immaterial what mode of expression is used, provided the language be sufficient to establish an acknowledgment of a debt.

Every bond, in itself, imports a consideration; and a failure of the consideration is not a good defence to an action brought on the bond. Fraud, however, or an illegal consideration, will invalidate a bond.

ROCHESTER, August 1, 1848.

## CHATTEL MORTGAGES.

Wax, or some other tenacious substance, is necessary in order to make a legal seal, except it be the seal of a court or public officer.

#### COMMON FORM OF A BOND.

Know all men by these presents, that I, A. B., of the town of ———, in the county of ———, and State of New York, am held and firmly bound unto C. D., of &c., in the sum of one thousand dollars, lawful money of the United States of America, to be paid to the said C. D., his executors, administrators or assigns; for which payment, well and truly to be made, I bind myself, my heirs, executors and administrators firmly by these presents.

Sealed with my seal. Dated this —— day of ——, one thousand eight hundred and ——.

The condition of the above obligation is such, that if the above bounden A. B., his heirs, executors or administrators, shall well and truly pay, or cause to be paid unto the above named C. D., his executors, administrators or assigns, the just and full sum of five hundred dollars, in five equal annual payments from the date hereof, with annual interest, then the above obligation to be void; otherwise to remain in full force and virtue.

Sealed and delivered in the presence of G. H.

A. B. [L. s.]

## CHATTEL MORTGAGES.

Every mortgage, or conveyance intended to operate as a mortgage, of goods and chattels, which shall not be accompanied by an immediate delivery and continued change of possession of the things mortgaged, is *absolutely void*, as against the creditors of the mortgagor, subsequent purchasers, and mortgagees in good faith, unless the mortgage, or a true copy thereof, be filed in the office of the clerk of the town where the mortgagor resides at the time of the execution thereof.

Within thirty days next preceding the expiration of a year from the filing a chattel mortgage as aforesaid, a true copy of such mortgage, with a statement exhibiting the interest of the mortgagee in the property mortgaged, should again be filed with such clerk.

After default in the payment of a chattel mortgage the mortgagee's

#### BILL OF SALE.

title to the property mortgaged becomes absolute at law, and he is entitled to the immediate possession thereof.

#### CHATTEL MORTGAGE.

This indenture, made the —— day of ——, between A. B., of ——, of the first part, and C. D., of ——, of the second part, witnesseth: That the said party of the first part, in consideration of the sum of —— dollars, to him duly paid, hath sold, and by tnese presents doth grant and convey to the said party of the second part, the following described goods, chattels, and property, (describe them particularly, or refer to them in the schedule,) now in my possession, at the —— of —— aforesaid; together with the appurtenances, and all the estate, title, and interest of the said party of the first part therein.

This grant is intended as a security for the payment of one hundred and ten dollars, with interest, on or before the expiration of one year from the date hereof; and the additional sum of one hundred and forty dollars, with interest, on the —— day of ——, 18—; which payments, if duly made, will render this conveyance void.

In witness whereof the said party of the first part hath hereunto set his hand and seal, the day and year first above written.

Sealed, signed, and delivered )

in presence of G. H. A. B. [L. S.]

## BILL OF SALE.

A Bill of Sale is a written contract, or agreement, transferring and assigning the ownership of personal property, or any interest in the same. If fraudulent, as against third persons, it is void.

### COMMON BILL OF SALE.

Know all men by these presents, that I, A. B., of the town of \_\_\_\_\_\_, in the county of \_\_\_\_\_\_, and State of New York, of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of \_\_\_\_\_\_ dollars, lawful money of the United States, to me in hand paid, at or before the ensealing and delivery of these presents, by C. D., of &c., of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, have bargained and sold, and by these presents do grant and convey, unto the said party of the sec-

## POWER OF ATTORNEY.

ond part, his executors, administrators, and assigns, (here state the property sold.) to have and to hold the same unto the said party of the second part, his executors, administrators, and assigns forever. And I do, for myself, my heirs, executors, and administrators, covenant and agree, to and with the said party of the second part, his executors, administrators, and assigns, to warrant and defend the sale of the said property, goods, and chattels, hereby made unto the said party of the second part, against all and every person and persons whomsoever.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal this day of ———, one thousand eight hundred and ———.

Signed, sealed, and delivered in presence of G. H.

A. B. [L. s.]

## POWER OF ATTORNEY.

A Letter, or Power of Attorney, is a written delegation of authority by which one person enables another to do an act for him.

When a power is special, and the authority limited, the attorney cannot bind his principal by any act in which he exceeds that authority; but the authority of the attorney will be so construed as to include all necessary means of executing it with effect.

When the power is in writing, and subject to the inspection of the party, no good reason exists for binding the principal beyond the scope of it; though in general he who employs an agent or attorney shall lose by his fraudulent or illegal acts, in preference to an innocent third person.

## GENERAL FORM OF POWER OF ATTORNEY.

Know all men by these presents, that I, A. B., of \_\_\_\_\_, in the county of \_\_\_\_\_, and State of New York, have made, constituted, and appointed, and by these presents do make, constitute, and appoint C. D., of &c., my true and lawful attorney, for me, and in my name, place, and stead, to (set forth the subject matter of the power;) giving and granting unto my said attorney, full power and authority to do and perform all and every act and thing whatsoever requisite and necessary to be done in and about the premises, as fully, to all intents and purposes, as I might or could do if personally present, with full power of substitution and revocation, hereby ratifying and confirming DEEDS.

all that my said attorney or his substitute shall lawfully do or cause to be done by virtue thereof.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal, this — day of ———, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ——.

Sealed and delivered in the presence of G. H.

A. B. [L. S.]

### REVOCATION OF A POWER OF ATTORNEY.

Know all men by these presents, that whereas I, A. B., of &c., in and by my letter of attorney bearing date the —— day of ——, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ——, did make, constitute, and appoint C. D., of &c., my true and lawful attorney, for me, and in my name, to &c., (here copy the language of the Letter of Attorney,) as by the said letter will more fully appear: now know ye that I, the said A. B., have revoked, countermanded, annulled, and made void, and by these presents do revoke, countermand, annul, and make void, the said letter of attorney, and all power and authority thereby given, or intended to be given, to the said C. D.

In witness &c., (as in Letter of Attorney.)

# DEEDS.

All instruments under seal are deeds; but the term "deed" is generally understood as applying to conveyances of land.

The consideration of a deed may either be good or valuable. A good consideration is founded upon natural love and affection between near relations by blood; a valuable consideration is founded on something deemed valuable, as money, goods, service, or marriage.

Every deed or contract is void when made for any fraudulent purpose or in violation of law.

## A SIMPLE DEED.

This Indenture, made the —— day of ——, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ——, between A. B., of &c., of the first part, and C. D., of &c., of the second part, witnesseth: That the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of — dollars, to him in hand paid by the said party of the second part, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, hath bargained and sold, and by these presents doth bargain and sell, unto the said party of the second part, and to his heirs and assigns forever, all (*here describe the premises*;) together with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining; and the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders, rents, issues, and profits thereof; and also all the estate, right, title, interest, claim, or demand whatsoever, of him, the said party of the first part, either in law or equity, of, in, and to the above bargained premises, and to every part and parcel thereof: to have and to hold to the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns, to the sole and only proper use, benefit, and behoof of the said party of the second part, his heirs and assigns forever.

In witness whereof the said party of the first part has hereunto set his hand and seal, the day and year first above written.

Sealed and delivered in presence of

G. H.

A. B. [L. S.]

## QUIT-CLAIM DEED.

Know all men by these presents, that we, A. B., of &c., and E., the wife of the said A. B., in consideration of the sum of \_\_\_\_\_\_, to us in hand paid by C. D., of &c., the receipt whereof we do hereby acknowledge, have bargained, sold, and quit-claimed, and by these presents do bargain, sell, and quit-claim, unto the said C. D., and to his heirs and assigns forever, all our, and each of our right, title, interest, estate, claim, and demand, both at law and in equity, and as well in possession as in expectancy, of, in, and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate, (*here give description*,) with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals, the day and year first above written.

Sealed and delivered in	)
presence of	2

G. H. )

<b>A. B</b> .	[L. S.]
<b>E</b> . B.	[L. S.]

### WARRANTY DEED.

To all people to whom these presents shall come, greeting: Know ye that I, A. B., of &c., for the consideration of ——— dollars, received to my full satisfaction of C. D., of &c., do grant, bargain, sell, and confirm unto the said C. D., his heirs and assigns, all (*here give* **description**;) to have and to hold the above granted and bargained premises, with the appurtenances thereof, unto the said C. D., his heirs and assigns, to his and their own proper use and behoof forever. And I do for myself, and my heirs, executors, and administrators, covenant with the said C. D., his heirs and assigns, that at and until the ensealing of these presents, I am well seized of the premises, as a good and indefeasible estate in fee simple, and have good right to bargain and sell the same, in manner and form aforesaid; and that the same is free from all encumbrance whatsoever.

And further, I do by these presents bind myself, and my heirs, to warrant and forever defend the above granted and bargained premises, unto the said C. D., his heirs and assigns, against all claims and demands whatsoever.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal, the \_\_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_\_, in the year one thousand eight hundred and \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Sealed and delivered in presence of

oi G. H. A. B. [L. s.]

## MORTGAGE.

This Indenture, made the ----- day of -----, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and \_\_\_\_\_, between A. B., of &c., of the first part, and C. D., of -----, of the second part, witnesseth : That the said party of the first part, for and in consideration of the sum of - dollars, doth grant, bargain, sell, and confirm unto the said party of the second part, and to his heirs and assigns, all (description;) together with all and singular the hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging, or in anywise appertaining. This conveyance is intended as a mortgage, to secure the payment of the sum of ------ dollars in ------ years from the date of these presents, with annual interest, according to the conditions of a certain bond, dated this day, executed by the said A. B. to the said party of the second part; and these presents shall be void if such payment be made. But in case default shall be made in the payment of the principal, or interest, as above provided, then the party of the second part, his executors, administrators, and assigns, are hereby empowered to sell the premises above described, with all and every of the appurtenances, or any part thereof, in the manner prescribed by law; and out of the money arising from such sale, to retain the said principal and interest, together with the costs and charges.

#### A. S. BARNES & COMPANY S PUBLICAT. OWS.

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"I have examined Messrs, Fulton & Eastman's 'Practical System of Book-Keeping and am pleased with the work. As a branch of Education, Book-Keeping is weat decerving a high estimation; and, I will add, there is none of equal importance and utility more generally neglected, particularly in our public schools. The work is plain, simple, and comprehensive, and well adapted to meet the wants of the business community. In many respects I decm it superior to any other work of the kind with which I am acquainted. I shall recommend it to the schools under my charge."----John T. Mackenzie, *Town Superintendart*.

\*FULTON & EASTMAN'S BOOK-KERTNO.--We had supposed that, in the multiplicity of works on Book-Keeping, hardly any thing valuable remained to be suggested by later authors, should any such present themselves. But we have been convinced of sur short-sightedness in examining the work with the above title, now before us. The work is principally designed for schools-for common schools--but should be in the hands of every Farmer, Mechanic, and Marchant in the land. It opens with a system of account-keeping for farmers, followed by one for mechanics, and this, in turn, by an admirable and comprehensive system of mercannele Book-keeping, which, for its simpletity, and time and labor saving properties, possesses advantages over all other systems with which we are acquainted.<sup>70</sup> Mays Co. Whig.

"We are very much pleased with the design and execution of this work. It is ex seedingly practical; being by single entry, containing three different forms of books, for the Former, the Merchant, and Mechanic. To these are added notes, bills, drafts, neeejpts, and a compendium of rules of evidence applicable to books of account, and of law in reference to the collection of promissory notes. A work of such a character, and of so much practical value, speaks for itself, and stands in need of no commender tion from us to ensure it a large sale among all classes."—Albary Spectator.

"I should think it admirably adapted as a Text-Book for schools, and the study of it of  $m_{\lambda}$ ch greater importance than it has hitherto been considered. I hardly know we ther the Book is of more importance to scholars in school, or to Farmers, Mechanles, ar business men. The system, to which is added a variety of useful 'Formas' which most business men have occasion to use more or less, is cortainly well worth  $\vartheta \sim price$  of the Book, to any man transacting business to the amount of twenty-first likes a year."-...E. L. here, Book-keeper, Michigan.

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